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Communication to H. N. ASHAR, Managing Director

THE DIGVIJAY INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED

"DHAN NUR" Sir P. M Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVII NO. 20

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JANUARY 25, 1949

Price: 2 ANNAS

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

PUBLIC OPINION

"Since last so many years, I have tried hair oils of various types both Indian and Foreign. On a certain occasion, a friend recommended to use RAMTIRTH BRAHMI OIL (SPECIAL NO. 1) of Ramtirth Yogashram, Bombay 4. Accordingly and using it since last few days. Many advantages have accrued to me by the use of that oil. Eyesight improved. Memory became more sharpened. Now I can have sound sleep. Mind remains peaceful. Headache has stopped forever. My nose which was sometimes bleeding is completely cured. Hair have become blacky. In short, whatever my complaints for last so many years, have been all removed by this wonderful oil."

Cordially Yours,
(Sd.) DAVE MANILAL HARINARAYAN
B.A. (Hons.) BARODA.

PEACE IN CHINA ON COMMUNIST TERMS

Acting President Signifies Consent

REDS THROW LAKH TROOPS IN FRESH OFFENSIVE ON NANKING

NANKING, Jan. 24 (Reuter): Victorious Chinese Communists today agreed to start peace talks and named a delegation to meet five representatives of the Nanking Regime, according to radio telephone reports from Peiping, said to have been chosen as centre for the negotiations.

WAR GOES ON

Simultaneously, the Communists underlined the weakness of the Government's position by throwing 100,000 men into a new offensive on Nanking.

Their advance forces swept on to the north bank of the Yangtse river, last natural barrier before the capital.

Panic-stricken residents of Nanking, which is on the south bank of the river, were expected to come under Communist shell fire within 48 hours.

Railways from the other big Central China city of Shanghai were jammed with military trains when sudden orders sent an estimated 150,000 Government troops hurrying south with all their movable equipment.

These army groups are the personal troops of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, who retired as President on Friday and flew to his native province of Chekiang.

RED DELEGATION

Peiping and Nanking reports differed about the composition of the Communist peace delegation. Peiping, which is now under joint Communist-Government, said it was made up of General Chou En Lai, Lin Chu Han, Chairman of the Communist Central Committee, and Li Sen.

Usually reliable sources in Nanking said the delegates were Gen. Yeh Chien Ying, Chief of Staff of the Communist Eighteenth Army, Lin Chu Han, Madame Chou En Lai, wife of the General, and Yu Chu Chang.

PEACE ON COMMUNIST TERMS

Acting President Li Tsung Jen has agreed to talk peace on Communist terms, which include the trial of "war criminals" and cancellation of the constitution.

The two principal Government peace delegates, Hao Li Tse, former Ambassador to Moscow, and Gen. Chan Chih Chung arrived in Shanghai today to contact "third party" leaders believed to have the confidence of the Communists and who might act as intermediaries.

The Acting President was reported to have sent two envoys to political leaders in Peiping with letters expressing his anxiety for peace.

One report from the north said that Coalition Government would eventually be established in Peiping.

EVACUATION OF NANKING

The Government's Central Political Council decided today to continue the evacuation of Nanking as the Communists, apparently unopposed, moved steadily through the thickly populated area north of the Yangtse.

The Communists occupied at least seven towns, and one force reached the north bank of the Yangtse after seizing Yangchow, grand central city about 40 miles east of Nanking.

Other Communists were reported marching on Puchen, main Government outpost, only six miles from the capital.

Government forces evacuated Wuyi, 20 miles north of Nanking on the Railway to Pengpu.

GENERAL AMNESTY

The Inner Cabinet was believed to have discussed a general amnesty for political prisoners yesterday.

In North China, the main Communist forces surrounding Peiping were reported to have withdrawn. They left some troops in the city.

It was reported in Nanking that the United States Consular Radio in Tientsin, captured by the Communists nine days ago, had been silent since yesterday. No reason was given.

MARTIAL LAW IN GOVERNMENT TERRITORY

Martial Law was abolished throughout the Chinese Government held territory tonight except in the fighting zone as the Communist armies swept to within ten miles of Nanking.

Political prisoners were released and the "Communist Suppression Headquarters" was disbanded.

Stage Set For Cease-Fire

SHANGHAI, Jan. 24 (Reuter): General Li Tsung Jen's personal envoy from Shanghai stated tonight that the preliminaries for China peace talks had been overcome and that a cease-fire would be order as soon as the negotiations begin.

It only remains for the Communists to name the time and place, the envoy, Kan Chieh-How Kan Chieh-How, declared.

T. V. SOONG IN HONGKONG

SHANGHAI, Jan. 24. (Reuter): Dr. T. V. Soong, retiring Governor of Kwantung Province, South China, arrived in Hongkong from Canton today.

Asked about his future plans, Dr. Soong said he would wait and see what the next move in China brought.

SHEIKH ABDULLAH IN CITY

Sheikh Mahomed Abdulla, Prime Minister of Jammu and Kashmir arrived by air in the city on Monday, for a stay of three days.

He was received at the air port by Mr. Purushottam Thakar, General Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, Mr. S. S. Nishat, Trade Agent for Jammu and Kashmir in Bombay and others.

Among other public engagements, Sheikh Abdulla will address a public meeting at Chowpatty on the evening of Wednesday 26. The meeting is a part of the B.P.C.C. programme for "Remembrance Day."

Abdullah's Press Conference To-day

Sheikh Abdullah, Prime Minister of Kashmir, will address members of the Union and give a press conference at the Club of the Union, Prospect Chambers Annexe, Hornby Road, at 11 a.m., today, Tuesday), All journalists are invited.

BOMBAY BUDGET SESSION

Provincial Assembly To Meet On Feb. 18

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mr. V. L. Mehta, Finance Minister, Government of Bombay, will present the Provincial Budget for 1949-50 before the Bombay Legislative Assembly on February 24, according to the legislative programme drawn up by Government. The budget session of the Assembly will commence of February 18.

The general discussion on the budget is expected to begin on March 3 and the voting of demands will be taken up from March 7 to 12. Supplementary demands will be discussed on March 14.

Three days have been allotted for the discussion of non-official resolutions.

(SEE PAGE 4.)

TOKYO, Jan. 24. (Reuter): Five Americans and one Japanese were killed and another American seriously injured when the jeep in which they were riding collided with a train at railway crossing near Nagoya. It was officially announced today. Their names were withheld.

Fire In Alexandra Docks

Two mysterious fires broke out at Alexandra Docks last evening the first, when a large shed near No. 6 Docks caught fire. The shed was stocked with ammunition and chemicals, the Fire Brigade was soon on the spot, but owing to the chemicals was not able to use the water hose. The shed (left) was burnt down.
The second fire, (right) occurred when four heavily laden barges caught fire and began to drift inside the docks. On inquiries from the Docks authorities, it was learnt that no explanation was possible as regards both the fires. One statement was to the effect that the fire at the shed may have been due to inter nal-cumbustion.

TWO FIRES IN CITY DOCKS

One Burnt To Death: Roof O. Warehouse Blown Off

BOMBAY, Monday.—Two raging fires which, within an interval of an hour, destroyed cargo in three barges and laid to waste a warehouse in the Bombay docks this afternoon are feared to have burnt one man to death, while 15 persons, mostly labourers, sustained injuries of varying degrees.

Just before 3 p.m. a drum burst into flames on a barge alongside the s.s. "Examiner" in the Alexandra Docks and before effective action could be taken the fire spread to two other barges nearby. The cargo in the three vessels was completely destroyed and ten men sustained injuries, while trying to fight the flames and prevent them from spreading.

VIOLENT EXPLOSIONS

While fire-fighters were dealing with the fire in the barges, a drum containing scrap films fell off a hand truck that was loading at the Hazardous Goods Warehouse at the other end of the Alexandra Docks, caught fire and in a moment Compartment 2 of the Warehouse was enveloped by shooting flames which sent several ammunition boxes stored there into violent explosions that could be heard for two miles around.

ROOF COMES DOWN

A part of the tiled roof of the Warehouse came down and the fire was allowed to burn itself out. The Manager of the establishment was removed to hospital with serious burns while four others sustained injuries. It is believed that one dock worker was burnt to death after being trapped in the enveloping flames here.

An official statement issued by the Docks Manager, Bombay Port Trust, said that there was "no reason to believe that the fires were caused other than accidentally."

PARIS, Jan. 24. (Reuter): Gen. Hguyen Van Xuan, head of the Provincial Central Government of Vietnam, left Orly airport near Paris for Saigon tonight.

BIRLA WARNS GOVERNMENT

Drop In Profits Tells On Revenue Position

INDUSTRIAL POLICY UNDER FIRE

Khandubhai For Planned Production: Modi For Foreign Capital

NEW DELHI(January 24 (API): Sir Homi Modi, Sir Shri Ram and Mr. G. D. Birla on behalf of Industrialists and Mr. Khandubhai Desai, Mr. Ashok Mehta, Mr. Harikrishna Shastri and Miss Maniben Kara on behalf of Labour, took part in the general discussion that followed the address of the chairman Dr. Shyamaprasad Moorkerjee, Minister for Industries and Supplies and the Prime Minister Pandit Nehru at the first session of the Central Advisory Council of Industries held today at the Constituent Assembly hall.

Sir Homi said that he was in agreement with the general observations made by Pandit Nehru, he did not like the temper of the Government and the temper of industrialists also. The problem before the country was one of shortage of supplies and they should find means to step up production. It was depressing to note that the full productive capacity of the industries was not being utilised.

FOREIGN CAPITAL

A clear statement that the question of nationalisation of industries would be considered after ten years would have a reassuring effect. He also referred to the prevalence of "great misapprehension" about Government's policy towards foreign capital. At this stage of development, the country needed a tremendous amount of foreign capital and technical resources. The Indian Ambassador in Washington had a great job in clearing this misapprehension. It would be advisable to induce an American Mission of businessmen and industrialists to visit India for the purpose of discussing with the Government of India the question of investment of

(Continued on Page 7)

SECURITY COUNCIL GETS DELHI DECISIONS

LAKE SUCCESS, Jan 24 (UPA): The Security Council today received the 19-nation Asian conference resolution with an accompany-ing letter from Indian Premier Nehru warning that United Nations measures to settle the Indonesian dispute are "overdue'.

The New Delhi proposals were received by the Council President.

BOMBAY ASSEMBLY BY-ELECTION

B. P. C. C President Asks Supporters Of Congress To Vote For Meherally

BOMAY, Monday:

Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee has issued the following statement:

"The bye-election in the City of Bombay South Mohammedan Constituency, which is to take place on February 15 next, is being contested by Mr. Adam Ali Mulla Nurbai Adenwala the Congress candidate and Mr. Yusuf A. Meherally, the Socialist Party candidate.

"When the Congress nominated its candidate it was not known that Mr. Meherally was contesting this election.

"There is no issue as between the Congress and the Socialist Party involved in this election. It would be also unwise to make Muslims fight one another at this juncture. This is recognised by Mr. Mererally and also by the Socialist Party.

...."As this election is free from party consideration, it is only proper that a candidate with better public service to his credit should be allowed to go and the contest should be averted. It is for this consideration alone that the Congress is anxious to avoid the contest and allow Mr. Meherally to go in.

"I am glad to announce that Mr. Adenwala, the Congress candidate agrees with me in this view-point and is prepared to withdraw his candidature. As under the law, it is now impossible to effect a formal withdrawal, we request his voters not to vote for him but to vote for Yusuf A. Meherally. The Congress expects that this friendly gesture will be appreciated by all and sincerely thanks those who had promised support to the Congress candidate.

CALCUTTA BAN LIFTED

CALCUTTA, Jan. 24 (API).—The prohibitory order under Sec. 144 was withdrawn from the city and suburbs of Calcutta today except in two areas: (1) The West Bengal Secretariat and Dalhousie Square and (2) the Legislative Assembly House.

BOMBAY'S STREET-VENDORS

17.-The Cakewala

Another intrusion of the West, but this time via the U.P., is the cakewala who carries his box along with him, containing cakes and buns for the Westernised appetite. It is a common sight in Lucknow where most cake vendors trace their reputations back to two or three well-known confectioners, or once well-known confectioners. Bombay has seen this comparatively new visitor and with its traditional hospitality welcomed him with open arms. The customer in the photograph is rather doubtful, his expression somewhat like that of a food-taster. But he will fall for it all right.

Section 93 In W. Punjab

LAHORE, Jan. 24. (U.P.I.): The Governor-General of Pakistan has promulgated an order dissolving the Legislative Assembly of West Punjab and directing the Governor of West Punjab to take over the administration of the Province under Section 93 of the Government of India Act, 1935, pending the first general elections of the coming legislature.

SAURASHTRA CABINET EXPANDED

RAJKOT, Jan. 24 (API).—The Saurashtra Cabinet was expanded with the swearing in of two more Ministers, Mr. Samaldas Gandhi and Mr. Girdharlal Kotak, today. The strength of the Saurashtra Cabinet is now eight.

The ceremony took place this morning at the Connaught Hall where the Saurashtra Constituent Assembly met, immediately after the members had been administered their oaths.

Challenge To Opposition

GORDHANDAS MORARJI DEFENDS CORPORATION BUDGET

BOMBAY, Monday

Scathing criticism of the "negligible" grant of Rs. 65,000 for Public Health was the keynote of the speeches of two doctors—who as city fathers participated in the debate on the Municipal budget, when discussion was resumed, today.

Dr. Rangnekar, characterised it as a "very dismal figure". He pointed out that it worked out at eight annas per head per year and added: "This is the generous grant for Public Health, provided in the budget".

Dr. M. B. Raut, who was also of the opinion that the item had been treated in niggardly manner and demanded that Medical Relief should be a separate entity and that it should be entrusted to an efficient person who was familiar with all its different apects.

Mrs. Maniben Desai said that it was a pitiable sight to watch long queues waiting for endless hours in hispitals. This state of affairs had to be remedied, she said.

Referring to the grant for primary education, she observed that there should be universal compulsory education. She would have liked to see the present figure of 1,25,000 children attended Municipal schools doubled this year.

RANGNEKAR'S CRITICISM

Dr. Rangnekar who preceded Mrs. Desai told the House that due to malnutrition and non-availability of clinical facilities tuberculosis was spreading in the City like wild fire. He uttered a sharp warning to the city fathers and remarked: "In the course of my duties as a medical practitioner, I come across three to four cases of this fell disease, every day".

He cited comparative figures of infant and adult mortality in this City and other cities in Western countries, to prove that the figures were much higher in Bombay.

He pleaded for expansion of maternity welfare facilities in the City and complained that those available

(Continued on Page 7)

NO ACCIDENT IN OUR Career-

We're proud to state that planes, pilots, weather knowledge - as far as Star Line goes - mean just one thing: 100% comfort and risk-free air travel. On a Star you're safe as houses - safer than on a train or boat. Star flight is safer.... quicker.... cleaner.... more enjoyable. Phone No. 34384 (24 hours) the last word in modern flying comfort and safety.

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Administrative Office: Ph. 30891, 30892.

Churchgate St. Extension, Fort, BOMBAY

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2 ANNAS PER WORD

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MATRIMONIAL

Match for Rajput girl 21, Gujrathi speaking. C o. Post Bcx 4014 Bombay—7. (184)

Correspondence invited from respectable healthy well-placed Brahmin youths for Graduate girls of cultured views. Apply Box No. 191 "Bombay Chronicle"

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted for a local Fine Count Mill one Costing Clerk conversant with detail Departmental costings and Government Ceiling price work. Persons with previous experience only need apply with copies of testimonials Box No. 3073 "Bombay Chronicle"

Excellent opportunity for Matriculates between the age of 18 to 20 for Clerical Jobs. Contact Employment Exchange Albert Bldg Hornby Road, Fort Bombay 3041

Wanted Clerks, Graduates, Doctors, Typists and Engineers For Terms apply to Kapoor & Co., Employment Agents, Cloth Market, Delhi. 157

Wanted an efficient Stenographer with good command over English language. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No 5555 "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted reliable and influential gentlemen in all Districts, Talukas and important villages of Gujarat, Kathiawar and Maharashtra to secure Life Insurance Business. Good income could be built up in spare time also Experience not essential. Apply to The Vishwabharati Insurance Co. Ltd., Noble Chambers, Parsee Bazar Street Fort, Bombay Fire, Marine and Accident Business also transacted (204)

SITUATION WANTED

Available Ex-Police-Officer shorthand Typist with G.D.A.'s knowledge. Write Box No. 41, Amalner, (Dist. E.K.) 138

ACCOMMODATION AVAILABLE

Gentlemen requiring decent house accommodation at Borivli may consult occasionally. The Jwala Palace, Borivli. Phone No. 84019. (3074)

SOCIAL

"Social Circle" arranges friendly contacts Particulars 0-5-0 stamps. Write Lady Secretary. Post Box 4014 Bombay 7 (183)

Pen, personal friends, either sex, introduced India, abroad Prospectus free Aesthetic Society. Post Box 5531, Bombay (190)

Make Friends:— (Both sex) For Hobbies, Educational, Business, Professional and Social Relations Particulars Against 2 As Stamps. The Universal League of Introduction 5, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay. (159)

LIVE STOCK

Sick Dogs at Bellemont Kennels receive treatment and care as good as Human Beings. Phone 43245 (2789)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions— Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for new Batch just commenced for Professional Diplomas for Company Secretaries, Accountants, General Commerce, Bank Officers, etc Tuition personal or postal. Write or call for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road, Bombay (203)

Homoeopathy—Best Correspondence Course. For prospectus apply Grace Medical Mission Mavelikara Travancore

Learn Journalism, Story Writing, Masterly English Accountancy, Shorthand, D Com., Commercial Courses by post Associated Schools, Delhi !33A

Learn Homoeopathy by post and subscribe for "Homoeopathy and Comparative Medicine" the most popular Homoeopathic monthly in India. For details write to the Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara, Travancore. (107A)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted respectable and influential Agents to sell the remaining Shares of M/s Aryan Silk and Cotton Mills Ltd. 12, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta, a progressive national concern earning profits. Apply sharp to Managing Agents. (8472)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

5 H.P. Montimore Motor Cycle 1947 Model as new owner leaving India: Dinshaw, 105 Apollo Street Bombay. (205)

Centrifugal with false bottom for Chemical and Sugar; twin steel baskets 30" English: Hydro Extractors 18", 22", 24" steel and copper baskets ex-stock: Dinshaw, 105 Apollo Street, Bombay. (206)

Just arrived! Swiss Jacquard Art Silk fabrics! Seven alluring colours. 60" width Lovely for curtains Call at Raval Tiles and Marble Ltd., 97A, Queen's Road, Bombay 1 (6778A)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDER for the supply of Office Furniture, Grains, Pulses, Tea and Sugar will be received by the Chief Storekeeper up to noon on Wednesday, the 2nd February, 1949.

Tender forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay 1, on personal application but will not be forwarded by post.

(3067)

PUBLIC NOTICE

ALLOTMENT OF TIN PLATE CONTAINERS TO EDIBLE OIL MANUFACTURERS AND PACKERS.

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of the Public that the Directorate General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, will now place some quantity of tin plates for containers for the packing edible oils in this Province at the disposal of this Office every quarter. All Manufacturers and packers of Edible Oils, desiring allotment of steel for such purposes from this Quota should furnish complete and upto date information in the prescribed form which can be had on application to this office. This information is to be submitted by this office to the Directorate General of Industries and Supplies for fixing the quarterly Quota of tin plates for packing edible oils in this Province. Those who fail to supply the required information will not be eligible to get a quota of tinplates for containers for edible oils. Complete detailed information should be submitted so as to reach this office on or before the 10th February 1949.

J. J. PATEL
Provincial Iron and Steel Raticning Office

Military Hutments,
Esplanade Maidan, Fort,
Bombay, January 1949.

(3066)

NOTICE

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of Waste (Hard and Soft) from The India United Mills Ltd., No. 5 Mill, and will be accepted upto 4 p.m. (S.T.) on Friday, the 28th January 1949, in their Registered Office. Tender copies can be obtained from Cotton Department, Indu House, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate.

(3046)

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 1-3-49 from persons domiciled in Bombay Province and non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan for temporary post of ASSISTANT ENTOMOLOGIST. QUALIFICATIONS:— Degree in Agriculture or in Science with Zoology as principal subject; special knowledge of insect pests of foodgrains and foodstuffs; experience of controlling pests of foodgrains and knowledge of the latest insecticides and chemicals used for controlling insects and rats. AGE Not more than 25 years on 1-5-1949; relaxable in suitable cases. PAY SCALE:— Rs. 220-650 PLUS cost of living allowance. Application form supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with 3-1/2 annas stamps and CROSSED INDIAN Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay, who will supply full details on request.

(3060)

PUBLIC NOTICE

ALLOTMENT OF STEEL FROM PRIVATE INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT QUOTA FOR PERIOD III'49.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for Public information that the last date for the receipt of applications in this office for steel required for erection of factories and extension to the existing factories, from Private Industrial Development Quota for period III'49 is 31st January 1949. The intending applicants are required to submit their applications to this office with plans of the proposed structure and detailed Steel calculations, and copies of the same should also be sent direct to the Appropriate Development Officer, Directorate General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi. The applicants from Bombay area should ensure that the structures for factory purposes are to be put up in the Industrial Area according to the Master Plan. Applicants from Bombay and Ahmedabad for allotment of Steel from this Quota should also obtain the permission of the Controller of Buildings, Bombay, for the purpose if possible and submit copies of the same to this office. The applicants should clearly state whether the proposed work is taken in hand or not.

Applications received after the 31st January 1949, will not be considered. Similarly applications with incomplete data also cannot be entertained.

J. J. PATEL,
Provincial Iron & Steel Rationing Officer.

Military Hutments,
Esplanade Maidan, Fort,
Bombay, Dated 21-1-1949.

(3054)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE OF TENDER

MILITARY ENGINEER SERVICES

APPLICATIONS for Tenders, from contractors borne on MES list of limits 2 lakhs and above, are invited for the following works at "H.M.I.S Shivaji" at Lonavla:—

(i) Renewing old doors and windows with chowkhats, with new ones of Indian Teak.

(ii) Supply of Roof Truss, either in Indian Teak or Steel.
and

(iii) Renewing of old timber and A.C. Sheets in roof.

The work is estimated to cost about Rs. 13 lakhs and the work will be divided into sections if found necessary.

Other suitable contractors, though not on the MES list may also apply for tender with credentials and in the event of their being selected to tender, they will be required to be enlisted as MES Contractors before they are issued with Tender Documents.

Application for Tender Forms must be submitted on or before 1st February 1949 to the Chief Engineer, Southern Command, Poona.

Copies of the Conditions of Contract, drawings and all other documents connected with the work will be open for inspection in the office of the Chief Engineer, Southern Command, Poona during office hours on and after 27th January, 1949.

Tender Documents will be issued on and after 2nd February, 1949 and will be received back on 17th February, 1949.

(3059)

NOTICE

ALL BURMESE NATIONALS are now "FOREIGNERS" within the meaning of the Registration of Foreigners Act, 1939, and are, therefore, required to register under the Registration of Foreigners Rules, 1939.

Burmese nationals, residing in the Greater Bombay limits, will report themselves at the office of the Registration of Foreigners Branch, New C.I.D. Buildings, 3rd floor, Gymnasium Road, near Crawford Market, Bombay, for the purposes of registration, before the 28th February 1949. Failure to do so will render them liable to legal action.

V. D. MORAY,
Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Special Branch II, C.I.D. and
Provincial Registration Officer,
Bombay.

(3071)

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY

CIVIL SUPPLIES DEPARTMENT

Secretariat, Bombay.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the following temporary posts under the Director of Civil Supplies (Accounts), Bombay.

(1) Divisional Inspector of Supply Accounts. Rs. 200-15-380 E.B. 20-500 plus dearness allowance.

(2) Junior Accountants Rs. 200-15-245 plus dearness allowance.

(3) Deputy Accountants Rs. 140-10-200 plus dearness allowance.

Applicants for categories Nos. 1 and 2 must possess good Accounting qualifications and must have had considerable previous experience of at least 10 years in Accounts work in a Civil or Military Accounts Office as Superintendent, Senior Accountant or Divisional Accountant. R.A.s with long commercial experience will also be considered. Ability to read and write Gujarati essential for category No. 1.

Applicants for category No. 3 must be either B. Coms or G.D.A.s or graduates with at least 5 years service in responsible accounts posts under Government or in commercial offices.

Bombay domicile is essential for all the posts. The applicants must be prepared to tour in the districts when required to do so for which they will be paid travelling allowance under the Bombay Government rules.

Applications should be sent to reach the Director of Civil Supplies (Accounts), New India Assurance Building, 4th floor, Fort, Bombay not later than the 2nd February 1949.

Candidates who do not fulfil the conditions prescribed above need not apply.

S. M. MOGRE
Establishment Officer.

25th January, 1949.

(3070)

FOREST RANGERS' COURSE

1949/51

Selection of candidates for the above Course will be made by the Chief Conservator of Forests, Province of Bombay, Poona in March 1949. Intending candidates should apply thrcugh the nearest Divisional Forest Officer before 17th February 1949 in the form prescribed in this office Notification published in the Bombay Government Gazette, Part I, dated 20th and 27th January, and 3rd and 10th February, 1949, which gives further particulars about the Course.

Poona, 20th January, 1949.

(3061)

PUBLIC NOTICES

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY

TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS in ENGLISH are invited for "PROVIDING COMBINED CASTING and CURING TANKS 10 NOS. EACH 70'x15' at BULSAR BRIDGE DEPOT".

(2) Tenders should reach the Office of the Chief Engineer, B.B and C.I. Railway, GLO, Churchgate, not later than 11 hours (I.S.T.) on 7th February, 1949 and they will be opened on the same day at 12.30 hours in the same office.

(3) Tender documents together with Schedule of approximate Quantities can be obtained from the office of the Dy. Chief Engineer (Bridges)) during office hours on payment of Rs. 5|- only which will not be refunded.

(4) Plans can be seen in the office of Dy. Chief Engineer (Bridges) during office hours and can be supplied if required on payment of Rs. 5|-.

(5) Tenders on specified forms only will be accepted and must be accompanied with complete contract documents.

H. R. EVELIEGH,
Chief Engineer.

(3057)

TENDER NOTICE

THE DEPUTY DIRECTOR GENERAL of Supplies, New Delhi, invites tender No: ST2/85710 for supply of 2500 tons of Indian Teak Logs (tectonia Grandis) in various girths and lengths.

The tenders should be sent so as to reach him before 18th February 1949 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from this office at Rs. 10|- (not refundable) per set paid in cash, money order, or Indian Postal Order quoting tender No: and full name and address of remitter.

Firms not already on the approved list of Director General of Industries and Supplies, contractors must give their banker's reference on application for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Bombay and Calcutta and Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Tender forms will not be supplied to firms already on the Black list of this department.

Successful tenderers will be required to give a security deposit in cash to the extent of 10 per cent of the value of the order placed.

D. D. G. (S) reserves the right to reject lowest or any tender without assigning any reason.

(3063)

INDIAN PATENT RIGHTS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Proprietors of Indian Patent No. 20850 dated 7th May, 1934, for IMPROVEMENTS IN OR RELATING TO THE POLYMERISATION TREATMENT OF NORMALLY GASEOUS OLEFINIC HYDRO-CARBONS", No. 22305, dated 28th October, 1935, for "IMPROVED CATALYTIC MATERIAL FOR CHEMICAL REACTIONS AND PROCESS OF PRODUCING AND APPLYING SAME", No. 24789, dated 3rd January, 1938, for "PROCESS FOR PRODUCING HYDRO-CARBONS OF HIGH ANTI-KNOCK VALUE and BOILING WITHIN MOTOR FUEL BOILING RANGE" and No. 26560, dated 5th June 1939, for "PROCESS FOR THE CATALYTIC POLYMERISATION OF NORMALLY GASEOUS OLEFINS".... being desirous of exploiting the same in this county, are parepared to grant Licences for manufacture in India on reasonable terms. Full particulars may be had on application to—

REMFRY & SON,
Patent & Trade Mark Attorneys
CALCUTTA.

(3062)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS GIVEN that BANSILAL THAKORLAL SHAH and GUNVANTLAL WADILAL GANDHI, carrying on business in the name of Messrs. B. Thakorelal and Co., have contracted to sell to my clients all the interest and benefit in their said running business together with the right of tenancy of Shop No. 2, situate in the building belonging to Haji Ismail Haji Habib Bunder Trust at C.P. Tank Road, Bombay, and goods lying in the said shop and the firm name and goodwill of the said Messrs. B. Thakorelal & Co., free from incumbrances, any person having any claim in the above is required to communicate in writing to the undersigned within 7 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

Dated this 25th day of January, 1949.

RATILAL R. KALOLA
Purchaser's Advocate

543, Kalbadevi, Bombay.

(3068)

PUBLIC NOTICES

EASTERN PUNJAB RAILWAY

Tender No. 557,202S.1 (P2)

Dated, 22nd Jan. '49.

1, Sealed tenders are invited for supply of 20 Trollies light riding with batten seat complete with wheels & axles 5'x6" gauge to type No. PW-4,R.3 sheet No. 1 & 2 & HQE sketch No. 75 to IRS Specification T15-39.

2. Drawings can be had on application from this office on payment of Rs. 3|- only per set.

3. Delivery earliest possible F.O.R. Station of despatch

4. Quotations in sealed envelopes supersubscribed with the above tender number and words "Trollies light riding" should be submitted in Tenderer's own form to reach the undersigned by 10-2-1949

5. Inspection at destination.

for CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER
(Stores)

(3064)

EASTERN PUNJAB RAILWAY

Tender No. 330,202S|1 (P2),

Dated, 22nd Jan. '49.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for supply of one Motor Trolley N. G. 2'-6" gauge complete with Horn, Lamp (acetylene), Brakes, Seat, all other fittings and tools, if any, as spares. Full particulars of the Trolley and motor offered and relevant literature should accompany the tenders.

2. Quotations in sealed envelopes superscribed with above tender No. and words "Motor Trolley N. G." should be submitted in tenderers' own forms to reach the undersigned by 7-2-1949.

3. Delivery earliest possible, F.O.R. Station of despatch.

4. Inspection at destination.

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER
(Stores)),
DELHI.

3065

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY KNOWN AS RATAN HOUSE AT TRIBHOVAN ROAD NEAR KRISHNA CINEMA.

Under instructions from Messrs. Ghulamali Noorani and Co. Attorneys for the Mortgagees and on account and risk of Bai Balabai Tricumdas Vasanji, the "Mortgagor, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will (TODAY) TUESDAY 25-1-49 at 4 p.m. (ST.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

Leasehold land with dwelling house at Tribhovan Road (Khetwadi Main Road) admeasuring about 365 square yards, bearing Municipal D Ward No. 1897 (5), Street No. 12 and bounded on the East by the properties of Rustomji F. Damania and Pirojshaw P. Mistry, on the West by the property of Perraji M. Borekar, on the North by the property of Byramji P. Elavia, on the South by Tribhovan Road.

For particulars and conditions of sale, apply to the above Solicitors or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

Youth In 24 Hours

"OTOGEN" (Herbal Tonic) prepared by PARKER & DAVIS makes a man or woman look and feel 15 to 20 years younger than the actual age. It gives good appetite and increases weight from 5 to 10 lbs. within a week. Roses return to your cheeks and your appearance is improved 100 per cent. The brilliance and lustre on your face will be the same as in youth when your skin was smooth and fresh. "OTOGEN" improves your looks, puts a sparkle into your eyes, rosy colour into your cheeks and lips. It darkens whitish grey hair permanently for life. "OTOGEN" was tried upon an emaciated male patient aged above 100 years. By one month's regular use of this marvellous preparation this patient of 100 years age gained the health of a 30 years young man. Price Rs. 5/-

Otogen

P.B. 447 BOMBAY.

Rs. 1,28,000 RECOVERED AND 10 SUSPECTS ARRESTED

Smart Police Action Behind Scene Leads To Sensational Developments

BOMBAY, Monday.

A sum of Rs. 1,28,000 out of the total of Rs. 3,49,261 whisked away in four steel trunks from the door way of Bombay House, Bruce Street on the morning of Monday, January 10, have been recovered, four men who are alleged to have played a key role in the sensational dacoity put under arrest, a black Sedan car and two revolvers with cartridges seized by the city C.I.D. who have been carrying on their unrelenting pursuit of the miscreants responsible for the crime.

The veil of secrecy which had been thrown over the intensive investigations that have been carried on, were lifted slightly today and glimpses of the sensational incidents connected with the investigations revealed by the Police.

The complicated series of adventures involved: the tracing of a Pathan money lender at Frere Road with whom the money was deposited immediately after the dacoity, for sharing among the partners later;

The pursuit of a motor cyclist on the basis of an overheard conversation at Grant Road and his arrest at Malabar Hill;

The search of a fashionable house at Napean Sea Road and the recovery of live cartridges, counterfeit coins and the weapons used in the dacoity;

The fishing of another revolver from the sea bed at Marine Drive by Police officers who had to perform a diving feat for this purpose;

The recovery of a suit case containing Rs. 47,000 from a motor driver;

The recovery of Rs. 11,000 from the cloth belt of a taxi driver at Bombay Central and of Rs. 30,000 from another taxi driver at Dadar.

The four men who have been arrested between the 18th and 21st are in addition to the six men who are already in custody; and it is said that the police expect to make a number of further arrests. Meanwhile security silence is being maintained about the identity of those already arrested. Among the still-wanted by the police is said to be an important businessman residing at Tardeo and who is suspected to have disappeared with a large part of the still untraced booty.

A large police force of C.I.D. officers led by Deputy Commissioner Quilter has been on the job since the day of the crime. Inspectors Sami Paranjape, Deputy Inspector Kane and Sub-Inspectors, Nair, Salvi, Patil, Kulkarni, Potdar and DeSouza have all played their part in the unravelling of the complicated skein of this crime. Some of them have wandered the streets for days and nights in various disguises. A day and night watch has been kept on every money lender in the city and all possible places were the stolen money might appear for exchange or for custody.

A Pathan boy of 18 who brought currency notes of Rs. 10 to exchange for 100 rupee notes is among those arrested and responsible for giving valuable information to the police. A sum of Rs. 1,300 has been recovered from him. A taxi driver arrested at Bombay Central was another source of valuable clues. He had on his person Rs. 13,000 in currency notes. All but 2,000 of this amount was draped round his waist in an ingenuously devised cloth belt.

The most providential incident occurred on the night of the 18th. Deputy Commissioner Quilter, Inspectors Paranjpe and Sami disguised as the driver, cleaner and passenger of a taxi were prowling around the city streets.

While loafing on the Grant Road Bridge Quilter overheard a whispered talk between a motor cyclist andza few others. They appeared to be planning to blackmail someone who had come in possession of a large amount of money. When the motor cyclist moved off, he was at once followed by the policy party, chased as far as Malabar Hill where he was arrested. It was his statement that led the police to search a house at Napean Sea Road.

The story, as so far reconstructed by the police shows that the dacoity was a matter of elaborate planning. A motor cyclist armed with a revolver kept waiting in front of Bombay House since 5 A.M. on the morning of the incident Three other men waited in a sedan car at Flora Fountain. At the appropriate moment, the motor cyclist gave a shrill whistle and the sedan at once bore down and whisked away the steel strunks. Besides thee three men in the car and the motor cyclist, there are said to be two others who took no share in the actual dacoity, but who were active planners of the entire coup.

ABETMENT IN HOLD-UP ALLEGED

Accused Ordered To Be Released On Bail

Ibrahim Yusuf, who was arrested by the Anti-Corruption Branch for alleged abetment of a hold-up was produced before Rao Saheb C. B. Velkar, Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Court today.

The Police stated that Ibrahim was an accessory in the alleged hold-up of a coal merchant on January 15 by Sub-Inspector Sohani of the Southern Preventive Section and others. The merchant was relieved of Rs. 6,900 at the point of a revolver.

The accused was ordered to be released on bail of Rs. 2,000.

Diwakar's Book On Mahatma

BOMMAY, Jan 24 (UPI): "30th January will live in India's history as the blackest day in its chequered career. But for Gandhiji it was the supreme moment of his life. For the success of his mission and true understanding of his life-long teachings, he could not have wished a better death."

Thus observed Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister of India, in a Foreword to the book "Glimpses of Gandhiji" by Mr. R. R. Diwakar, Minister for Information and Broadcasting, Government of India, which is being published by the well-known Publishers of Bombay, Hind Kitabs" Ltd The book will be out on January 30, the first deatah anniversary day of Mahatma Gandhi.

REQUISITIONING OF VACANT PREMISES

Important Ruling

(Before The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Tendolkar).

Pirojshaw F. Mogrelia and another .. Petitioners.
vs.
The Province of Bombay and others .. Respondents.

Holding that an order requisitioning vacant premises under section 6 of the Bombay Land Requisition Act of 1948 was a quasi-judicial act subject to correction by a writ of certiorari, His Lordship rejected a preliminary objection raised on behalf of the Government that no writ could lie against such orders, and after hearing the petition on the merits, set aside the requisition order on the ground that there was no "vacancy."

His Lordship compared the provisions of section 6 of the Act with those of section 4 of the Land Requisition Ordinance of 1947 and referred to a recent decision of an Apellate bench of our High Court to which His Lordship was himself a party, holding that a requisition order under section 4 of that Ordinance was a quasi-judicial act and could be subjected to a writ of certiorari.

His Lordship stated that there were two cases in which vacant premises could be requisitioned by Government under the Act of 1948—(1) where intimation had been given by the landlord, and (2) where no intimation of the vacancy had been given by the landlord. In the first case, the Government were, in his Lordship's opinion bound to satisfy themselves (a) that intimation of vacancy had been given (b) that the premises were "vacant" within the meaning of the section, and (c) that intimation was given bona fide by the real landlord. In His Lordship's opinion these were objective facts to be determined by Government and the requisition order based on them would therefore be a quasi-judicial act.

With regard to the second class of cases in which no intimation had been given by the landlord, the Government was required to make a declaration of vacancy which was "conclusive evidence" that the premises were vacant. After considering authorities on the point. His Lordship held that the declaration was conclusive only with regard to all the facts involved in the determination of vacancy and not with regard to inferences to be drawn from or the legal consequences of such facts which gave rise to the legal concept of vacancy.

Confessing that it was with some hesitation that he had arrived at this conclusion, His Lordship stated that even if the arguments on both sides had been evenly balanced, the power to requisition being one which restricted the rights of the subject, His Lordship would certainly have given the benefit of doubt to the subject.

Mr. N. A. Palkhiwalla instructed by Messrs. Jehangir and Seervai appeared for the petitioners.

The Acting Advocate-General Mr. M. P. Amin instructed by Messrs. Little & Co. appeared for the respondents.

Cloth Dealers Convicted

Found guilty of contravention of the Bombay Cloth Rationing Order Ishwarbhai Kashibhai Patel, a dealer in cloth was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 1,000, in default four months' rigorous imprisonment, by Mr. J. M. Barrot, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court, today. Ambalal Kashibhai Patel, a co-accused in the case was also convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 10,000 or in default six months' rigorous imprisonment.

It was alleged by the prosecution that the accused who are dealers in cloth, had, in December 1947 purchased 100½ bales of rationed mill cloth from certain mills and had sold them to certain persons which they had no authority to do. They were arrested in May 1948.

The same Magistrate convicted Thakore Goverdhan Liladhar, another cloth dealer, for purchasing the cloth from the above two accused and disposing it off to three other persons. He was sentenced to varying terms of imprisonment and fine on three different counts. Narsidas Govindji, the second accused in the case was found innocent and acquitted.

Both the accused pleaded in their defence that they had purchased goods as they were told that they were rejected goods. This plea was not accepted by the Magistrate.

Eviction Of 'Fatma Manzil' Tenants Still Going On

The process of emptying "Fatma Manzil" at Colaba of all its tenants, which commenced on Friday, is still going on. A posse of military constables arrived this morning and asked residents of 14 tenements to quit. Five of these tenants walked out voluntarily whereas the residents of nine other flats, mostly women, had to be forced out. Their furniture and belongings were pulled out and dumped on the street.

A military officer in charge of the eviction party told a reporter of this paper that the building had been long in possession of the military. The present tenants had perhaps come into possession as dependents of service personnel, who were either no longer in the army or had been transferred elsewhere. They had continued in unauthorised possession and had paid no rent for long periods of time. Besides they had brought the building into bad repute. They were being forcibly evicted after they had failed to obey repeated notices to quit.

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PHOTOGRAPHS
Before and After
ALTERATIONS
OR RENOVATIONS TO YOUR FACTORY OFFICES BUILDINGS ETC.
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(COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT)
DOUGALL ROAD
BALLARD ESTATE

MACLEANS is an honest-to-goodness tooth paste which cleans your teeth thoroughly and safely. Use it twice a day and keep your teeth brilliant, and your gums and mouth clean, fresh and healthy.
M-47/5

PRAKASH Pictures
RAM BAAN
Director. VIJAY BHATT
15th WEEK
SUPER
Daily 3-15, 6-15 and 9-30
Sunday Matinee 12 noon
Bkg 9-30 to 11-30 and 4-30 to 7-30
KOHINOOR
Daily 3-30 6-30 and 9-30
Sunday Matinee 12-30

5th WEEK!
JEET PRODUCTIONS
VIDYA Suraiya. Dev Anand
EXCELSIOR
3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
Also showing latest 2 reel topical of "KASHMERE YUDDH"
BROADWAY
4, 6-45 and 9-30 p.m.
PEARL Release.

LIGHT OF LOVE & JOY SHONE—BRIGHTLY IN THAT HOUSE'... BUT!!!
Murli Movietone's
SOULFUL SOCIAL
Ghar -KI- Izzat
Starring:
*MUMTAZ SHANTI,
*DILIP KUMAR,
*MANORAMA,
*GULAB, *GOPE.
*JIWAN & DIXIT
Produced & Directed by: RAM DARYANI.
IMPERIAL
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Sat., Sun. at 12-30
(Ad. Bkgs:— 10 to 12, 4 to 6.)

IT Means ISPAHANI'S
SPOT BRAND
TEA
There are three blends to choose from
GREEN SPOT
YELLOW SPOT
RED SPOT
ISPAHANIS
BLENDERS OF FINE TEA
Agents: SAFREE & CO., Safree Manzil, Kalupur, AHMEDABAD.

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu Posh Vad 12, 2005
Muslim Rabi-ul-Avval 25, 1368.
Parsi Amardad 25, 1318
Sunrise 7-14 a.m. Sunset: 6-28 p.m.
Highside 08-40, 20-50
Lowtide 04-05, 15-24.
Corporation meeting 3 p.m. (B.T.)

Today's Engagements

SARVODAYA WEEK, WORLI Public meeting at 6 p.m., Hon'ble Mr. V. L. Mehta, will speak.

ROTARY CLUB Meeting at Green, at 1-45 p.m., today (Tuesday). Rotarian A. D. Pinney, will speak on 'Merchant Shipping'.

PROGRESSIVE GROUP Sheikh Abdulla the Prime Minister of Kashmir will speak on 'Present Situation in Kashmir', at 6-30 p.m., today (Tuesday), at Greens Hotel.

SOCIALIST PARTY BOMBAY There will be reception accorded to Sher-e-Kashmir Shaikh Abdullah, today, at Napoo Gardens, Matunga. Prof. U. U. Bhatt will preside over the function. Mr. R. K. Karanjia of BLITZ will also address the gathering.

Mr. M. N. Roy will deliver two lectures on 'The Philosophy and Practice of New Humanism', today (Tuesday) and tomorrow (Wednesday), the 26th at 6 p.m. at the Blavatsky Lodge Hall. Admission is restricted by cards.

LIBERTARIAN SOCIALIST INSTITUTE Dr. G. Y. Chitale will speak on the Problem of Philosophy' at Aryabhuvan, first floor, Sandhurst Road today (Tuesday), at 6 p.m.

RAMCHARDAS AND NATIONAL TILES CONSTRUCTION Opening ceremony of Rashtriya Graha—Sarjan Sausth's pre-fabricated houses today, at 5 p.m., at Mhaiwadi Bhandar Gally, Mahim, by Hon'ble Gulzarilal Nanda.

SILVERFISH Hon. Sjt. Dinkerrao Desai Minister of Law and Supply Government of Bombay, will give a Talk today on "The Present Food Problem" at the Silverfish, at 5-45 p.m.

Anti T. B. Drive

The Government of Bombay has approved a scheme for vaccination against tuberculosis.

Dr. Svendsen of U. N. I. C. E. F. and Dr. P. V. Benjamin of Government of India will address a meeting at Corporation Hall, at 6 p.m., today (Tuesday).

His Worship the Mayor Dr. Mascarenhas will preside.

Rashtrabhasha Prachar Sabha Convocation

The third Convocation will be held on Tuesday, 25th January, 1949 at 6 p.m., at Peoples Jnha Hall, (next to Congress House, Girgaum), to confer Rashtrabhasha Kovid degree of the Rashtrabhasha Prachar Samiti, Wardha.

The Convocation address will be delivered by the well-known playwrite Sheth Govindas the President of the All-India Hindi Sahitya Sammelan and Maha-Koshal Provincial Congress Committee. Smt. Lilavati Munshi, will preside.

Radio

BOMBAY, Tuesday, Jan. 25
244 m. (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Indumati Chaubal 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Anwar Khan 8-45 Pramila Bai Jadhav (Vocal music) 9-0 Gajananrao Joshi (Violin recital) 12-0 p.m. Akashwani: Ne Chotare 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Taker 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Brahms 4-20 School Broadcast 5-0 V. V. Bhopate (Vocal music) 5-15 Jantar Mantar 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 B. V. Pendharkar 6-30 Latafat Husain (Vocal music) 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Reports 7-15 Indumati Chaubal 7-30 Chitrapata Srishti Talk in Marathi 7-45 Film Music 7-55 'Teer Nahin to Tukko' 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Pramila Jadhav (Vocal music) 8-45 "Master" 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News Relay 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Talk (E) 10-0 Melody Trio 10-30 There's Something in the Air.

VARIATIONS.
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)

7-40 a.m. Gujarat: Geeto 5-45 p.m. V. V. Dhopate (Vocal music) 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-15 to 7-30 Interval.

61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)

7-45 p.m. Commercial News 8-0 Amritlal Raval 8-15 Anwar Khan (Sitar recital) 9-0 B. V. Pendharkar 9-20 Gajananrao Joshi (Violin recital) 10-0 Pramila Jadhav (Vocal music) 10-15 Latafat Husain (Vocal music).

BARODA, Jan. 25.
250 m. (1,200 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Morning Variety 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Film Music 6-0 p.m. News (E) 6-10 Local Announements 6-15 For Rural Areas 6-35 Film Story 7-0 Gajendra Bhatt (Gujarati songs) 7-20 Mumtaz Begum Udaipurwali 7-45 Topical Talk 8-0 Gajendra Bhatt (Gujarati songs) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Ghazal and Geet 8-45 Gujaratnu Navalika Sahitya 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Instrumental Variety 9-30 Saraswatisagar Mistry (Vocal music).

'GREAT PATRIOT AND GOOD CITIZEN'

Federal Court Tributes To Sapru's Memory

NEW DELHI, Jan. 24 (API): A reference was made to the death of Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru when the Federal Courtment today after recess.

Sir Harilal J. Kania, Chief Justice of India said:

Sir Tej was a great constitutional lawyer and an eminent politician. "By th. death of Dr. Sapru, the bar has lost a great leader and jurist, the courts in India a great help in the administration of justice, the Government a sound and sober adviser and the country a great patriot and good citizen, he added.

Sir N. P. Engineer, Advocate-General said "In the passing away of Sir Tej India has lost a great lawyer and an eminent statesman His place will be hard to fill in our country in more than one sphere of life".

R. I. N. TAKES TO AVIATION

BOMBAY, Jan. 24.

Last week the first batch of 13 R.I.N. Officers started their 'ab initio' pilots training with the R.I.A.F. at the Elementary Flying Training School at Jodhpur.

These officers are being trained up to the solo stage in tiger moths and on completion of the six weeks course, the best 10 will be sent to U.K. at the end of a further 2 years training, they will return to India as full-fledged naval pilots qualified to fly operationally from aircraft carried and they will then form the nucleus of the fleet aircraft requirements units, ultimately, they should become the Squadron Commanders of the first front-line squadrons.

Upcountry Press Mourns Brelvi's Death

BOMBAY, Monday.—A resolution condoling the death of Mr. S. A. Brelvi was passed at a general body meeting of the Upcountry Newspaper Representatives Association held on Monday evening at "The Leader" office. Mr. S. J. Uttamsingh presided.

Pattabhi's Tribute To Sapru

MASULIPATAM, Jan. 23 (API)—Dr. Pattabhi Seetharamayya, Congress President, in a statement condoling the death of Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru said: "Sir Tej's long illness was only relieved by his full possession of senses and faculties to the last day. He as one of those stalwarts and statesmen whose advice and day-to-day guidance would have been a tower of strength to the Constituent Assembly.

Sir Tej was one of those who shunned the limelight. He was content to be at the back that could support the edifice of Swaraj and not the facade that attracts public attention."

"EMINENT LIBERAL"

BOMBAY, Jan. 22 (A.P.I.): Mr. D. G. Dalvi, Liberal leader, in a statement on the death of Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru says: "Among the Liberal statesmen, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru occupies an eminent position owing to his persistent efforts for the attainment of Dominion Status for India during his public career of more than forty years."

After detailing the services of Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru during the forty years of his public life as an administrator, negotiator and organiser and leader of the Liberal Party, the statement adds:—"Dr. Sapru had a genius for compromise, but he was unyielding where the self-respect and honour of our country was concerned. He was averse to giving to a political party what should be meant for the country. His warning to his countrymen was that "too long have we allowed party to usurp the place which should be legitimately belong to the country in our own hearts will Congress in office heed this warning?"

Protest Against Firing In Calcutta

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Bombay Students' Union has issued a call to observe Tuesday as a protest day to demonstrate their indignation against the recent police firing on Calcutta students. Meetings will be held in every college in the city when resolutions protesting against the police firing will be passed.

However, no strike is contemplated by the students.

KHER ENTERTAINS U.K. HIGH COMMISSIONER

BOMBAY, Monday:

Sir Archibald Nye, the newly-appointed High Commissioner for the United Kingdom in India, was entertained to tea by the Premier of Bombay, Mr. B. G. Kher, at the Secretariat on Monday afternoon. Other guests present were the Chief Justice of the Bombay High Court, the Deputy High Commissioner for the United Kingdom, Ministers of the Government of Bombay, Parliamentary Secretaries, members of the Consular Corps in Bombay, the Chief Secretary and the Sheriff of Bombay.

Sheikh Abdullah visited the Kashmir Emporium on Monday evening

OLIVEIRA—D'SOUZA—Stanley Son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Oliveira, who was married in Bombay to Mabel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Mathew S. D'Souza

The Friends Of The Soviet Union

The Bombay Friends of the Soviet Union intend to start a class for the study of Russian language from the beginning of February.

These intending to join the class can get more particulars from the General Secretary, Bombay F.S.U., 48, Benamhall Lane, Girgaon, Bombay.

Bombay Port Trust Employees' Union

A meeting of the workers of the Bombay Port Trust was held on Saturday under the Presidentship of Com. Asoka Mehta, the President of the B.P.T. Employees' Union. The following resolution was unanimously passed.

"This meeting of the workers of the Bombay Port Trust receives with deep disappointment the decision of the Port Trust to discontinue the cheap grain concession and substitute them with meagre dearness allowance of Rs. 25/- in cash. There is no necessity of reducing the amount that the workers get both in kind and cash particularly when the prices of various commodities are soaring high. The grain shop committee that was set up by the Government of India made recommendations for abolition of cheap grain concession ONLY in Railways for specific problems peculier to Railways.

"The proposed change in giving dearness allowance will deprive 20,000 workers of Rs. 15| lakhs and to that extent, the already low-paid worker will be made to undergo hardships.

"This meeting, therefore, requests the Port Trust not to discontinue the cheap grain concessions. If the Port Trust at all desires to stop them, they should pay the dearness allowance linked up with the present cost of living index figure as recommended by the Central Pay Commission i.e. Rs. 50/- as minimum.

Move For Raman Scholarship

Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyar, Dr. S. Radhakrishnan and Dr. S.R.U. Savoor issue the following appeal:

Sir C. V. Raman, one of the most distinguished sons of India and an old student of the Presidency College, Madras has just finished the 60th year of his life. The Old Students' Association of the Presidency College is intending to celebrate the event by endowing at the college a scholarship in his name and presenting it with a portrait of his. We the signatories of this appeal therefore, request the old students of the college and admirers of Sir C. V. Raman to subscribe liberally to the fund opened by the Association with a view to achieve the objects mentioned. Contributions may be sent to the Secretary Presidency College Old Students' Association, Presidency College, Triplicane Madras.

Counting Of Railway Unions' Votes In Assembly Elections

BOMAY, Monday:

The counting of votes in respect of the Primary election in the Railway Unions constituency of the Bombay Legislative Assembly will take place at the Office of the Registrar of Trade Unions for the Province of Bombay and Returning Officer for the constituency Wellington Cinema Building, Dhobi Talao, Bombay on Thursday, January 27, 1949. The counting of votes will begin at 8.30 a.m. when only the candidates and one representative of each candidate authorised in writing by him will be allowed to be present.

MINISTER-DESIGNATE OF PORTUGAL TO INDIA

NEW DELHI January 24

Dr. Vasco Vieira Garin, Minister-designate of Partugal to India, who arrived in New Delhi on Wednesday the 19th January, is staying at Maidens Hotel, Delhi.

Subhas Jayanti In Kalyan

(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN, Jan. 24:

Subhas Jayanti was celebrated at Kalyan by all parties jointly with great enthusiasm. At 8 a.m. yesterday flag salution was held and in the night a public meeting was held in the Kalyan Municipal Council Hall and tributes were paid to Netaji who had sacrificed his all for the cause of the country.

Gandhi Fund Drive

The Kalyan City Congress Committee has arranged Rememberance Day on the 26th January. There will a flag salutation in the Subhas Maidan and afterwards a vigorous drive will be made for the collection for the Gandhi National Memorial Fund.

On the 30th January "Sarvodaya Day" will be celebrated by the City Congress Committee starting with the flag salutation and mass spinning in the noon. There will be a public Bhajan in the Subhas Maidan.

DR. THAKAR'S APPEAL

Will Government Appoint Indian Homoeopaths On Inquiry Committee?

BOMBAY, Monday.—An appeal to the Homoeopathic Enquiry Committee to urge the Government of India to accord impetus and support to the Homoeopaths of India was made by Dr. R. R. Thakar, M.D. (Gmny), President, Western India Homoeopathic Medical Association in a memorandum presented by him to the Committee today.

Dr. R. R. Thakar, M.D. (Gmny).

Dr. Thakar says: "This Association has been founded in 1932 by the genuine and zealous efforts of mine, Dr. G. B. Patel of Navsari and Dr. P. Rai K. Buxi, J.P. of Matunga."

Dr. Thakar hoped the Ministry of Health of Government of India would give due impetus and support to the homoeopaths of India and their association to utilise their useful and valuable services for the advancement of this age-old science all over India.

He further added that the various medical sciences such as Allopathy, Homoeopathy, Ayurvedic, Unani, etc., could govern their own respective fields without interfering with one another.

Deploring the fact that the minority of homoeopaths had suffered terribly till now from the "rule of Allopathic Oligarchy" prevalent in India, he said, the root cause of this maltreatment lay in full-fledged Allopaths who taking up to Homoeopathy expose it to ridicule. He also hoped the Government of India would make provision to have homoeopaths appointed on future Central Board of Homoeopaths which the homoeopaths are desirous of having in New Delhi.

Polling Stations For City Assembly By-Election

There will be five polling stations for the by-election to the Bombay Legislative Assembly from the Bombay City South Muhammadan Urban constituency, which is to be held on Tuesday, Feb. 15, 1949.

The polling stations are: Southern part of Esplanade Maidan, Waudby Road (Ward A) Municipal Play Ground for children, Memonwada Road, behind Fire Brigade Station, Bhendi Bazar (Ward B—1, Mandvi-Chakla); Municipal play ground south of Dongri Municipal School, opposite Derby Talkies Dongri Ward B—2, Umerkhadi-Dongri): North Brook Garden, Grant Road (Ward C); and Gilder Tank Maidan, Lamington Road (Ward D)

There will be no separate polling stations for women.

WEATHER

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, Jan. 24, (A.P.I.): The following is the daily weather summary for Monday the 24th January 1949:—

Weather has been dry over the country.

Night temperatures were appreciably above normal over North-West India and the United Provinces.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 25TH:—Weather will be mainly dry over the country.

No large change in night temperatures is expected.

EARTHQUAKE REPORT: An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin with epicentre about 248 miles away from Poona near lattitude 10.5 degrees south and longitude 98 degrees east in the Indian Ocean near Coco's island was recorded by the seismographs in the meteorologies office, Poona at 12 hours 08 minutes (I.S.T.), on Sunday the 23rd January 1949.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, Jan. 24, (A.P.I.): The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st December 1948 and departure from normal recorded at eight hours (I.S.T.), on 24th January 1949:—

Ahmedabad 91 67 0 0 minus 0.1, Ahmednagar 90 55 0 0 minus 0.5, Allahabad 78 49 0 0 minus 1.1, Baroda 93 51 0 0, Belgaum 87 57 0 0.1 minus 0.3, Bhuj 87 54 0 0 minus 0.1, BOMBAY 86 68 0 0 minus 0.2, Calcutta 80 57 0 0 minus 0.4, Cherrapunji 65 48 0 0.5 minus 0.4, Dehra Dun 70 48 0 0 4 minus 2.0, Delhi 80 51 0 0.1 minus 0.9, Hyderabad (Dn.) 89 57 0 0 minus 0.6, Indore 87 50 0 0.2 minus 0.3, Jaipur 84 53 0 0.4 minus 0.2, Karachi 66 76, Kodaikanal 61 45 0 4.7 minus 3.5, Kolhapur 91 59 0 0, Madras 83 66 0 1.7 minus 4.9, Mahableshwar 82 61 0 0 minus 0.4, Mangalore 85 69 0 0 minus 0.6, Marmagao 86 74 0 0 minus 0.3, Mysore 87 59 0 0 minus 0.5, Nagpur 90 57 0 0 minus 0.8, Ootacamund 65 45 0 1.0 minus 1.8, Pachmarhi 78 49 0 0 minus 0.9, Poona 92 56 0 0 minus 0.2, Rajkot 89 — 0 0 minus 0.1, Sholapur 91 62 0 0 minus 0.2, Simla 57 42 0 1 6 minus 1.5, Surat 93 55 0 0 minus 0 1.

WATER SUPPLY TO MALABAR HILLS

Due to the periodical cleaning of the Malbar Hill Reservoir from 24th to 29th January, 1949, the water supply to the following areas will be slightly affected:—

(1) Colaba, (2) Fort, (3) Dhobitalao, (4) Kalbadevi, (5) Girgaum, (6) Chowpati, (7) Malbar Hill, (8) Cumbala Hill, (9) Tardeo and (10) Lamington Road.

NOTEWORTHY ACHIEVEMENTS, BY I.C.I.....No.2

Keep off the grass

... and the weed-killer obeyed!

In 1942, a team of I.C.I. chemists engaged on experiments with synthetic plant hormones (minute internal secretions) for the purpose of stimulating growth, made an astonishing discovery. They found that the chemical they had created, known as 'Methoxone' (2-Methyl-4-Chlorophenoxy-Acetic Acid), had a devastating effect on weeds — yet was completely harmless to cereal crops or grasses. This remarkable chemical was actually *selective* in its destructive activity, destroying only those plants which began life with two leaves and unharming those with one leaf. The astonishing conclusion was that 'Methoxone' would kill most weeds, including water hyacinth, and yet remain harmless to grasses and cereals which are of the one-leaf class. Thus I.C.I. were able, once again, to make a further valuable contribution to agricultural science; a contribution beneficial not only to crop-growers, but to humanity at large, particularly in these difficult days when vital food supplies are one of the world's greatest problems.

ICI IMPERIAL CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES (INDIA) LTD.
Calcutta Bombay Madras Kanpur New Delhi Cochin

KEEP INDIA FREE FROM CIVIL STRIFE FOR 5 YEARS

Sardar Patel's Appeal At Jamnagar Meeting

JAMNAGAR, Jan. 23 (A.P.I.): Sardar Patel, Deputy Prime Minister of India and Minister for States addressing a public meeting here this evening, stressed the necessity of India being "free from civil strife, disorder and mutual dissensions for five years if the work of reconstruction was to be carried out successfully." He referred to the recent happenings in Calcutta and said: "The incidents there are not the way of Swaraj but of China". "If all this goes on, how can we do the work of reconstruction on which the future of India entirely depends"? Sardar Patel asked.

Referring to the Indonesian problem, Sardar Patel said that there are European vested interests and outposts of their empire still on Asian territory. "The Dutch do not wish to leave Indonesia. We were once in the hands of the English. They have gone but their heat is still there. It is like the bees who continue to hover round the flower once they have tasted of its honey. Those who built their empires are not prepared to quit. It is for this reason that India has called a conference of Asiatic countries including Australia and New Zealand."

On the happenings in South Africa, Sardar Patel said that divisions have been created between Indians and Africans there and Indians were being deprived of rights which Gandhiji secured after so much struggle.

Sardar Patel also announced the decision to form a trust to carry on the work of renovation of the Somnath temple at Somnath Patan near Verawal.

PRAISES JAMSAHEB

Sardar Patel, who is now on a two-day visit to Saurashtra, said that he had come at the invitation of the Jamsaheb and out of affection for him. He wanted to ascertain the real facts of the scarcity conditions in Kathiawar. Paying a tribute to the Jamsaheb, Sardar Patel said that certain things which have happened in Kathiawar during his absence would never have taken place if he had been in Kathiawar then.

Continuing Sardar Patel said that all must understand what was needed in India today. "Free India", he said "is a year-old child. It requires of us the love, care and attention which a child of that age needs. Otherwise it will not grow into a handsome, healthy and strong man. The opportunity which you have got is an invaluable one. If you do not utilise it properly, posterity and history will regard you as fools."

The credit for the unification of Kathiawar and other Unions of the States in India must go to the Jamsaheb and not to him. Though the Jamsaheb had given him credit for integration of States, Sardar Patel went on, if they had not unified Saurashtra, integration would not have not gone much further.

SHEER MISFORTUNE

Making a reference to Mahatma Gandhi, Sardar Patel said: Saurashtra produced a great soul to whom we owe independence, unity, strength and reputation of India in foreign countries. He preached his message to the whole of India but it is sheer misfortune and folly that cost us his life. We have had to bar that disgrace. The world thought that while they were looking to India for a new way out of world's difficulties we murdered the very man who was leading us on in the path.'

Referring to the economic situation, Sardar Patel said that as a result of the war, India has been shorn of its resources as if the blood has been squeezed out of a living body. In this situation, he said, the burden of independence has to be borne." All of us—you and I, Jamsaheb and the rest of us—have to bear that yoke. Swaraj is not won merely by unification. It is the future of the country that will make us worthy or unworthy of Swaraj. In that task, Jamsaheb's responsibility is now over. The reigns of Government have been handed over to you. You will be held responsible for what happens. All of you must therefore, understand that this is not the time for mutual quarrels, but for unity and single-mindedness of purpose. It will not pay you merely to criticise. You can change the ministry whenever you like. But once you have given it your confidence, it is your duty to help them to carry on.

NEED FOR SELF-SUFFICIENCY

Stressing the need for self-sufficiency, Sardar Patel added: 'When Jamsaheb and I conferred with each other on the question of future India, we decided that, if slavery was not to return to us, we must prevent Balkanisation. Although an important limb was cut off from us, the rest of India is big enough to give us ample scope to build a bright future for ourselves." He said that as a result of the last war there was still difficulty of getting resources for the purpose of re building. In this connection he referred to the world situation and said: "According to what the westerners wish to do Europe is to be reconstructed first, then will come the turn of Asia".

Referring to the events in South Africa, Sardar Patel said: "Indians are being deprived of the very rights which Gandhiji secured for them after so much struggle. They have created divisions between Africans and Indians. We are free, but cannot protect our own countrymen overseas. We can only express sympathy. India's voice must, therefore, be heard among the big powers. That much strength we must acquire by our own exertions, and that can only be done when we have put our own house in order. For this purpose, we must be self-sufficient in food and cloth. This was the way shown by Gandhiji. We have to follow new paths. Two years of sorn must grow where only one grew before. For five years, therefore, we must be free from civil strife, disorder and mutual dissensions"

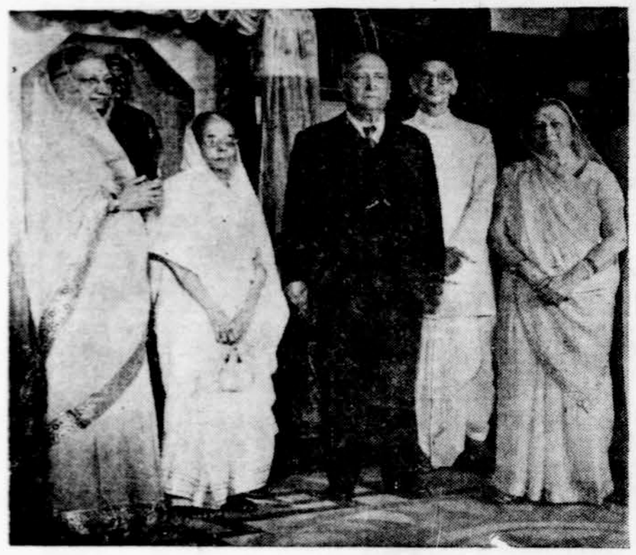
RENOVATION OF SOMNATH TEMPLE

Referring to RSS and its Satyagraha, Sardar Patel said that the lesson from the satyagraha was that no disorder anywhere in the country would be tolerated. He said: "See what is happening in Calcutta. The incidents there are not the way of Swaraj but of China. If all this goes on, how can we do the work of reconstruction on which the future of India entirely depends. You can have time for these disputes and squabbles after India is on its legs."

Sardar Patel announced that it had been decided to form a trust, entrusted with the work of renovation of Somnath temple. He said that during his visit to Junagadh in 1947, they had decided to renovate the Somnath Temple. After consulting competent men, they had now decided to create a trust to supervise the work of renovation. Two trustees would be nominated by the Government of India, two would be from Junagadh, two would be selected from amongst donors and two eminent public men would be nominated from all over India. Sardar Patel said that a sum of about 25 lakhs of rupees had been so far collected and they proposed to collect at least one crore of rupees. Sardar Patel expressed the hope that people from all over India give their support and co-operation in "reviving the glory and the traditions of that holy spot."

No E-Punjab Ban On Socialists' Functions

SIMLA, January 23 (API): Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, Premier of East Punjab today denied some press reports that the East Punjab Government had decided to ban meeting and processions of Socialists.



H. E. the Governor of Bombay unveiled the portrait of Purushottam Das Thakurdas at the Oriental Life Assurance Co. premises.

GOVERNOR'S TRIBUTE TO LATE SIR PURSHOTTAMDAS

Bust Unveiled At Oriental Building

BOMBAY, Monday.

Raja Sir Maharaj Singh, Governor of Bombay, unveiled this evening on the ground-floor of the Oriental Building, Flora Fountain, a bronze bust of Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas, a prominent business magnate of the city and Director and Chairman of the Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company, Limited, for several years. A large and representative gathering was present on the occasion.

Welcoming the Governor and the guests Sir Joseph Kay a Director of the Company recalled various business activities of Sir Purshottamdas and the part played by him during the last three decades in all matters relating to the financial, industrial and social welfare of the country. Sir Joseph also referred to the great work of Sir Purshottamdas in connection with the uplift of the masses by way of raising funds to mitigate the distress caused by floods and famines in different parts of the country.

Unveiling the portrait, the Governor said that Sir Purshottamdas was not only a successful businessman but was also a wise legislator and a shrewd politician. Above all he was a philanthropist who had contributed large donations for educational and other humanitarian purposes.

Mr. A. D. Shroff said that the success of the Oriental Life Insurance Company, Limited, was due in no small measure to Sir Purshottamdas.

Sir Cowasji Jehangir proposed a vote of thanks to the Governor which was seconded by Mr. Ratilal Gandhi. The function terminated with the singing of 'Vande Matram'.

The bust of Sir Purshottamdas is erected by the shareholders and policy holders of the Oriental Government Security Life Insurance Company, Limited, in appreciation of the valuable services rendered by him as a Director and Chairman of the Company.

AID TO DISTRICT LOCAL BOARDS

Statutory Provision Proposed

A statutory provision is proposed to be made for the continued financial assistance to the District Local Boards from the Government of Bombay. The Bombay Local Boards Act is to be amended to achieve this end.

The Government has sanctioned, with effect from the current financial year, to each Board a grant-in-aid equal to 15 per cent. of the ordinary land revenue, including non-agricultural assessment realised during the previous revenue year in the district, excluding the area subject to the jurisdiction of the municipalities and village panchayats. The grant is subject to the condition that the Boards spend in each taluka at least 75 per cent. of the amount realised from that taluka. In order to give a greater sense of security to the Boards as regards the continuance of the grant in future it is considered desirable that a statutory provision should be made for the purpose. A whole chapter is to be added to the existing Act to incorporate in it these provisions.

OCTROI ENFORCED

The amending Bill makes the payment of octori a personal liability and enforceable in law by way of a suit in a court. It is also proposed to make a provision in the Act to enable an officer of the Board, in certain circumstances, to board any vessel carrying goods leviable with octroi and to take steps for the recovery of octroi dues. The provisions in the existing Act were found inadequate to collect octroi in a district like Ratnagiri, which has a peculiar geographical situation. There have been many evasions of duty in that district.

PROPOSED STATUTES

A Provision is also proposed to be made (1) for disqualifying a member of a Local Board who participates in any transaction of loan with any officer or servant of the Board, (2) for the insertion of a proviso to section 19(3) enabling a Judge, in the case of an election dispute owing to an equality of votes, to determine it by the addition of one vote by lot drawn in his presence, (3) for not allowing a President or Vice-President removed from office for misconduct, or neglect of or incapacity to perform his duty, to be eligible for re-election or appointment during the remainder of the term of office of the Board, and (4) for presuming the grant of leave of absence applied for by a member of a Board unless it is expressly refused within three months.

Section 1936 of the Act is to be substituted by a new Section in order to facilitate legal proceedings against a member or servant of a District Local Board.

The amending Bill has been published in the Bombay Government Gazette of January 22, 1949.

LINGUISTIC PROVINCES ISSUE TO FIGURE IN BOMBAY ASSEMBLY

Important Bills On Legislative Anvil

BOMBAY, Monday.

In addition to the budget which will constitute the most important feature of the deliberations of the Bombay Legislative Assembly at its session starting in Bombay on Friday, Feb. 18, the agenda includes many important official and non-official Bills, motions and resolutions.

PROHIBITION & EX-COMMUNICATION

The Official Bills include a Bill to prohibit ex-communication motion for reference to select committee and second and third readings: a bill to amend and consolidate the law relating to the promotion and enforcement of and carrying into effect the policy of Prohibition and also the Abkari Law in the Province; and a bill to establish and incorporate the Karnatak University.

Among the unofficial bills are: a Bill to restrain the custom of giving or taking dowries; a bill to amend the Bombay Tenancy Act; and the Bill to remove official recognition of caste distinctions among Hindus.

A resolution which is on the agenda is tabled by Mr. A. A. Doddameti. It wants Government "immediately to appoint a committee consisting of scientists, psychologists, philosophers and other persons to investigate" and suggest remedies for the solution of the communal problem.

Another resolution by the same member urges the Assembly to communicate to the Constituent Assembly that the linguistic provinces of Karnatak, Maharashtra and Gujarat be formed without delay.

There is a motion standing to the credit of Mr. I. H. Kalyani which asks for recording the proceedings of the Assembly in Hindustani and in Deonagri script and for allowing the debate in any of the recognised languages of the Province.

LICENCES UNDER DRUGS ACT

The Drugs Act, 1940, and the Drugs Rules, 1945, have come into force in all the provinces of the Indian Dominion, from April 1, 1947. In Bombay Province, they are applicable only to Greater Bombay and the headquarter towns of the districts. The Government Departments concerned and the general public should note that the provisions of the Drugs Act are in addition to, and not in derogation of, the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1930 and any other law for the time being in force. Dealers and manufacturers must be in possession of a licence under the Drugs Act and the Drugs Rules in addition to those required for a purchaser of, or a dealer in, dangerous drugs, under the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1930, and any other law for the time being in force.

For a wholesale deal in the drugs other than biological and other special products a licence is not required at present. The question in respect of this licence is, however, under the consideration of the Government.

Applications for the grant of licences are to be made to the Drugs Controller for the Province of Bombay. The requisite application forms and any further information in this connection may be obtained from his office situated at Contractor Building, Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay.

Building Village Approach Roads

The Government of Bombay has been giving ample financial help to the District Local Boards for the construction of village approach roads. During the current year, a sum of over Rs. 9 lakhs has been placed at the disposal of the 20 District Local Boards in the Province for the purpose.

AMRIT KAUR'S 7-POINT PROGRAMME FOR WOMEN

KANPUR, Jan. 23 (API).—Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Health Minister, Government of India, arrived here this morning.

She was presented a joint address by the Kanpur Children's Association and Vidya Pith.

Addressing a meeting of the ladies held under the joint auspices of the Mahila Congress Committee Vyamshala, Rajkumari Amrit Kaur put forward a seven-point programme for the uplift of the womenfolk.

Her programme related to the education of the girls, social service before marriages, introduction of social reforms, spinning and inculcation of the love for Khadi, hygiene and sanitation, growing eatable plants in the surroundings of their houses and bringing up the children in right direction.

Training Facilities For Engineers Abroad'

The Government of Bombay is in a position to offer training facilities to Indian engineers in overseas countries in the works of firms manufacturing electric plants and equipment.

The detailed particulars and the requisite application forms can be supplied to condidates with suitable engineering qualifications by the Electric Commissioner with the Government of Bombay, Foreshore Road, Bombay. The applicants should address their request for such information along with a large self-addressed envelope with postal stamps of the value of as. 3½.

The candidates nominated for the training will have to bear themselves the entire expenditure on their training, including that on passage.

RAJPUTANA MOVEMENT COMMITTEE

Merger Of Sirohi, Matsya And Ajmer Merwara In Rajasthan Urged

The Secretary of the Rajputana Movement Committee draws attention to the statement of Sardar Patel according to which he has declared the formation of greater Rajasthan but has omitted to include the States of Sirohi and Matsya and also Ajmer Merwara in the newly formed province of Rajasthan. This does not meet the demand of the people of Rajputana.

He adds that none of the ministers of the present ministries have been elected on a popular vote and hence do not command popular confidence. He puts forward a strong demand that elections should be made on adult franchise within six months of the formation of greater Rajasthan into one province.

The secretary sends the following statement of Dr. Rammanohor Lohia, the Chairman of the Rajashan Movement Committee and the Resolution of the Committee adapted in the meeting held on 1st December, 1948 in Delhi.

We quote the following extracts:—

Since a year and more, the people of Rajasthan have been agitating for a United Rajasthan. The people of Rajputana, than whom none can claim a braver or more chivalrous memory, continue to be split up into the unions of Matsya and Udaipur, the three states of Jaipur, Jodhpur and Bikaner, the centrally administered area of Jaisalmer and Sirohi is being taken away from them. Administration of these areas which has for centuries been a wild growth of arbitrary laws and practices is further deteriorating. Instead of a passion for the single citizenship of India and for a healthy and prosperous Rajasthan, local partiotism, working at cross purposes, intrigues and an atmosphere of sordid gain and frustration prevail.

Into this moribund culture, a new element has been introduced. The numberless rajas and jagirdars and officers of old have been joined to several ministries called popular but functioning without popularly elected legislatures. A working compact between the two, willed or otherwise, is growing.

Great possibilities are lying buried. The existence and intrigues of many ministries and administrations coupled with the intereest of rajas and jagirdars who might lay claim to this desert once it green, are denying India its food and Rajasthan its happiness. Similarly, the vast industrial and mineral possibilities of Rajasthan are unused, or squandered under a system of special monopolies granted to privileged persons.

Of equal consequence with immediate formation of this new province is the form in which it is constituted. A decree from the Indian Government and no one knows how long it might still be delayed, which changes the externals but keeps the existing spirit intact, will mean no progress. Only when Rajasthan with its one and a half crore inhabitants including its farmers and artisans and warriors and labourers and its businessmen and scholars is seized with the will for a democratic province as an intergal unit of a democratic India can the ancient glory be revived in a yet more dazzling way.

LONDON, (I. P. S.): More than 15,200 tons of narrow guage steel rails have been supplied by the British to the Soviet Union. Another 25,000 tons promised under the trade agreement last year is ready for shipment. In return, the Soviet Union has completed delivery of 750,000 tons of cattle feed.

RID ALL VESTIGES OF FOREIGN RULE

Irish Republican Army's Call To Members

BELFAST, Jan. 23 (Reuter)—A manifesto issued here tonight by the outlined Irish Republican Army called on Republicans to continue their efforts "to Ireland of the last vestiges of foreign rule".

The manifesto, issued by the "Army Council" of the illegal organisation, purported to define "the actual position in regard to the External Relations Act" (which Eire has recently repealed, thus severing her last link with the British crown).

Ireland had been forcibly partitioned by England, the statement said, and remained partitioned.

STEADY RISE IN NUMBER OF BRITISH WORKERS

Unemployment At Record Low Level

LONDON, (By Cable).—Britain's working population, sharply reduced in the first post-war year, increased steadily throughout 1948. Statistics issued by the Ministry of Labour show that by the end of November it had risen to 20,400,000—about 600,000 above the mid-1939 level.

This increase was due entirely to large numbers of women entering employment and in fact offsetting the decline in the number of male workers throughout the year. At the same time, unemployment remains at a record low level: about 327,000 registered unemployed at the beginning of December represent only 1½ per cent of the total industrial population.

The post-war rise also in the number of people working for export has been maintained the end of November figure of 2,038,000 being five times the labour force when the war ended.

Of Britain's vital but undermanned industries, textiles showed a net increase of 3,000 workers during November. The labour force in the coal industry, on the other hand, decreased by 400 in the month, while there was a seasonal decline of about 5,000 in agriculture.

ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE DAY CELEBRATIONS

The Ismail Yusuf College Union and Gymkhana celebrated the College Day with great enthusiasm on Saturday. The Vice-Chancellor, Bombay University, Mahamahopadhyaya P. V. Kane presided and distributed the prizes. He gave a message to the students, to remember the great future that they have ahead of them and that they were now living in a Free India and had all the opportunities of making a name for themselves, work towards making the country great.

The college championship went to Mr. Ashgar and the Ladies' Championship Trophy was carried away by Miss Kulkarni.

Just after sports, a very interesting programme of variety entertainment was given. The Fish Pond, Fancy Dress Competition, Peace Conference and Dance Tableau were some of the colourful items of the programme.

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B. B. & C. I. "A" GAIN FULL POINTS

Dockyard "A" Beaten Easily In Senior Hockey League

BOMBAY, Monday.

B. B. and C. I. Railway "A" playing one short and also without their Star player, Kishen, caused a surprise when they beat Dockyard by four goals to one, in the Senior Division of the B. P. H. A. League and have now scored 4 points in the 3 games played.

Dockyard and the Railwaymen were having a considerable amount of up and down play and Dockyard took some time to settle down, but soon Abraham got going and on two occassions looked like opening his sides account. First he ran forward to a through pass but the on rushing Gardner in the railway goal rushed forward and cleared but the ball was deflected to J. Dias the outer, who hesitated and should have shot into an untenanted goal, but made sticks. Then Abraham again made a fine solo run down the line, scooped but out of play. Then the railwaymen transferred play to their opponent's half and Foster made a gallant effort to score but Mendonca rushed out and cleared, but within a few minutes Ashton Pereira playing right winner for the railway gave his side the first goal when he rushed forward to a miss timed clearance by the full back and beat the charging goalie Mendonca. Three minutes later, the railwaymen got their second goal when Saxby accepted a fine pass from Ashton the hight inner, and shot with a first time stroke. Within the ext three minutes in an awe inspiring spell the railwaymen scored their third goal through Saxby when Mc-Murray cleared badly a pass from Foster which Saxby got hold off and banged into goal. The railwaymen dominated play for the rest of the time and Ashtor Pereira was foiled in another attempt to score by Patrick D'Souza who was running parallel. Half time saw the railwaymen lead by three goals.

On resumption Dockyard were making all attempts to neutralize this stunning blow and many fine moves by Le Febour and Abraham were foiled by the devastating deep defenders Jadhav and Ismail, but towards the middle of the second half Kenneth Le Febour took hold of a pass from the right and scooped from close range to the unsteady goalie Gardner, who missed, this reduced the margin. Playing up now the railwaymen again forged ahead when Ashton scored with a stinger from the top of the circle the railways fourth goal. This was a beautiful pass from Foster the right outer. B. B. and C. I. thus registered their second win this season.

The teams:—

B. B. & C. I. RLY. "A"

Gardner, Jadhav, Ismail, Agre, Joginder, Lazarus, Foster, Saxby, Ashton, Gregory.

DOCKYARD "A"

Mendonca, McMurray, Bennet, M D'Souza, Middlecost, Patrick, J. Dias, J. Crasto, Ivor Abraham, K. Le Febour, T D'Souza.

BLACK SPIDERS' LOSE TO TIMES "B"

Times of India "B" robbed Black Spiders of their leadership of the "C" Section of the II Division when they held them to a goalless draw in this evenings II Division fixture. There was nothing to choose between the two teams except that Black Spiders, who had many scoring opportunities failed to make good.

On the Bombay Gymkhana Brother's Hockey Club beat Panchgani Parsi O. B. by two goals to one in the Second Division of the League.

The winners of the three Sections of the Second Division namely:—Section "A": Bhimraj S.C.: Section "B": Bombay Area Army: Section "C" Royal Indian Navy will now decide the winners of Division II by a League to be run among three teams.

INTER-COLLEGE HOCKEY

BOMBAY, Monday:

Khalsa College gained a two nil victory over Ismail College in the Inter-College Hockey Tournament at the Association ground.

Khalsa College got their first goal towards the middle of the initial half when Alex Mendonca scored from a pass from Dennis, the right outer. Mendonca appeared to be in an off side position. The sides crossed over with Khalsa holding by one goal. On resumption Dennis scored of a mix-up in front of goal and towards the final stages of the second half Dennis completed the tally to give Khalsa their third goal.

Travancore Meets Mysore In Inter-Varsity Tennis

ANNAMALAINAGAR, January 23. (A.P.I.): In the second round of the Inter-University Tennis Tournament (South Zone) K. C. Eapen (Travancore) beat Afsar Lathif (Osmania), scores being 6—1, 6—3.

Madhavan Naik (Travancore) beat Nagasimha Rao (Osmania) 6—3, 6—1.

Travancore has qualified for the semi-finals and will meet Mysore on 24th and 25th January.

In the Day's Sport

HOCKEY
Association Ground

3 p.m. Podar College vs. Ruia College.

4 p.m. Bombay Area Army vs. Bhimraj Sports Club.

5 p.m. Goa XI vs. Combined Rly (Exhibition Match).

St. Xavier's Ground, Parel

3 p.m. St. Xavier's "D" vs. Tata "B".

4 p.m. Mazagon Dock "A" vs. St. Xavier's "C".

5 p.m. BEST vs. G. I. P. Rly. "B".

G. I. P Rly Ground, Parel

4 p.m. B. B. & C. I. Rly. Police vs. St. Xavier's "E".

5 p.m. Khalsa S. C. vs. Firestone S. C.

TENNIS
C. C. I. Courts

7-30 a.m. Morning Session.

3-30 p.m. Evening Session.

(C. C. I. Open Tennis Tournament)

B. P. H. A. League

POSITIONS OF TEAMS TO DATE

BOMBAY, Monday.

The League table below gives the positions of the various teams in the B.P.H.A. League, which is now in the concluding stage, up to Monday, 24th January.

SENIOR LEAGUE

	P.	W.	D.	L.	Goals F.	A.	P.
St. Xavier's "A"	7	6	1	0	15	5	13
Lusitanians "A"	6	5	0	1	8	2	10
Tata S. C. "A"	7	4	3	0	12	4	11
Dockyard "A"	9	3	2	4	12	13	8
Kirkee United	8	2	4	2	10	8	8
Times of India 'A'	8	3	2	3	12	9	8
Bombay Port Trust "A"	9	1	5	3	4	8	7
Young Sports "A"	9	2	2	5	4	12	6
G. I. P. Rly. "A"	7	0	3	4	2	12	3
B.B. & C.I. Rly. 'A'	8	2	0	6	9	15	4

Division I

	P.	W.	D.	L.	Goals F.	A.	P.
Goan S. C. "A"	10	7	3	0	32	2	17
St. Xavier's "B"	10	7	0	3	17	6	14
G. I. P. Rly. "B"	10	5	3	2	13	7	13
Ganeshkind S. C.	10	4	3	3	11	7	11
Young Comrades "A"	10	4	2	4	10	14	10
B. B. & C. I. Rly. "B"	10	4	2	4	21	20	10
B. E. S. T.	10	2	6	2	8	7	9
Catholic Gym.	10	4	2	4	16	9	9
Bombay City S. C.	10	3	1	6	18	24	7
Customs Athletic Club	10	2	2	6	6	31	6
Lusitanians "B"	10	2	2	8	7	22	2

Division II (Section "A")

	P.	W.	D.	L.	Goals F.	A.	P.
Bhimraj S. C.	8	5	3	0	17	6	13
Firestone S. C.	8	4	2	2	12	7	10
Boy's Own Club	7	4	1	2	9	8	9
Dockyard "B"	8	3	3	2	8	4	9
St. Xavier's Asso.	8	2	3	3	8	13	7
Bombay Gym.	8	1	5	2	8	9	7
Dreamland S. C.	7	1	4	2	4	6	6
Juvenile S. C.	8	1	4	3	6	11	6
Bombay Parsis "A"	8	0	3	5	3	11	3

Division II (Section "B")

	P.	W.	D.	L.	Goals F.	A.	P.
Bombay Area Army	8	7	1	0	24	5	15
Khatau S. C.	8	4	3	1	10	6	11
Mazagoan Dock	7	4	1	2	8	4	9
St. Xavier's "C"	8	3	3	2	12	10	9
Panchgani Parsi O. B.	6	2	2	3	8	5	6
Brothers H. C.	8	3	1	4	6	8	7
Telegraph R. C.	7	1	3	3	4	12	5
V. J. T. Institute	7	2	1	4	8	18	5
General Motors S. C.	8	0	1	7	3	15	1

Division II (Section "C")

	P.	W.	D.	L.	Goals F.	A.	P.
Royal Indian Navy	8	6	1	1	20	6	13
Black Spiders	8	5	2	1	11	2	12
Willingdon Catholic Gym.	7	4	1	2	12	6	9
Young Sports 'B'	8	3	2	3	8	8	8
O. C. S.	8	3	2	3	9	12	8
Times of India "B"	8	3	2	3	4	4	8
Lever S. C. "A"	8	2	2	4	6	9	6
R. I. A. F.	6	0	3	3	2	11	3
Reserve Bank S. C.	7	0	1	6	2	16	1

Division III (Section "A")

	P.	W.	D.	L.	Goals F.	A.	P.
Goan S. C. "B"	7	6	1	0	19	1	13
Bombay Steam Navigation	7	6	0	1	13	1	12
Western Rangers	7	4	2	1	8	2	10
St. Xavier's "D"	7	4	2	1	6	5	10
Young Comrades "B"	8	2	2	4	4	9	6
Siddarth College	8	2	3	3	8	15	7
Ruia College	7	1	3	3	2	6	5
Kurai Spartans	7	1	1	5	6	18	3
Tata S. C. "B"	8	0	0	8	0	9	0

Division III (Section "B")

	P.	W.	D.	L.	Goals F.	A.	P.
Young Rovers	8	6	2	0	17	1	14
Blue Wizards	8	5	2	1	21	4	12
Telephone Club	7	3	3	1	5	6	9
Byculla Stars	8	4	1	3	5	7	9
Bombay Port Trust "B"	7	2	4	1	13	3	8
G. I. P. Rly "C"	7	3	1	3	11	4	7
Cathedral O. "B"	7	2	1	4	9	13	5
Lever S. C. "B"	7	1	0	6	1	24	2
E. C. and R.I.S.	7	0	0	7	0	20	0

PROVINCIAL HOCKEY CHAMPIONSHIP

Preliminary Round Draw Announced

BOMBAY, Monday:

The Bombay Provincial Hockey Championship for the Times of India Trophy has attracted 35 teams this year. A preliminary round has been arranged and the draw is as follows, the winners of the four quarters to enter the tournament proper:—

FIRST QUARTER:- Boys Own Club (Poona) vs. R. I. N. (Bye); B. E. S. T vs Juvenile S C; Mazagoan Dock vs. Catholic Gymkhana.

SECOND QUARTER:- G. I. P. Rly 'B' vs. R.I.A.F.; Bhimrag Vs St. Xavier's Assn.: Black Spiders Vs Ganeshkind (Bye); G. I. P. Rly 'A' (Bye).

THIRD QUARTER: B.E. & C.I. Rly. 'A' (Bye); St. Xavier's 'B' vs. Parsi Sports Assn. (Bye): Panchgani Parsis vs. Boys Own Club; Bombay Area Army vs. Customs A.C.

FOURTH QUARTER:- Goan Sports 'A' vs. Bombay City; Young Comrades vs. Lusitanian's 'B'; Khatau S.C. vs. Young Sports (Bye).

The following teams enter the tournament proper:- Tata S.C. 'A' St. Xavier's College 'A'; Lusitanian's 'A' Kirkee United, I.A. M. C. (Poona) Kirkeeans, Times of India S.C., H. M.I. Dockyard, Bombay Port Trust.

WESTERN INDIA TENNIS DOUBLES CHAMPIONS

Mrs. K. Singh (right) and Mrs. S. E. Mody, who won the women's double title in the Western India Tennis. Mrs. Singh also won the Ladies Single Championships, beating Miss L. Woodbridge in the final.

D. Madhav Rao (left) and P. L. Narayan Rao (right), who won the Men's Doubles final in the Western India Tennis Championships. They had earlier in the last week won the All-India Doubles title.

BOMBAY WINS ON FIRST INNINGS

Defeat In Ranji Trophy Bengal Averts Innings

CALCUTTA Jan. 24 (API): Resuming their innings today the 4th and final day of the Ranji Trophy match between Bengal and Bombay at Eden Gardens, Bengal were all out for 251 at 11.45 a.m. Bombay thus obtained a first innings lead of 323 runs. Bengal's tail end batsmen S. Bannerjee and N. Chowdhury between them, with Girdhari keeping up his end played with dogged determination and had the lease of the wicket for an hour and a half which helped Bengal to avert an innings defeat.

BOMBAY FOR 8 DECL. 574

BENGAL (FIRST INNINGS)

P. Sen b Phadkar	3
D. Dass b Phadkar	0
S. Bose c Raiji b Umrigar	19
V. Mankad c Mantri b Phadkar	30
N. Chartterjee c Amladi b Ramchand	85
B. Frank c Raiji b Phadkar	31
P.K. Palia b Umrigar	26
S. K. Giridhari not out	26
S. Bannerjee lbw b Umrigar	7
N. Chowdhury b Phadkar	6
Extras	20
TOTAL	251

FALL OF WICKETS:— 1|1; 2|18; 3|22; 4|49; 5|55; 6|102; 7|207; 8|206, 9|224, 10|251.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:

Phadkar 31.1 9 69.5
Umrigar 36|10 62.4.
Ramchand 8.2|2 28.1.
Irani 2|0 11|0
Amladi 9|2 28|0
Latiff 2|0 6|0
Raiji 4 0.27|0

BENGAL (SECOND INNNGS)

D. Dass b Irani	17
P. Roy c Ibrahim b Raiji	30
N. Chatterjee c. Ibrahim b Raiji	23
Girdhari not out	28
P. Sen b Latif	7
Mankad not out	8
Extras	4
TOTAL (for 4 wickets)	131

FALL OF WICKETS: 1|34; 2|61; 3|90; 4 103.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

Irani 13|4|21|0
Ramchandra 7|3|11|0
Rangnekar 3|0|27|0
Raiji 10.0 50.2
Latif 7|2|13|1
Ibrahim 1|0.5|0

M.C.C. TRANSVAAL RETURN MATCH DRAWN

JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 24 (Reuter): The return match between M.C.C. and Transvaal ended in a draw today after Transvaal had gained a lead on first innings.

Helped by some enterprising tail-end batsmen, Transvaal scored 254 in reply to the M.C.C. first innings total of 244 for nine declared. In the forty-five minutes remaining for play the M.C.C. made forty for no wicket in their seconds innings.

Transvaal's batting collapsed during the afternoon, when Bedser and Tremlett, with the new ball, took four wickets for two runs and Young and Wright later got three more in the space of three runs. Earlier Bruce Mitchell had made sixty, including five fours, in three and a halfhours.

Some free hitting by the last wicket pair, Heaney and Melle, put on 72 runs in 50 minutes and gave Transvaal a first innings lead.

SCORE-BOARD

M.C.C. (First Innings) for 9 dec. 244

M.C.C. (Second Innings)

Palmer not out	16
Simpson not out	24
Extras	0
Total (for no wicket)	40

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Melle	3	0	9	0
Chubb	2	0	10	0
Nel	3	0	8	0
Pullerton	2	1	5	0
Eric Rowan	2	0	3	0
Harris	1	0	5	0

TRANSVAAL (First Innings)

B. Mitchell V. Griffith b Tremlett	60
E. Rowan b Bedser	25
G. Pullerton c Griffith b Young	23
D. Begbie c Tremlett b Bedser	13
T. Harris c Hutton b Bedser	1
A. Melville b Tremlett	0
P. Losser b Young	20
J. Nel lbw Wright	0
M. Melle not out	25
T. Heaney c Compton b Young	47
Extras	20
Total	254

FALL OF WICKETS:— 1/56, 2/102, 3/134, 4/143, 5/136, 6/136, 7/179, 8/179, 9/182, and 10/254.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O	M.	R.	W.
Bedser	29	8	67	3
Tremlett	11	3	29	2
Young	23.4	7	55	54
Wright	19	4	83	1

Jain's Steadiness, Deciding Factor Against Watumull

BEKKEVOLD EXTENDED BY FATEHSINHJI IN C. C. I. TENNIS

BOMBAY, Monday.—The afternoon's programme of the C.C.I. Open Tennis Championships resulted in the culmination of the opening rounds. Quiet tennis was served up with rare patches of brilliance, play being on the whole very sedate and patchy.

On the Centre court in the first match Rajkumar Jain got the better of K. Watumull in what turned out to be the most interesting match of the day. It was mainly restricted to baseline duelling with rare incursions at the net. Watumull was the better stroke player, strong on both flanks but with a particularly good stinging forehand drive. Jain on the other hand was very steady and retrieving every shot possible looked most dependable. Watumull playing brilliantly annexed the first set at 6-4, but Jain steadying up forced him into continuous errors in the remaining two, Watumull practically giving up the struggle in the closing stages with a stream of continuous errors in an effort to hit every short. Jain was steady rather than brilliant and occasionally used the drop shot to great advantage.

On the next court Mrs. Patwardhan fully extended her opponent Miss Alexy in a match mainly restricted to baseline drives and lobs. Miss Alexy has a good forehand drive which she executed to great advantage and ran after every shot. Her rival on the other hand missed several easy shots and made errors at critical stages to lose the match to her more experienced opponent.

The Bekkevold-Fatheisngh match began with a series of double faults, both players being equally culpable and it was evident they were taking it very easy. Fatehsingh lost the first set easily but recovered in the next after being down 0-3 to make 5-5 and then 6-6 with brilliant ground shots that clipped the lines and left his opponent helpless.

On Court No. 1, J. M. Mehta and Kantawalla played C. Ramaswami (former Western India and South India Doubles Champion) and D. Malhotra the match resulting in a victory for the former pair. Mehta and Kantawalla concentrated on Malhotra and won easily. Ramaswami stroked well, his heavy forehand top spin drive and service proving most effective, but he received poor support from his partner. Kantawalla's service and forehand were as strong and decisive as even Mehta just recovered from a long illness could barely run on the court, but his volleying and driving were as precise and spectacular.

The following were the results:

MEN'S SINGLES

C. J. Cooper beat Pratap Singh, 6-3, 6-3; M. E. Ghaswalla beat P. J. Roy, 9-7, 6-4; C. L. Savara beat J. Jameson, 6-3, 6-1; R. N. Bhagwat beat L. A. Mordant, 6-1, 6-4; B. S. Rama Rao beat R. K. Sanghani, 6-3, 6-0; A. R. V. Peermahomed beat S. N. Aiyar, 4-6, 7-5, 6-4; G. Ghouse beat S. K. Bharadwaja, 6-2, 6-4; G. M. Khory beat K. H. Kapadia, 8-6, 12-10; G. N. Pawar beat M. R. Maniar, 6-3, 6-0; J. V. Kamath beat A. M. Khory, 6-2, 6-3; N. D. J. Rao beat A. K. Shivdasani, 6-8, 6-3, 4-3 (retired); Rajkumar Jain beat K. Watumull 4-6, 6-4, 6-1; F. Bekkevold beat Prince Fatehsingh, 6-3, 8-6; N. D. Vyas beat B. Vivekanand, 6-1, 6-3; J. Charanjiva beat Prag Nath, 6-4, 6-1; S. M. Sajjad beat J. Sanghani, 6-1, 6-2; M. H. Varawalla beat D. Sampat, 6-2, 6-1; Y. J Dhros beat H. H. Shah 6-3, 6-1; Y. H. Varawalla w.o. Player A.

MEN'S DOUBLES

J. M. Mehta and Kantawalla beat C. Ramaswamy and D. Malhotra, 6-3, 6-2; K. B. Madan and Afzar Hussein w/o S. K. Bhardwaj and R. N. Talwar; J. Charanjiva and Prince Fatehsingh beat R. K. Mody and N. Mukadam, 6-0, 6-0; J. V. Kamath and Partner beat Lt. Sharma and Warner, 6-2, 6-2; P. J. Roy and Dr. Bhojwani beat Prabhoo and Bhate, 6-0, 6-0.

LADIES SINGLES

Mrs. K. Singh beat Mrs. Limrey 6-1, 6-1; Miss V. Alexy beat Mrs. Patwardhan, 7-5, 6-4; Mrs. B. Stewart beat Mrs. Mordant 6-4, 6-0; Mrs. J. M. Kantawalla w/o "A" Player; Mrs. S. R. Mody beat Mrs. Mani Barucha, 6-1, 6-1; Mrs. S. Jameson beat Miss Ghaswalla, 6-1, 6-0; Miss L. Woodbridge beat Miss S. Chopra, 6-0, 6-2; Mrs. L. Dayal beat Miss Jhangiani, 6-0, 6-2.

JUNIORS' SINGLES

S. C. Mashruwalla beat V. Bhatt 6-0, 6-3.

PROFESSIONAL SINGLES

Jamal Din beat Sufiad Shah, 6-4, 6-4.

Tuesday Evening's Fixtures

COURT No. 1—3-30 p.m.—G. M. Khory vs. G. N. Pawar; 4-15 p.m. Mrs. S. R. Mody and J. M. Kantawalla vs. L. A. Mordant and Partner; 5-00 p.m. Miss V. Alexy and Naresh Kumar vs. Mrs. Mani S. Bharucha and Partner.

COURT No. 2—3-30 p.m. S. M. Sajjad vs. C. L. Savera; 4-15 p.m. Miss Laura Woodbridge vs. Mrs. S. Jameson and F. Bekevold vs. Mrs. S. Jameson and Jameson.

COURT No. 3—3-30 p.m. A. R. V. Peermahomed vs. Rajkumar Jain; 4-15 p.m. F. Bekevold vs. K. C. Mashruwalla; 5-00 p.m. Miss L. Woodbridge and C. Ramaswamy vs. Miss Chopra and D. Malhotra.

COURT No. 4—3-30 p.m. S. T. Panjwani vs. C. J. Cooper; 4-15 p.m. Mrs. K. Singh vs. Miss Aloo M. Pavri; 5-00 p.m. Mrs. Limmery Fatehsinhji vs. Mrs. Pollard and Partner.

COURT No. 5—3-30 p.m. M. E. Ghaswalla vs. M. M. Shinde; 4-15 p.m. Mrs. S. R. Mody vs. Mrs. J. M. Kantawalla; 5-00 p.m. A Pair vs. Miss L. Merchant and Madon.

COURT No. 6—3-30 p.m. B. P. Baliga vs. N. D. G. Rao; 4-15 p.m. Vithal vs. Fakira; 5-00 p.m. Gopal vs. Gulam Sarwar.

COURT No. 7—3-30 p.m. Walimahomed vs. A. Player.

FIRST AVAILABLE COURT: Mrs. Betty Stewart and Narendra Nath vs. N. D. Vyas and Partner, Mrs. K. Singh and Afsar Hussain vs. H. Daro and Partner, Mrs. L. Dayal vs. Miss Piloo Billimoria, G. D. Bhagat and I. H. Shivdasani vs. C. L. Savara and Sajjad, Narendra Nath and G. Vasant vs. R. N. Bhagwat and R. K. Shanghani, J. M. Kantawalla and J. M. Mehta vs. M. E. Ghaswalla and Partner or K. C. Mashroowalla and J. H. Shodhan, Noormahomed vs. Abdul Latif.

Queensland Forced To Follow On Sheffield Shield

BRISBANE, January 24. (Reuter): Queensland forced to follow on 253 runs behind Victoria on the third day of their Sheffield Shield match here today had lost two second innings wickets for 154 when stumps were drawn.

Queensland's remaining four first innings wickets fell in an hour for the addition of 52 runs and they were all out for 2033 in reply to Victoria's 456. Bowler Ian Johnson claimed six wickets for 59.

Opening Queensland's second innings Brown and Mackay set out Dowlry to stave off an outright defeat and added 92 runs in two and a half hours before Brown fell for 42, Machry carried on steadily and was 72 not out at the close.

Novel Starting Gate For Athletes Invented In U.S.

LONDON, January 24 (Reuter): False starts in sprints events, so annoying to athlete and spectator alike, may no longer mar athletics meetings if a novel starting gate invented in America becomes officially recognised.

The gadget, which was on view at the recent New York Convention of the United States Amateur Athletic Union, is designed on the principle of the starting gate used in American Horse Racing. Steel bands suspended from an overhead bar fit against the shoulders of the competitor as he gets on his mark, and simultaneously with the gun all these bands spring upwards releasing the runners from their "traps".

It is reported hat American Coaches are enthusiastic over the idea, but the official view in Britain is against its introduction here.

Jack Crump, Secretary of the British Athletic Association, told Reuter that its introduction would have to be dependent upon its universal adoption. He said: "It would be useless to adopt the gate for some meetings and not for others as it would not be fair to an athlete to expect him to changing his method of starting"

The international standard of sprint starts had improved tremendously in recent years and continued to do so, said Mr. Crump, who thought that the heavy expense involved in the purchase of such gates would not be worth-while. He added that all that was needed to attain a still higher standard of starting was for Coaches to instil in youngsters the need for patience.

To press home his argument against the introduction of the gate, Mr. Crump raised two more points—timing and appearance. He thought that an official time-keeper's job would be made more difficult unless electrical timing apparatus was used in conjunction with the gate. And on the question of appearance he held that athletics arenas were already congested enought by existing paraphernalia without the addition of a bulky starting gate.

So it would appear as though America's invention is doomed to a "false start", at least on this side of the Atlantic.

Bombay's Team For National Athletics

BOMBAY, Sunday.—The following team has been selected to represent Bombay at the National Athletic Meet to be held at Irwin Stadium on 11th, 12th and 13th February:

MEN

100 M—Levy Pinto, L. Woodcock.
200 M—L. Woodcock, L. Pinto.
400 M—R. Thingalaya, R. Utchil.
800 M—M. Kaunds, R. Utchil.
1500 M—M. D'Souza, C. Furtado and Reserve B. Broudfoot.
110 M. Hurdles—J. Vickers, L. Woodcock.
400 M. Hurdles—M. Kaunds, F. Lobo and Reserve N. Gothins.
4 :: 100 M. Relay—L. Pinto, L. Woodcock, J. Crasto, J. Vickers and Reserve N. Gothins.
4 x 400 M Relay—Thingalaya, Utchil, Kaunds and Lobo.
Running High Jump—U. S. Rao.
Running Broad Jump—P. N. Karkar, Baldevsingh.
Hop Step Jump—P. N. Kakar, M. D'Souza.
Pole Vault—B. Gohel.
Throwing the Javelin—Baldevsingh.
5000 M. Run—C. Furtado, L. P. Pereira.
10,000 M. Run—L. Pereira, C. Furtado.
50 Kilo Metres Walk—O. Rodrigues.
Marathon Race—G. Savekar.

WOMEN

100 M.—R. Mistry, B. Guzdar.
200 M—B. Guzdar, R. Mistry.
80 M. Hurdles—M. Shah.
Running Broad Jump—B. Guzdar, Pat. Mendonca.
Running High Jump—M. Shah.
Throwing the Javelin—B. Guzdar.
Throwing the Discus—B. Thadani.
Putt Shot—B. Thadani.
Relay—R. Mistry, Banoo Gazdar, N. Kapadia, P. Mendonca, V. Peters.

Baldevsingh, Proudfoot, Gohel will be included in the team if they are found fit after a test.

PAREL HOCKEY

BOMBAY, Monday.

The following were the results of matches play in the Parsi Hockey League:

SECOND DIVISION: Firestone 4 (Vaz 2, Aziz and Francis), Young Christians 2 (Ramlik 2).

THIRD DIVISION: Port Trust "B" walk over Western Rangers.

Thana District Police 2 (Baig, Powar), Indian Tools nil.

Mahim Gymkhana 1 (Azavedo), National Sports nil.

Bombay Steam Navigation walk over Tata S. C. "B".

FR. PALACIOS LEAGUE: St. Sebastian High School 2 (Coutinho, Mascarenhas), Little Flower of Jesus High School 2 (Monteiro and C. D'Souza).

Another Trial For Team Selection

Bombay Women's Team For All-India Hockey

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A further trial match for the purpose of selecting a Bombay Team for the Women's Inter-Provincial Hockey Tournament will be held on Wednesday 26th January at the B.P.H.A. Ground commencing at 5-40 p.m.

The following players are invited to represent the two teams Blues and Reds.

BLUES:— Misses Carey, P. Thomas E. Edwards Gaitley, Mrs. Lyma (Capt.) Miss B. Smythi, Mrs. P. Hickson, Misses Elsa D'Souza, Evelyn D'Souza, J. Hibbert, Ray Salway.

REDS:— Misses Bamber, Esmie D'Souza, Freeman, Pam D'Souza, Haji off Carmen D'Souza, Cecilia D'Souza, Chisholm, Given Smythe, P. Badal E. Arkliel (Capt.)

RESERVES:— Misses L. Cooke, O D'Souza, Andrey Rodrigues, P. Brown.

The above-mentioned players are requested to turn out in white uniform.

India Will Try Hard To Win Fourth Test, Says Amarnath

MADRAS, Jan. 24, (A.P.I.): Lala Amarnath India's Captain arrived here this evening by air from Delhi. Ghulam Ahmed also arrived by the same plane from Hyderabad. H. R. Adhikari, the Baroda all-rounder was expected tonight while Mushtaqali and G. Kishenchand have already arrived. The remaining Test players will be arriving here in the course of the day tomorrow.

Amarnath was in his own jolly self, and appeared fit and well. He would not comment on the Fourth Test match which was due to commence on January 27 apart from saying that India would do their best to win—and he hoped that it would be a great game.

CRICKET AT KALYAN

(From Our Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, Monday.

In a cricket match played yesterday on the Matunga Gymkhana ground, the Venus Cricket Club of Kalyan drew with the home team.

The Matunga Gymkhana scored 267 for the loss of eight wicket, before they declared their innings closed. Hadkar scored an unbeaten 102, and Kshirsagar scored 42 runs.

The Venus Cricket Club in reply scored 122 for the loss of their six batsmen. Kumbhar, Dixit, and Raje scored 35, 34 and 25 respectively.

CHHOTANI'S PAN SUPARI WINS BERAR CUP

The picture shows Lady Mody presenting the Berar Cup, win over one and a half mile, to Mr. Osman Chhotani, the wellknown racing personality, whose horse Pan Supari won in a thrilling finish from the start-to-finish Happy Returns.

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

Hockey Hexangular In Bombay From February

BY J. C. MAITRA

The hockey leagues conducted by the B.P.H.A. are going on steadily on the Association ground. So far little enthusiasm has been noticed among the fans either for the men's or the women's championships, because the contests were more or less of a colourless variety. But we may expect larger support from the Dhobi Talao crowd in the Senior Division matches as their favourites, the Lusitanians, have aroused their hopes in claiming a say in the final disposal of the issue. It is rather doubtful if St. Xavier's College who are now heading the table, would give in easily. A keen struggle for supremacy is likely to ensue when the final engagements come for decision.

A RIGHT STEP

Many are, however, looking forward to the Hexangular Tournament which will be staged at the same venue from February 1. Up to last year it was a Pentangular but a team from the combined colleges have been included this season to make the competition six-sided. This is a step in the right direction. Our youngsters should be given as much encouragement as possible. By playing with their superiors they would be able to measure their own abilities and attainments properly. Also they will learn a lot from them.

Unlike the Soccer Pentangular which is played on a purely territorial basis, the hockey sides will have mixed compositions. Bombay, Maharashtra, Goa are territorial entities. But the Combined Railways, Combined Schools and Colleges and the Rest will represent members of all communities and areas. Still all of them will be well supported by the public. Our cricketers may take a note of this. Their notion that nothing but communal colour would draw crowds at sporting engagements should be dispelled by these exhibitions.

INDIA VS. PAKISTAN

An idea was recently mooted by A. S. de Mello, President of the Board of Cricket Control, to stage an international match between India and Pakistan at the Brabourne Stadium next month. It is a good idea no doubt. But I am afraid the time has not yet arrived for such a large scale demonstrative exhibition. This does not mean that I am against such a contest. Exchange of visits between the old partners by their sporting representatives will do a lot to consolidate friendship between the two countries. So after a little lapse of time,

The Bombay Chronicle

Parliamentary Government Does Not Solve The Question Of Democracy

SUN YAT-SEN

TOWARDS INDUSTRIAL PEACE

Addressing the first session of the Central Advisory Council of Industries, Pandit Jawaharlal was outspoken about his distress over the country's conditions. There was no urge to solve the problem of production; there was at every hand a narrow outlook and an effort to grasp some advantage for one's group or section. He observed with candour that he did not like the temper either of Labour or of Capital, and very humanly he said that they were free to say they did not like the temper of Government. With this disarming preface, Pandit Jawaharlal passed on to specify what exactly he did not like about Capital, what he felt was lacking in Labour. Capital, he said, was inclined to be moody and to sulk at the very mention of the word "nationalisation." Labour, on the other hand, was more interested in exploiting conditions for what it felt was its own advantage. It was not interested in "improving its own efficiency". He was particularly critical of Labour's proneness to resort to strikes and threats of strike, and he hinted that a larger view of national needs was essential in the existing conditions.

There will be general agreement with what the Prime Minister has said. In fact, there has been considerable sympathy with the Government's desire to usher in an industrial truce and much irritation at the frustrations with which it has met in its efforts. But all this has not helped the country, nor has it brought about the much-needed period of peace. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru remarked that our problems were by no means peculiar to this country. There is little consolation to be derived from this thought. On the contrary, there are countries which have succeeded in establishing a truce between Labour and Capital, and there is no reason why their example cannot be emulated here. The essence of such a truce is that the State as representing the entire community as a whole stands as guarantor of the good behaviour of both parties. It assumes the responsibility of bringing both Labour and Capital to a just appreciation of their obligations under the truce. In any positive action to this end, the Government can rely on public support. It is only where it attempts to please both parties and to cajole the one or the other to greater reason that the public mind is confused and bewildered.

The intentions of the Government have been long enough before the public for the educational period to be considered as ended. There is no section of the people which does not understand today that we need a period of industrial tranquillity and concentration on increased production in order to improve the economic life of the nation. The Government of India has assumed sufficient powers to centralise Labour legislation and the machinery of adjudication. It is necessary in the interests of quick decisions and early removal of grievances, that the Industrial Tribunal function more as courts of equity than of justice. Since the Government bears the responsibility of deciding disputes between Labour and Capital, it should be made clear that no value is attached to purely legal interpretations, requiring the advocacy of skilled and experienced lawyer who have little experience of the letter of the Labour law and often little interest in its spirit. Moreover, now that provision has been made for revision and review of provincial adjudications, the Government might experiment with adjudicators drawn, not as at present from the legal profession, but from both Business and Labour circles. It should not be difficult to find in both ranks names which command the respect of the other side and such a procedure would help a great deal in smoothening the present angularities in the industrial field. It does not add to better understanding if Labour and Capital are encouraged either to regard themselves as opposing and almost irreconcilable camps, or to feel that the Government regards them in that light. It is particularly necessary to remove the least trace of this feeling as the Government itself has repeatedly asked for a larger vision in industry. Again, it is a point worth considering seriously whether Labour should not be regarded now as sufficiently well-organised and mature not to require the guidance of men who are not themselves workers. It is true that employees are usually at a disadvantage in direct dealings with employers and there are practical problems. But no employer wishes for friction in his office nor is the prospect of a settlement on third party intervention even as contemplated in adjudication proceedings a welcome one. Besides, as there is provision for the State interceding, it might be as well to do away with other outside influences. By exploring these avenues and thinking out better ways of creating common interests in industry, the Government could help effectively in surmounting the prevailing conditions.

States Politics

Once again Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel has stressed the need for unity, rebuked the popular representatives of a State for their dissensions, and complimented the wisdom and foresight of a ruler. At a public meeting at Jamnagar, the Deputy Prime Minister asked the popular leaders to execute the trust handed over to them by the Jamsaheb conscientiously. He even asserted that "certain things which had occurred during the Jamsaheb's absence in Kathiawar, would never have taken place had he been there." This is a great compliment to the Jam Saheb but it is also a severe censure of the men who are at the helm in Kathiawar. The Sardar has often commented on the lack of experience in administration which hampers the leaders of popular movements in the States, softening the criticism by saying that Indian Union leaders have also been in a similar position. The difference between the two, however, is obvious: There is enough political consciousness in India to instill in leaders a sense of caution and a desire to move forward steadily rather than by erratic leaps and bounds. Freedom, it must be remembered, has been slow in coming to India, in the States, it has arrived without any preliminary preparation. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru drew attention to this in his Kingsway Hall speech during his last visit to London when he regretted that nothing had been done to bring the States in line with India prior to the sudden lapse of Paramountcy. A great deal of the enthusiastic fervour with which Indian Ministers speak of the Princes arises from a just appreciation of the trouble that could have been created by a less co-operative attitude on their part. But it is natural that the States Peoples' leaders should be rather impatient of such remarks which can weaken their hold and which must serve as a reminder to the public that the rulers are not quite out of the picture. Sardar Vallabhbhai has shown the way out of this dilemma by asking the leaders and the rulers to work together, each supplementing the other's qualities. This might not be the revolution which popular leaders expected would carry them to the top. But it certainly is the path of sane and ordered progress. The Sardar has asked for five years of unity and peace. Once the habit of working together is established, the other method will lose all its attractions. That is why persons who seek troubled conditions, are in no mood to allow disciplined thinking and restrained action to gain a foothold in the country. The public, however, want peace and ordered progress and the Sardar's advice is timely.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

ROME, Jan. 23 (Reuter): Signor Palmiro Togliati, Italian Communist leader, speaking here today at a meeting at which the veteran French Communist M. Marcel Cachin was also present reiterated M. Cachin's recent statement that agreement between Russia and the United States was possible.

* * *

"The whole world is a question mark today?"—Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

Let's hope it doesn't end in a full stop as the answer.

* * *

Observers here, says a Reuter's report from Durban, are now wondering how long it will be before the African turns against the White man.

We are glad to say that Dr. Malan and S. African Whites are otherwise too busy to wonder about that.

* * *

In its resolution for the Security Council, the Asian Conference says "Recognising that the people of Indonesia are entitled, according to the principles of the charter, to independence and the excercise of full sovereign rights....."

But—but this is hardly helpful. It actually asks the Security Council to recognise the principles of the charter.

* * *

The "New York Herald Tribune", we read, hails the New Delhi Asian Conference as one which "may have momentous consequences in shaping the future of the world".

And it is true too.

* * *

But the American paper also suggests apologetically that "the complexity of the political, social and economic systems represented in Asia today makes it easier for the conference to declare against something — colonialism, for instance, which is a word which embraces a good many subtle distinctions — than to work constructively for something".

Not, we hope, continued submission to Dutch Imperialism, for instance?

* * *

Dr. Willem Drees, the Dutch Premier, has suggested that, if other countries "would leave Holland alone" the situation in Indonesia could be solved in a satisfactory manner.

All that most of the "other countries" referred to by Dr. Drees beg to ask is that Holland should let Indonesia leave Holland alone.

* * *

Apropos of the deadlock in the Rhodes talks, the Israeli stand was reported to be still based on their demand for a complete evacuation of Egyptian troops from Palestine soil.

The congratulations of all concerned are due to His Majesty King Abdullah of Transjardon — and of one-divided-by-two Palestine?

* * *

Wiring from Cannes about Rita Hayworth, an enthusiatic U. P. A. correspondent — says: "Her future father-in-law, a direct descendant of Mohammed, beamed impartially at Aly and Rita while she spoke".

How very romantically interesting, brother. (Or, is it sister?)

BRELVI

(By Gaganvihari Mehta)

When some beloved voice that was to you
Both sound and sweetness, faileth suddenly
What hope? What help? What music
Will undo that silence to your senses?

ELIZABETH BROWNING.

IT has been difficult for me to put in words the deep anguish at the passing away of Brelvi. It was not easy for anyone intimately associated with him to write about him nor for a photographer or protrait-painter to take his true picture. For Brelvi managed to disarm visitors and baffle photographers by the constant and fleeting smile on his face. But for me the task is still harder.

Brelvi has been a member of our family for years, very nearly thirty-five years; he was called an adopted son of my father who was deeply attached to him and he had been a life-long friend and companion of my elest brother Vaikunthbhai. With Mahadev Desai and Kanaiyalal Vakil, they formed a circle from college days—alas! now broken up completely by Death.

Brother And "Boss"

To me, Brelvi was as dear as a brother—without perhaps the awe of an elder brother. And for a few years, our bond was still closer, because I worked on the staff of the "Bombay Chronicle;" no one, of course, worked under Brelvi but only with him, for all were his colleagues. A kinder, a more fair-minded and considerate "boss" could not be had. I called him "boss" in those days but he was incapable of bossing over anyone.

Wide Tolerance

Clive Bell says somewhere that it is a sign of culture not to lose your temper with your cook. And in this sense, too, Brelvi was truly cultured. However warm and animated the discussion, however great the provocation, he seldom, if ever, lost his temper. He only smiled and smiled while the temperature rose all round. His broad sense of humour made him tolerant of life's vagaries and men's foibles. He refused to be angry or petty. Like the poet, he welcomed life's rebuffs.

Serene Temper

To know Brelvi was to love him. His outstanding qualities which struck even a casual visitor or acquaintance were his serenity of temper, his sweet amiability, his innate gentleness. I do not think he ever hated or despised anyone in his life; even if he had to differ from someone, it was with an effort that he could express that difference, and to hear anybody abused caused him pain.

Lover Of Unity

He was not militant or bellicose; he was a lover of harmony and unity; he preferred peace to conflict just as instinctively as most of us prefer light to darkness. He was firm and even uncompromising in practising his own principles, but he was never dogmatic nor, indeed, ostentatious in his simplicity or pedantic in his precepts.

Understanding

"Judge not lest ye be judged", expressed, perhaps, a sub-conscious major premise of his reasoning. He was in the true sense of that misused word, a liberal—a believer in freedom and social justice, tolerant and generous, with charity towards all and malice towards none. He did not want to pry into others' secrets or to dictate to them how they should live and eat and dress and where they should spend their evenings; he did not think that he knew their business better than they.

No Puritan

One of his favourite quips was that the only vow he would take was that he would take no vows. Rigorous in his own moral standards, he had no "pose" nor even a puritanic zeal. He had no barriers and no taboos; preferences, yes but no exclusions. He would have endorsed Bertrand Russell's adage that one must be moderate even in the practice of virtues.

Socialist Impulse

And his feeling for the poor and the downtrodden was deep and genuine. For him, it was not a matter of patronising sympathy or peroration on the platform. Like everyone who does not permit his sensibility to be benumbed by comfortable living, he believed in the evolution of a more equitable social and economic order. His was not an ideological creed, it was a mental approach—a liberal outlook with a socialist impulse.

The "Bombay Chronicle"

Brelvi devoted all his talents and energies to the "Bombay Chronicle" and to journalism. It was a favourite observation of his that journalism in India was not a profession, it was a vocation, indeed a mission. The "Chronicle" and he became inseparable, like Chintamani and the "Leader", or Kalinath Roy and the "Tribune", or K. Natarajan and the "Indian Social Reformer". I once chaffed him, I remember, that he would not leave the "Chronicle" even if it became a Government Gazette.

The "Chronicle" was a reflection of Brelvi's personality, his temperament—even his little weaknesses. Through all its vicissitudes, the "Chronicle", under Brelvi, continued as a force towards unity, whether between communities or parties or classes. And owing to his eclectic nature, it has been a platform rather than a party organ, a forum and not an instrument of political warfare.

Honour And Truth

It may have had its limitations and faults. But, when journalism is exploited and debased for ulterior ends, when cheap sensationalism and communal rancour and narrow partisanship bring down its standards, when the ubiquitous power of money tends to influence the springs of public opinion and when the sphere of reason is being invaded for the safeguarding of this interest and the benefit of that group, Brelvi held aloft the torch—the torch of honour and truth,

Incorruptible

He was an incorruptible figure in the world of journalism. He inspired confidence even when he did not win consent. His moral integrity was one of the accepted facts of Indian public life—a fact which stood out amid his love of peace and compromise, his desire to avoid bitterness and harshness, his aversion to strife and conflict.

Even in the worst days of communal ill-will and fanaticism, he never wavered, never faltered but chose the straight and narrow path of righteousness and love. The way he faced the calumny of his own community and at times, even the unfair criticisms of those with whom he had cast in his lot was exemplary.

Unmoved

He was traduced, maligned and even spat upon; when he advocated moderation or compromise, he was misunderstood. But out of the abundance of a large heart, he never bore any grudge and always forgot and forgave. Such men spread sweetness and light.

The Day Of Agony

As I saw him in the agony of pain that Sunday evening, I said to myself, shame that such a fine man should suffer so much! But as I saw life slowly ebbing away and the last peaceful sleep coming over him, I could not take it all in. I could not believe that he was leaving us for ever.

Deceptive Peace

Next morning, as one saw him lying serenely on his bed, it was hard to believe that he would not open his eyes, smile sweetly and greet us. But that was an illusion.

He has gone to that land from which no traveller ever returns.

He is beyond praise and blame.

Time, they say, is a great healer. Our dear ones become memories and our moments with them turn into dreams.

Brelvi, too, is gone and slowly receding in the past.

But the fragrance of his memory will be with us while we live.

And if the meek ever inherit the earth, he will have an abiding place in the roll of honour.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Burma's Troubles

Says a Rangoon message, dated January 23: Eight insurgents were killed in clashes with Burmese Government troops in Bilugyun island, near Moulmein.....It is more than a year since Burma achieved her independence. But even before that independence was formalised, Burma sustained a heavy blow in the dastardly assassination of U. Aung San and his cabinet colleagues. Since then Burma has been undergoing troubles and trials which have not yet ended. The situation confronting Burma is complicated by the fact that the country is challenged by two separate types of "revolt." What is called the "communist" insurgence has little to commend itself. It is purely disruptive and cannot be justified especially in view of the fact that the regime against which it is directed is definitely Socialist. The other type is represented by the Karens. They are a distinct people and their aspirations to some sort of distinctive autonomy are not unreasonable. Given mutual sympathy and understanding a satisfactory settlement of the Burmese-Karen question is not unfeasible. And it is gratifying to every friend of Burma to note that the Thakin Nu Government is trying to achieve it. A Committee of Conciliation composed of representatives of both sides has been constituted and it is to be earnestly hoped that it succeeds in its objects. Once this success is attained, it will be possible for the Government speedily to restore peace and tranquility throughout Burma so that the country could resume its march along the road to progress and prosperity.

Timely Warning

Commenting on the Asian Conference, the eminent American paper, "the New York Herald Tribune" suggests that "the complexity of the political, social and economic systems represented in Asia today makes it easier for the Conference to declare against something—colonialism, for instance, which is a word which embraces a good many subtle distinctions—than to work constructively for something." We cannot imagine a more constructive work than work against colonialism. The Americans ought to understand this better than many. They "worked" against colonialism and they did so even though it was the colonialism of their own cousins, not of aliens in race, religion and culture. But this is not to say that we do not appreciate the main point that the paper makes or the sympathy and far-sightedness that it has shown. The paper rightly emphasises that Independent Asia must be dealt with as a sovereign power which it is now "impossible to coerce and dismiss" and that the conference "may have momentous consequences in shaping the future of the world." It is a timely warning to die-hard European imperialism and immediately to the Security Council.

What Netaji Taught

Twice President of the Congress, Subhas Chandra Bose, rebelled against the Congress and left it. But it was no ordinary rebellion. It was inspired by the impatience of burning patriotism. He demanded quicker pace and more dynamic action. It was this urge that took him out of India. He became a heroic legend and his activities and achievements an epic in the history of India. Who can say that the admiration that he evoked when alive and the honour that has been done to his memory are not deserved tributes to Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose? It was a grateful and proud Indian people that bowed to him on Sunday last. But while Netaji has died in the service of his country, he has left a lesson for his countrymen. To that lesson Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru referred when he said in his message for the Delhi public meeting: "Above all, he became a symbol of Indian unity. It is well to remember this more especially today when forces of disruption seek to weaken that unity. It is only by mutual tolerance and by working ceaselessly for Indian unity that we can build up a strong and prosperous nation." It is fitting that the people should pay homage to Netaji. But the memory of a great man is honoured only in honouring his work.

Low Morale

Speaking at Masulipatam, the Congress President once again appealed to Congressmen to pull themselves out of the depths to which the country had sunk. If these conditions continue, he said, we are bound to collapse. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, at Jamnagar, has been driving home lessons from the collapse of Chiang Kai-Shek's China from another angle. It is time, however, that our leaders sounded a less dismal note and inspired more confidence in themselves among the people. Too much concentration on the evils that must be avoided and averted, might easily lead to a further deepening of gloom and an acceptance of evil and anti-social things as inevitable. For years, the national idea served to inspire the people. But for almost a decade it has been felt that something needed to be added to it. What that something is, it is not easy to discover. Dr. Pattabhi has put forward the Congress constructive programme; Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel has called it peace. Everywhere, the feeling grows that a positive effort at unity is called for. M. Coue, the father of Auto-suggestion, said that whatever the will is in conflict with the imagination, it is the will that loses. The thing most necessary now is attention to the work that is nearest to one's hand. Pandit Jawaharlal touched on this truth when he regretted the failure of Labour to concern itself with greater efficiency in its work. It applies with even greater force to the administrator and public worker. If this is driven home, then there will be no need to indulge in lamentations over our morale.

The Durban Riots

A Reuter message from Durban, purporting to analyse the cause of the recent riots, says that observers are wondering how long it will be before the Africans turn against the Whites. The fact that the trouble broke out in Durban is attributed to the Africans there being "less urbanised" than elsewhere. Might it not also be that the South African Whites have been more provocative about Durban than about other parts of South Africa? General Smuts has never been tired of asserting that Durban is a White city and will remain White. And there are practical results of this anxiety which has been crystallised in the policy of successive South African Governments. The message mentions that about 80 per cent of the wealth and living space of the city is in White hands. What it does not say is that, when the Broome Commission sat to consider the fact of "Indian penetration", it was forced to make public mention of distorted evidence led by responsible Whites in Durban, even to the extent of putting up a fake map. The reason why the Africans turned against Indians, is obvious. They struck blindly at the weakest and most unprotected point.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

"Watchmen Of Kakoori Camp"

Sir,—I cannot understand why so many Gurkhas have been employed as watchmen for the Kakoori and Machhimar Camps. As far as I know those watchmen are drawing quite a decent salary for no work and if I am not mistaken their initial pay more or less exceeds that of a Bombay City Police Constable. To stop thefts in the camps, Government can very well ask the Commissioner of Police to loan some Policemen for night and day duties. And to balance the Police Budget, Housing Department can transfer to the Police Commissioner a Departme.... the amount they are now spending on these watchmen.

By posting Policemen and by removing Gurkha watchmen, people in the camp will have many advantages such as security, safety, facilities of buying vegetables and fruits, etc., etc., which they cannot buy at present due to restrictions imposed by these Gurkha Watchmen, who do not permit any seller to come in the Camp. Moreover, no shop is open in the Kakoori Camp from where residents can meet their needs. The only shop being in the Machhimar Camp, at present at a distance of about three furlongs from the main Kakoori Camp. The Machhimar Banias are charging very high prices due to circumstances and restrictions imposed in the camps.

I appeal to the Honourable Premier of the Bombay Government and the Housing Board to compel the authorities to either open all the shops in the Camp of Kakoori which are lying closed since a year or allow outside sellers to come in. By permitting outside sellers in the camp, we can purchase things at competitive prices.—Yours, etc.

N. P. T. NAIR.

An Unfair Comment

Sir,—With reference to your two notes in "Frankly Speaking" on Mr. S. K. Patil's explanation to the B.P.C.C., about the Bombay City South Muslim seat in the Bombay Assembly, may I say that you are not quite fair to Mr. Patil on whom the whole responsibility was placed for tking a decision and who has shouldered it squarely. He has been frank enough to admit that he made a wrong selection and is fully prepared to abandon it—even, I should say going so far as to sacrifice his candidate —to save his party. All he wants is that Mr. Meherally should make the first move. Why should you not have asked Mr. Meherally to give the signal, instead of asking Mr. Patil for "unconditional surrender"? This is my questioin.

Yours etc.,
G. L SAYID

Which Advisers?

Sir.—In his speech explaining Mr. Dedanwalla's candidature for the Bombay Assembly bye-election, Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the B P C C has referred to those who advised him in the selection. He also is reported to have said, though you have failed ta report it that the late Mr. S. A. Brelvi spoke to him about the inadvisability of opposing Mr. Meherally, when the latter's candidature was known. For the sake of clear thinking and future avoidance of error, may not the public know who were the advisers in the first instance? Mr. Patil referred to the "strange part" played by the "Fourth Party" or Muslim Leaguers of the pre-partition days. The constituency was an old Muslim League one. I should not be surprised if Mr. Dedanwala himself was a follower of the Quad-e-Azam. Could not Mr. Patil find better guides than these communalists who have let him down? Did he consult Mr. Brelvi who was a trusted and experienced Congressman before his choice? It seems that after all we Muslims are not yet to be freed of the yoke of communal leaders.

Yours etc.
B. SHEIKH

Party Politics

Sir,—I am surprised at the attitude taken up by Sri S. K. Patil, and supported by you, on the question of Mr. Meherally's candidature. Mr. Meherally's services to the Congress and his long record of devotion are no doubt very creditable. But he is a party-man and the Socialistas have of their own free will broken from the Congress. The leaders of this new party are loudly proclaiming that there must be an opposition for the country to be really democratic Since they want the party system, they should get it with a vengeance. Surely neither, you nor Mr. Patil maintain that Mr. Meherally has done more for the Congress than the Congress has done for him; or, to put it more pointedly, why should the Congress care more for Mr. Meherally than Mr. Meherally cares for the Congress.

Yours etc.
D. S. PATEL,

Why Not Interested

Sir,—Will you or any of your readers explain why, as the B.P.C.C. President put it the other day, the Congress is not interested in the Bombay South Muslim election to the Provincial Assembly? We have a secular State and it is true that communal electorates are dying thing. But is it not necessary that we should try to get the best possible men for the Legislatures? Because partition has left the Muslim constituencies in a void is it any reason that Nationalist Muslims, or Muslim Nationalists as they must more correctly be called, should fight shy of elections? Why this stepmotherly attitude on the part of Mr. Patil and the Bombay Congress? After all the hubbub over the public conduct resolution of the Jaipur Congress one would have thought that those who asked for a greater sense of responsibility in those who occupied legislative or ministerial seats. Yet we have a public admission that Mr. Dedanwala is a poor representative, either for his constituency or for the Congress. Should not Congress Committees exercise care in selecting men, regardless of who might be put on the other side to oppose them?

Yours, etc.
ADDA RAMA

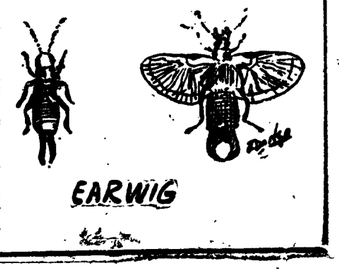
MADRAS, Jan. 24 (API).—The Madras Government had taken shares to the extent of Rs. 40 lakhs in the Travancore Fertilizers Limited, Alwaye, said Mr. H. Sitarama Reddi, Industries Minister, at question-time in the Assembly today.

The factory had started production and a portion of the fertiliser requirements of the Province was being met by the concern, added the Minister.

OPEN AIR

Allied to the Cockroach and Mantis, but very different from both in appearance is the Earwig, a small insect which hides away by day in the heart of a flower or in some dark crevice, and comes out at night to feed. Its food consists mainly of decayed vegetable matter, though it also eats and enjoys the petals of sweet-scented flowers or the sweet juices of some fruits. If an Earwig comes into the house we can easily recognise it by its long narrow body which bears at the end a pair of sharp, curved pincers. When at rest it is difficult to imagine that the insect can fly, for its transparent flying wings are tightly folded away and hidden under a very small pair of wing-cases. The Earwig has always had an undeservedly bad reputation for going into the ear while we sleep and damaging the ear drum, though how this superstition arose nobody seems to know. Actually the Earwig is perfectly harmless, and it uses its pincers only in self defence. The Earwig is, I think, the only insect with any sense of maternal responsibility, for when she has laid her eggs in some moist spot she watches over them carefully until they hatch out. Should the first place become too dry, she moves them carefully, one by one, to a more suitable spot and leaves them only when the larvae are able to look after themselves.

D. R.



SARDAR INAUGURATES SAURASHTRA CONSEMBLY

Commends Sacrifices Of Rulers & Pleads For Co-operation With People

RAJPRAMUKH ANNOUNCES DONATION OF RS. 15 LAKHS FOR GANDHI MEMORIAL FUND

RAJKOT, Jan. 24 (API): Inaugurating the Saurashtra Constituent Assembly here this morning, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of States, urged the Princes and the people of India to co-operate in the tasks ahead.

A large and distinguished gathering heard Sardar Patel in pindrop silence. The Jamsaheb of Nawanagar, Rajpramukh of Saurashtra, and ministers of Saurashtra received Sardar Patel when he arrived at the hall where the Assembly met and conducted him to the dais amidst cheers. Among those present were Mr N V. Gadgil, Government of India's Minister for Works, Mines and Power, the Raja of Dhrangadhra, officials and non-officials.

Integration Completed

Inaugurating the Assembly Sardar Patel said:

"I have come on this historic occasion at the invitation of the Rajpramukh Maharaja Jamsaheb of Nawanagar. He was very keen on my coming here to inaugurate the first Constituent Assembly of Saurashtra. Ordinarily, it would have been not necessary for me to come here I came here to inaugurate the Saurashtra Union and to administer the oath of office to the Jamsaheb last year. Now broadly, the integration of Saurashtra has been completed and an obstruction in the way of complete unification of Saurashtra has been removed (Sardar Patel made a reference obviously to Junagadh). The danger of Balkanisation, which threatened us in India, is now over. The rulers can take justifiable pride in having played their part in the writing of this new history of India.

A NEW CHAPTER

"A new chapter in the history of Saurashtra is being written at this juncture and we must understand the aim of it. There were about five to six hundred States in India. It was no easy task to bring the new order into the States. But we can all congratulate ourselves that though the significance of these changes may not be fully realised by us now, history will record it in unmistakable terms. If we shall play our part well, the future of India will also be bright. The manner in which we achieved the independence of India has astonished the whole world Without having gone to war we secured it by a new weapon. It was Mahatma Gandhi who brought that new technique. A new weapon was created in a world full of violence. One hopes that the day will come when the salvation of the whole world will also be achieved through that medium. The world is placing its trust on our technique of non-violence. It now depends on us to increase and further demonstrate its efficacy. We should not forget the great lesson taught to us by Mahatma Gandhi. The whole world should be converted to that way of life and thought.

"We are unfortunately not fully prepared to follow that path. Our prestige has gone high because of Mahatma Gandhi People are praising the manner in which we have achieved integration of the States without violence or bloodshed and by peaceful means and co-operation and in a spirit of cordiality. In this one and all of us have a hand. We bust understand clearly the responsibility that we have to shoulder. The Congress, the party that fought the battle of freedom and won independence, must not think in terms of loss or gain in elections. We are all collected here with spirit of service. The voters have cast their votes in the interests of Saurashtra. This is the first democratic Assembly in Saurashtra for which we must thank God. We should not think in terms of parties and petty rivalries. We must pray to God to give us strength to fulfil our duty May he bless us to enable us to fulfil the work ahead of us.

GANDHIJI'S RAJKOT FAST RECALLED

Recalling the critical days of Mahatma Gandhi's fast in 1938, Sardar Patel said: "In those days we were thinking that it was no use fighting with the princes now because they themselves were not free agents under foreign rule. In those days, I believed with Mahatma Gandhi that the minute they became independent, they too would play their patriotic part Everyone wants the 'kumkum' and not a blackmark to be placed on his forehead As independent rulers, they also preferred the same Generally speaking my experience of the princes during the last year has convinced me that what Mahatma Gandhi thought has turned out correct. Today, the union of Saurashtra and the solidarity of India are a fact Our task in the future will be easier if we have the sincere cooperation of the rulers. If some of them prefer to remain neutral and think that after having surrendered authority they had no responsibility, it will also be detrimental to the country's interest

RULERS' SACRIFICE

Abandonment of power involves a huge sacrifice and they have surrendered their states willingly, voluntarily, and consciously It is not a new thing in the history of India for the rulers volunteering to give up their "gadis" In India there have been innumerable instances of such abnegation History will take cognisance of these rulers for their acts of sacrifice I appeal to them: "If you find any shortcomings in the people or their leaders you must not flinch from your duty. If we find faults with each other and indulge in disputes, it will lead us nowhere but on the contrary we should try to love each other and be friendly. "On this occasion of the inauguration of the Constituent Assembly of Saurashtra, I want the best wishes and sincere co-operation of those who have made it possible for us to have a democratic union of Saurashtra.

WILL SAURASHTRA GIVE LEAD TO INDIA?

"Mahatma Gandhi was very keen on the formation of Saurashtra. He was talking to me about it only a few hours before his death and he expressed his great joy in this achievement. If Saurashtra is to digest the teachings of Mahatma Gandhi Saurashtra must think in terms of giving a lead to India.

"I am indebted to you all and the Rajpramukh for having given me this opportunity to speak to you. I consider it to be a religious duty to complete the still unfinished work of Gandhiji and that has inspired me to come here. Please try to remember always what I have said about your duty and responsibility. March on the path in the spirit of service and without harbouring notions of distinctions, high and low".

RAJPRAMUKH THANKS SARDAR

The Rajpramukh of Saurashtra, thanking Sardar Patel for having accepted their invitation to inaugurate the Assembly said "I can assure you on behalf of my brother princes that we shall not do anything which will tarnish the name of Mahatma Gandhi and disturb the soul of Mahatma Gandhi in eternal peace.

"I also hope that with the blessings of Mahatma Gandhi, the people of Saurashtra also will not forget the teachings of Mahatma Gandhi and will keep the name of Saurashtra prominently written in letters of gold".

Congratulating Sardar Patel for the consolidation that had been achieved in the country, the Jamsaheb said "I hope and pray that God give you strength and long life to make India united and one. When that stage comes, Saurashtra will not lag behind."

The Rajpramukh earlier announced the decision of the Government of Saurashtra to contribute Rs. 15 lakhs towards the Gandhi Memorial Fund.

Ahmedabad Civic Address To Nehru

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 24. (A. P. I.): The Ahmedabad Municipality resolved today to present an address of welcome to India's Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru when he arrives here on February 12 for the first time after assuming office in free India. If time permits the Municipality will also request Pt. Nehru to unveil the bust of late Mr. Vithalbhai Patel near the Town Hall.

Stop Press

RANGOON-MANDALAY RAIL LINK CUT

RANGOON, Jan. 24 (Reuter).—Burma's main trunk railway line between Rangoon and Mandalay has been disrupted by insurgents who blew up a bridge near Toungoo, in Central Burma.

Insurgents also cut telegraph wires in the area.

ISRAELI-EGYPTIAN TALKS

RHODES, Jan. 24 (UPA).—The United Nations official spokesmen today said that Israeli-Egyptian armistice negotiations are continuing "satisfactorily" and that no showdown is imminent.

MALAN'S LATEST

CAPETOWN, Jan. 24 (Reuter).—Dr. Daniel Malan, South African Prime Minister, today announced that the Government's legal advisers believed Parliament might, by a bare majority vote, remove coloured votes from joint voters rolls and abolish native representation.

"In our view no special procedure is necessary to ensure the validity of the contemplated legislation", the advisers said.

TROUBLE IN PARAGUAY AGAIN

POSADAS, Argentina, Jan. 24—(UPA).—Unconfirmed reports from Asuncion said that on Sunday night a revolution had broken out in Paraguay against the regime of President Juan Natalicio Gonzales.

OIL FIND SOUTH OF SUEZ

CAIRO, Jan. 24 (UPA).—The Standard Oil Company of Egypt, a subsidiary of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, reported today that it had struck oil some 120 miles south of Suez.

NIMITZ CONFIDENT

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24 (Reuter).—Fleet Admiral Chester W. Nimitz, former United States Navy Chief of Staff, said today he was confident that America could "render useless any enemy bases in the far Western Pacific which might threaten the United States."

SARDAR AT BARODA RULER'S PARTY

THE MAHARAJA OF BARODA AND SARDAR PATEL SEEN AT THE GARDEN PARTY GIVEN BY THE FORMER.

BIRLA WARNS GOVERNMENT

(Continued from Page 1)

foreign capital and supply of technical equipment on the basis of mutual co-operation.

"HOLD THE SCALES EVEN"

The removal of transport difficulties would also facilitate stepping up the production, said Sir Homi Modi. He added the Government had instituted every conceivable type of control over the industries, over the price, distribution, imports and spare parts, production, expansion and finally over the dividends. The finance Minister also wanted control of Capital of the industry. This sort of thing drove the industrialists to desperation. He suggested that there should also be an adequate control over Labour. If production should be stepped up, they should hold the scales even.

Mr. Khandubhai Desai (Textile Labour) criticised Sir Homi's observations and said that such speeches from capitalists created apprehension and nervousness in the common man. They met at a conference as co-workers to find out methods by which production was increased with a view to raising the standards of the common man. He claimed that the working class had responded to the call of an Industrial Truce announced a year ago. Labour wanted not only more production but efficient and intelligent production as well and had decided to help the country towards economic recovery.

MINIMUM & MAXIMUM WAGE

As regards industrial disputes, Mr. Desai said that unless there was an alternative solution to the weapon of strike, strikes would be inevitable so long as the conditions of Labour were not improved. He suggested that there should be automatic reference of Labour disputes to the Industrial Court if either party to the dispute desired. Mr. Desai also suggested the levelling up of salaries and said that the minimum earning should be fixed at Rs. 100/- a month and the maximum limit should not exceed Rs. 1250/-.

Sir Shri Ram pledged the wholehearted support of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce to the Government. He said that in the case of many industries, their finances had reached the lowest limit while their godowns were full. The purchasing power was not so high as some suggested. The main cause for the present situation was that due to the very high price of food the cost of living of the lower middle class people had gone up considerably.

NEED FOR BOARD OF TRADE

Referring to the general trade policy, Sir Shri Ram suggested the conversion of the present Tariff Board into a sort of a Board of Trade,—as in the United Kingdom—with wide powers. He also pleaded for uniform Labour laws all over the country. He suggested the abolition of the Capital Gains Tax as a means of encouraging the development of industries.

Mr. Ashok Mehta complained that the Government had not been sympathetic towards Labour in the matter of settling industrial disputes. He cited the instance of a Labour dispute in Coimbatore. After the policy of decontrol, the prices had gone up and the workers felt that there must be relationship between the dearness allowance they should get and the cost of living index.

He said that scarcity in some cases was created by Capitalists. According to his information, there were stocks of textile goods in Bombay Mills valued at over Rs. 17 crores. He said that Capitalists were not fulfilling the functions for which they were permitted to remain as such. Holding that the various recommendations of the Conference held last year still remained to be carried out, he said that the most important recommendation, namely the appointment of a Standing Committee, was yet to be implemented.

Mr. Harihar Nath Shastri said that unless Government brought down prices, an explosive situation would develop. The Government should proceed with their programme without any fear or favour.

WHY CAPITAL IS SHY

Mr. G. D. Birla said that the industrial community was determined to give wholehearted co-operation to the Government to increase the production. He added: "There is no question of nervousness. There was a time when nervousness was fully justified and I must admit that steps have been taken to restore confidence. If today capital is not forthcoming, there were various other reasons".

Mr. Birla then referred to the need for increased production. He said that the question could not be separated from various factors like foreign trade, internal resources and external supply. Although at present, Kashmir was out of the picture, there was still a great strain on the revenues of the Government and they had to cut down expenditure. They should not forget that in 1950 there was going to be a serious gap in Incometax Revenue which was at present the main source. Profits were fast disappearing and ultimately it would have a very serious effect on the revenue position of the Government of India. This was one of the points which the Government should keep before themselves when they are thinking of the new investment and saving policy.

GLOOMY PROSPECT FOR TEXTILE INDUSTRY

Refuting the claim that the industrial production figure was favourable in 1948, Mr. Birla said the production had no doubt improved as compared to 1947 but 1947 output was far below the productive capacity. It was the worst period, because of political upheaval, too many holidays and industrial disputes. Production in 1948 had improved but was not going up. The position of cotton was very serious. If that position continued, textile mills would have to close down within two months. The Government must take steps to prevent any such contingency. Failure to do so would have a serious consequence on the economy of the country. He also ridiculed the "myth of surplus purchasing power", and said that even the purchasing power of the agriculturists who had profited by the inflation was gradually drying up.

Mr. Birla emphasised his need for a highpower board to solve labour, capital and transport problems. He said that unless there was a high power board, who would be able to take decisions and give directions, there would be no progress.

Miss Maniben Kara said that Labour was most interested in speeding up production. The Government must be clear in their conception why they wanted increased production.

The Conference adjourned to meet in the afternoon "in camera."

(See Page 10)

Special Postal Marks On Jan. 30

NEW DELHI, Jan. 24.

To commemorate the first death anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi, all postal articles on the 30th January will be impressed with a postal mark bearing the slogan "May God grant sense to every one" a quotation from the Mahatma's favourite prayer song. This postal mark will be used in important Post Offices in India.

In Delhi Post Offices, stamps will be cancelled with the postal mark bearing the same quotation.

GANDHI MEMORIAL FUND

Pattabhi's Appeal To Nation To Make Up Rupees Ten Crores

NEW DELHI, Jan. 24. (A.P.I.): Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Congress President, urges everyone in the country to contribute his mite towards the Gandhi National Memorial Fund.

In an appeal to the Nation, he says: "There is no greater tragedy than that when the Father of the Nation has passed away, the sons should have to be prodded, time and again, to keep his memory fresh in the mind of the nation by building up institutions worthy of the great departed soul.

"It is a matter for sorrow that Andhra, which has never lagged behind in furnishing the required quota allotted to it, whether as it be in 1921 or in regard to the Kasturba Memorial Fund, should take the last place amongst the provinces of India with only a low four figure amount. But apart from any particular province, the response of the whole country is inadequate and not commensurate with public expectations in this behalf.

"Usually, Government officers took a back place if they had any place at all, in public subscription lists. But today it is gratifying to note that they are marching with the nation. How dare the non-official world lag behind when the officials are moving forward so quickly and so prominently?

"During the few days that are left to us, it is for the nation to make her best efforts and strive to complete to make up, in all, ten crores at least."

PUBLIC HOLIDAY ON JANUARY 30

HYDERABAD, Jan. 24. (U.P.I.): January 30, the first death anniversary day of Mahatma Gandhi, has been declared a public holiday throughout the Dominion, says a Press Note issued by the Military Government, Hyderabad.

Fast Against Hindu Endowments Bill

MADRAS, Jan. 24 (API): Swami Satyananada Saraswathi, founder of the All-India Sanatana Dharma Acharana Sangha, told reporters here today that he "has gone on a fast unto death from this morning as a protest against the recent decision of the Provincial Congress Legislature Party to introduce the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Bill in the Madras Assembly immediately.

The Swami, who was seen squatting infront of the Secretariat buildings, however, said the bill should at least be postponed till after the 1948 constitution had been adopted.

'ARMY SHOULD NOT TAKE PART IN POLITICS'

C-In-C's Appeal To Public To Develop Secular Mentality

NEW DELHI, Jan. 24 (API): General K. M. Cariappa, who met pressmen today for the first time after he took over as Commander-in-Chief of the Indian Army stated that the army would always be at the service of the State. The State was the servant of the people and therefore the army was at the service of the people.

Stating that his "new cap" was warring very heavily on his head, General Cariappa stated that this heaviness was to a certain extent lightened by the knowledge that the Press in India had, as a whole, been very helpful to him and the Army.

In discharging its duty to the people and the country as a whole, the army must be guarded against the possibility and dangers of getting mixed up with politics. He was sure the Press would agree that it was highly desirable that the army must not be encouraged to take sides in politics. The army was there to implement the decisions of their Government when it became necessary and to provide for safety and security which the large masses of the people had a right to demand in times of emergency. Recalling that when he was in Bannu commanding a brigade, he had with success persuaded the local politicans that they must request army personnel attending political meetings to withdraw, General Cariappa suggested that this could, with advantage, be adopted elsewhere too. When he said that men in the army should not get mixed up with politics, he did not suggest that they should keep themselves aloof from the developments in the country, politically, economically or in any other sphere.

General Cariappa recalled the various humanitarian activities of the Army such as education and looking after refugees and said that the general public could, with advantage, emulate the army in the matter of discipline and the secular mentality which pervaded the Army.

ADVICE TO FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS

Turning to foreign correspondents, General Cariappa appealed to them to dispel any impression that might have been created in some foreign countries that after the departure of the British the efficiency of the army had deteriorated. He would say nothing beyond stating that the proof of the pudding was in the eating of it.

Referring to the cease-fire in Kashmir, the Commander-in-Chief stated that during his meeting with the Commander-in-Chief of the Pakistan Army, General Gracey, they had both agreed that their men on either side of the front line might be allowed to contact and mix with one another.

Liberals Lead In Jap Elections

TOKYO, Jan. 24. (Reuter): Premier Yoshida's Democratic Liberal Party (Conservative) had tonight won the Japanese general elections to the Lower House with a clearcut majority, gaining 262 of the 466 seats.

Final party strengths were:
Democratic Liberals 262.
Democrats 70.
Socialists 49.
Communists 36.
Peoples Co-operatives 13.
Minor Parties and Independents 36.

Challenge To Opposition

(Continued from Page 1)

at present were very inadequate. Prenatal-care centres, maternity wards and post-natal clinics were very few, considering the large population of the City. He wanted that the Municipality should provide at least 5000 beds for maternity requirements.

REDEEMING FEATURE

Mr. J. D. Daruwalla, the first speaker to address the House, today, said that a redeeming feature of the budget was that there was no additional burden imposed on the people. He felt, however, that rate-payers were not getting commensurate amenities for what they paid.

He said that the fact that budgets with over-estimated revenues were put up year, after year, indicated that there was something radically wrong with the machinery that prepared them.

He held the view that it would be more advantageous to re-organise the present machinery rather than establish a separate Finance Department.

Mr. Gordhandas G. Morarji, speaking next said that there was nothing startling in the budget to scare away those people who said that those who drew it had bungled. It was just another annual occurrence.

'NO WASTE' BUDGET

He thought that none could point a finger of scorn at the framers of the budget and say that the Corporation had wasted money.

The Municipality's assets amounted to Rs. 32 crores, whereas its debts to the public and Government were just Rs. 13 to 14 crores.

All this showed, he said, that the Municipality was as sound a body as it could possibly be.

He wondered how criticism could be levelled that the interests of the employees had been neglected. Eighty-eight lakhs of rupees which was paid as Dearness Allowance, went into the pockets of the workers.

CHALLENGE TO CRITICS

He wanted to know what those who criticised merely for the sake of "opposition" would have done, if they were running the Municipality.

"Is there any constructive suggestion that has been turned down by the majority party"? he asked, and added that the Municipal financial structure as it was today, would not allow anybody to do anything more than what was being done.

"What better could they do?" he queried and assured the oppositionists that if any reasonable and sensible, but not sentimental proposal was brought by them, the majority party would certainly consider it and if it was worthy of acceptance, do so.

MUNICIPAL BANK

He advocated the need for a Municipal Bank and suggested that if such a bank was established, it would result in increased funds for the Municipality as it would save the expenditure incurred on commissions paid to local banks for financial transactions (such as loans etc.) carried out by them on behalf of the Municipality. He also urged the Accounts Department to be more vigilant.

Mr. Aziz H. Lalji said that the Corporation's expenditure was in the neighbourhood of Rs. 7 crores, out of which the Establishment and Debt Charges alone took over Rs. 5½ crores. In 1949-50, the Municipality had estimated an expenditure about Rs. 60 lakhs more than the current year. Out of this amount Rs. 5 lakhs more were given to the Schools Committee, another Rs. 5 lakhs were allotted for increased debt charges. Nearly Rs. 27 lakhs more were provided for Dearness Allowance and increased amenities in various Departments.

LOAN ACCOUNTS

Regarding the item of "loan accounts" he pointed out that full particulars had been furnished on earlier occasions, when debates on the Vaitarna-cum-Tansa Scheme took place.

Mr. Lalji referred to a grievance of Mr. Noshir Bharucha that no particulars had been supplied with regard to expenditure on miscellaneous items amounting to Rs. 52 lakhs.

The speaker who had made a detailed study of the budget and scrutinised it thoroughly could say that the particulars were there.

FOLLOW BRITISH METHOD

He suggested that the Corporation should resort to borrowing and by means of public loans augment its finances as was done by the Municipal Boroughs in England and elsewhere. Care, however, should be exercised to see how the money was utilised, he added. He felt that an increase in the Property Tax would result in the depreciation of the prices of properties.

Mr. Lalji wanted the Municipality to make use of the vast open spaces which belonged to it, for the construction of tenements, godowns and industrial buildings. Such a step, he said would bring the Municipality additional revenue.

DEMANDS OF WORKERS

Principal L. N. Wellingkar, said that the majority party, not only in the Corporation but throughout the country where it was in power, resisted the legitimate demands of workers.

The workers demands were based on the mounting structure of prices. Either prices had to be brought down or proportionate increase in Dearness Allowance had to be sanctioned.

He wanted the Property Tax to be increased, but in doing so, he did not want that it should be passed on to the tenants.

The debate will continue tomorrow.

People IN THE NEWS

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Governor of Bombay received Mr. H. R. Henderson.

The Governor unveiled the bust of Sir Purshottam Das Thakurdas at the premises of the Oriental Life Assurance Company, where he was received by Sir Joseph Kay.

MRS. PANDIT

NEW DELHI, Jan. 24 (UPI): Shrimati Vijayalakshmi Pandit, India's Ambassador in Moscow, is scheduled to leave for Prague on January 26.

V. P. MENON FOR BHOPAL

NEW DELHI, Jan. 24 (API): Mr. P. V. Menon, Advisor to the States Ministry, left for Bhopal this morning to discuss with the Nawab the situation in the state. Mr. Menon is expected to return here tomorrow.

C. R. SRINIVASAN

MADRAS, Jan. 24 (API): At the first meeting of the Madras Board of the Reserve Bank of India held here this morning Mr. C. R. Srinivasan, editor "Swadesamitram", was unanimously elected President of the Board.

MR. M. P. PATIL

Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Forests and Agriculture, will leave Bombay for Sholapur on the night of Friday, January 28. He will return to Bombay on the morning of Sunday, January 30.

MR. B. G. KHER

Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, and Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Agriculture and Forests, will leave Bombay on a tour of North Kanara District, on Monday, January 31. They will visit Alnavar, Haliyal and Ganae Sanctuary and Skidding Operations and the Saw Mill at Dandeli on February 1, Yellopur, Sirsi, Siddapur and Jog Falls on February 2, Mungod on February 3 and Indoor Refugee Colony and Hubli, on February 4. They will return to Bombay on Saturday, February 5.

MAULANA AZAD

CALCUTTA, Jan. 24 (API): Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Education Minister arrived in Calcutta this afternoon by air from Delhi and is staying at Government House. Maulana Azad is expected to stay in the city for about four days.

BHOPAL WOMEN DEFY POLICE

MERGER MOVEMENT LEADER'S TELEGRAM TO RULER

BHOPAL, Jan. 23. (A. P. I.): The Bhopal police today cordoned off a gathering of women who had collected around a portrait of Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose on the occasion of the birthday celebrations of Subhas Chandra Bose. The women tried to form a procession but later dispersed peacefully.

Two arrests were made in Bhopal city today.

Thakur Lalji Singh, President of the Bhopal Ad Hoc Congress Committee and leader of the present movement in the state (at present in jail) has, it is understood, addressed a letter to the Nawab of Bhopal urging his intervention "in stopping the police repression and atrocities. He is also said to have asked the ruler to set up an enquiry commission presided over by a high court judge to go into this question.

Dr. Shankar Dayal Sharma, one of the political prisoners arrested in connection with the merger movement is reported to have gone on a 30 hour hunger strike as a protest against the alleged police excesses and Thakur Lall Singh is reported to have drawn the Ruler's attention to this fast also.

'HINDUSTAN TIMES' CORRESPONDENT ARRESTED

(From Our Correspondent)

BHOPAL, Jan. 24.

Mr. Suryanarayan Sharma, "Hindustan Times" special correspondent, now in Bhopal, has been arrested by State authorities this morning while performing reporting duty.

INDIA'S HOLY TRINITY

Jamsaheb Unveils Portraits Of Gandhiji, Nehru And Sardar

RAJKOT, Jan. 24 (API).—Unveiling the portraits of Mahatma Gandhi, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Sardar Patel at Connaught Hall, where the Saurashtra Constituent Assembly met this morning, the Rajpramukh of Saurashtra Jamsheb of Nawanagar said that on the Indian scene Mahatma Gandhi, Pandit Nehru and Sardar Patel where like the Holy Trinity of Brahma, Vishnu and Siva. Unfortunately India had lost Mahatma Gandhi. But, he prayed that Pandit Nehru and Sardar Patel might live long enough to serve the country further.

The Rajpramukh thanked his Ministers for their co-operation and said: "Myself and my Ministers have worked as a team and family."

After the Rajpramukh's speech, Mrs. Pushpa Ben Mehta was unanimously elected to preside over the deliberations of the day.

The Chief Justice of Saurashtra administed the oath of office to Mrs. Mehta. The members were then collectively administered oath of office by the President.

Not Guilty Of Ritual Murder

MASERU (Basutoland), Jan. 24. (Reuter): Basuto Chieftain Lerato Letsie and six followers were found not guilty here today of the ritual murder of a twelve-year-old boy early in December.

BOMBAY Stock Exchange

Bombay Dyeing Shares Improve But Steels Quiet

Bombay, Jan. 24.

The local Share Bazar was quietly steady under restricted business. There was more inclination to await the decision of the Central Advisory Council of Industries which is meeting at Delhi to-day. The market is interested to know something about the nationalisation of some industries. The industrial production is increasing but tight position of money market is discouraging buyers.

Tata Steel Defd shares opened to-day at Rs. 1635 and steadied at Rs. 1637 Ordinary shares were quoted at Rs 293. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs 962 and improved at Rs. 970. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 277 and steadied at Rs. 278. Simplex shares were placed at Rs. 177. Tata Oils opened at Rs 59 and improved at Rs. 60 Scindia shares opened at Rs. 20-12 and steadied at Rs. 20-11.

Later on the market was steady with a limited turnover. Tata Steel Defds after improving at Rs. 1640 steadied at Rs. 1637-8. Ordinary Shares were placed at Rs. 293-8. Bombay Dyeings changed hands at Rs. 968-8. Kohinoors were quoted at Rs 277-8 while Gokaks were placed at Rs. 267. Nagpurs were done at Rs. 240-8. Bombay Burmas were quoted at Rs. 310 and Bellapurs were placed at Rs. 225. Premier Constructions were done at Rs. 139. Associated Cements were quoted at Rs. 153-8. Closing tone was quietly steady.

FORWARD SECTION

Bombay Dyeing (12-8)	968	12
Khinoor Mills (6)	278	0
Swadeshi Mills (22)	276	8
Central India Mills (4)	240	8
Simplex Mills (8) XD	176	12
New Great Eastern (10)	157	0
Indore (9 plus 3)	171	4
Gokak Mills (20) XD	267	0
Century-Spinning (15)	230	0
Colaba (12)	150	0
India Bleaching (6)	150	0
Swan Mills (20)	309	8
Finlay Mills (15)	267	0
Morarji Goculdas XD	473	8
Edward Sassoon (30) XR	240	0
Meyer (12) XD	115	0
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2	14
India United Ord. (0-13-9)	11	2
India United Defd. (0-1-6)	1	9
Madhusudan Mills (15)	190	0
Podar (8)	145	0
Khatau Makanji (8)	207	8
Indore Coupon	84	0
STEEL SHARES		
Tata Steel Ord (14)	293	4
Tata Steel Defd (64-15)	1640	0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (7-8)	138	0
CEMENT		
Associated Cement (5)	153	12
INDUSTRIES		
Burma (12-8) XD	310	0
Belapur Sugar (9) XD	225	0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	28	8
Scindia Steam (1-4)	20	11
Premier Construction	139	0
Tata Chemical	12	12
Tata Oil (2)	59	0
Indian Iron (0-12) XD	23	3
Bengal Steel (0-8-0)	20	13
British India Corp (0-10)	8	2
1 Copper	2	4
Wimco XR	190	0
Alcock	281	4
Belapur Coupon	60	0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS		
Elphinstone Mills (5)	68	0
Phoenix Mills (50) XR	220	0
Indian Manufacturing XD	4450	0
Koorla Mills (8)	131	4
David Mills (6)	191	6
New City Mills (10)	181	4
Minerva Mills (12)	121	4
Bradbury Mills (12)	587	8
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	6	0
Bharat Mills (2)	31	0
Mysore Spg Mills (8)	172	8
Madhavji Dharamsi (6-12)	15	0
Model Mills (12-8) XD	178	12
Lakshmi Cotton (25) XD	600	0
Vanuu Cotton (8) XD	222	8
Western India (40) XD	4070	0
Standard Mills (15)	245	0
Sholapur Mills (200)	3500	0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	16	8
Hindustan Mills (40)	4225	0
Tata Mills (2)	48	0
Ahmedabad Advance Old (9)	270	10
Ahmedabad Advance New	196	0
Sassoon Silk (3)	77	8
New Union Mills (0-8)	13	1
Madhusudan B (2-8)	35	0
Srinivas Mills (8)	170	0
Ram Bahadur Poona (4)	100	0
Berar Mills	280	0
Victoria Mills	220	0
Colaba Land Coupon	43	0
New Great New	142	0
ELECTRIC SHARES		
Tata Hydro (4-4-0)	154	8
Andhra Valley (45)	1415	0
Tata Power (50)	1502	8
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	116	4
Ahmedabad New	12	6
Surat Electricity (2-8)	143	8
Karachi Electric (2)	127	8
Broach (0-8)	10	12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10	7
Amalgamated (0-12)	12	4
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26	8
Poona Electric Supply (8)	150	0
Bombay Suburban (3) XD	143	4
BANK SHARES		
Imperial Bank of India (35) XD	1775	0
Imperial Bank of India (8-12) XD	436	4
Central Bank Old (1-8)	89	0
Central Bank New (1-8)	88	8
Bank of India (4) XR	192	0
Union Bank of India (05)	7	10
Bank of Baroda (2-8)	139	0
Hansh Bank (4)	158	0
Devaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	52	0
United Commercial (1-8)	59	0
Hindustan Commercial	40	12
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	35	4
Mysore Bank (8)	265	8
Exchange Bank (1-8)	29	8
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	108	0
INSURANCE		
Oriental (125) XD	4280	0
Empire (10)	675	0
New India (1-8)	56	0
Jupiter (1-4)	41	0
Vulcan (0-10	11	12
Indian Mercantile (2)	39	8
Universal (0-4)	11	4
B.I.G (1)	17	4
Industrial and Prudential	29	8
Neptune Assurance	9	6
New Great	35	0
All-India General	17	8
RAILWAY SHARES		
Central Provinces (1-14)	112	0
Pachora Jumner Rly (2-8)	120	0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES		
Bombay Steamer (10)	373	12
Bombay Burma New (5)	112	8
Burma Petrol	1	4
Mackenzie (6)	90	0
Port Canning (3)	67	0
Kemp and Co. (20)	442	4
Kemp and Co. (New)	442	8
Zenda Pharmacy (1)	150	8
Industrial Invest Trust (4)	89	8
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	34	8
Mukund Iron	19	0
Dena Trust (0-12)	21	0
Alembic (15)	203	12
Associated Cement New (1-4)	144	0
Supreme India XR	123	12
Jam Wire (6)	67	8
Bombay Uganda	69	0
Bombay Motor Cycle	34	0
Indian Cement (1937)	25	0
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	145	0
United Motor	74	0
Associated Cement New (1-4)	144	8
Bombay Safe Deposit (37)	1002	8
Hydari Construction	19	10
Mahmadi Steam	96	0
Gujarat Motor	20	0
Sardar Carbonic XD	150	0
Harvey Press	310	0
Estrela Batteries	91	0
Prince of Wales Press	610	0
Manmad Press	120	0
PREFERENCE SHARES		
Tata Steel 1st (6)	180	0
Andhra Valley (7)	1247	8
Tata Power (7-8)	1302	1
Hydro Electric (7)	121	14
Bombay Steamer (6)	308	12
Central India (5)	632	8
Swadeshi Mills	128	12
Vishnu Mills (7)	633	12
Lakshmi Mills	275	0
New Great Mills (5-8)	227	8
Podar Mills (4)	108	0
Shrinivas Mills	98	0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	117	8
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	310	0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	136	4
Premier Construction 1st (6 1/4)	120	0
Amalgamated (5-8)	123	2
Premier Construction 2nd (6-4)	116	4
Hamib	72	0
Tata Chemical (5)	133	2
Walchand Nagar Indus (7)	130	0
Jupiter General	19	14
Supreme	100	0
Meyer	121	4
Mackenzie 1st	85	0
Mackenzie 2nd	80	0
Ahmedabad Advance	132	8
Mysore Mills	80	0
Standard Mills	101	0
Madhusudan Mills	12	0
Khatau Mills	104	0
Morarji	104	0
DEBENTURES		
Andhra 1952 (4)	103	8
Bombay Steamer (1950) (4-8)	101	10
Indian Hume Pipe (8)	108	0
Tata Power 1951	103	8
Walchand Nagar (6)	112	0
OUTSIDE SHARES		
Burma Corporation	2	15
New Victoria Mill	2	8
New Victoria Pref .	5	0
Phalton Sugar (8)	122	0
Gold Mohur (20)	280	0
New Kaiser-Hind	360	0
Sajjan Mills (20)	150	0
Osmanshahi Mills (10)	300	0
Azam Jahi Mills (10)	340	0
Air Service XR	8	0
Ambica Air Lines	7	0
Air India (100)	100	0
Hind Motor	5	8
Indian Steam	8	11

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.
BOMBAY, Jan. 24.

Tata Ordinary 293/4; Tata Deferred 1640; Indian Iron 23/8; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 20/13; Bombay Dyeing 968/12; Central India 240/10; Gokak 267/8; Kohinoor 278/12; Simplex 176/12; Swadeshi 276/4; Tata Power 1502/8; Associated Cement 153/12; Belapur 225; Bombay Burma (Old) 310; Scindia 20/11; Central Bank 89; New India 56; Tata 2nd Pref. 138/2.

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Jan. 24.

The Bullion market was irregular today with somewhat increased selling in Silver while Gold was fairly steady with moderate offtake.

It was reported Silver prices in upcountry markets were lower and the local market was affected untavourably.

Ready Silver business was done at Rs. 182-14 and Gold Spot quotation was Rs. 115/8.

Quotations were as under:—

Ready Silver	182	4	0
Ready Gold	115	8	0
Sovereigns	74	4	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Jan. 24.

So far no decision is taken about the present position of castorseeds May contract. The Board is again meeting this afternoon and in the meantime forward trading in castorseeds remained suspended. Groundnuts and linseed markets were quietly steady with restricted business.

Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality	35	2	0
Coromandal	34	14	0
Bold ready	34	10	0
Bold Dec.Jan.	34	6	0
Bold Feb-March	34	9	0
CASTORSEEDS—			
May delivery		....	
Ready	28	12	0
LINSEEDS—			
Ready	26	5	0
Feb.-March	26	6	0
April-May	26	6	0
GROUNDNUT OILS—			
Ready Receipts	19	15	0
January	19	13	0
February	19	14	0
March	19	15	0
Linseed Oil	16	8	0
Castorseed oil first pressing	19	0	0
Castorseed oil Commercial quality	17	8	0
Gingellyseed	225 to 230		

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Jan.24:

2 1/4 per cent 1954	98	8	
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	10	
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99	15	
2 1/2 per cent 1961	97	0	
2 3/4 per cent 1960	99	8	
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	12	
2 3/4 per cent 1976	98	0	
3 per cent Non-Terminable	98	11	
3 per cent 1986 Con.	98	13	6
3 per cent 1961-64	100	10	
3 per cent 1953-55	101	7	
3 per cent 1957	101	4	
3 per cent 1959-61	100	14	
3 per cent 1963-65	100	2	
3 per cent 1966-68	99	13	
3 per cent 1970-75	100	0	
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	105	0	
4 per cent 1960-70	110	10	
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	104	0	
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60	112	2	
4 1/2 per cent 1953-58	115	6	
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
2 3/4 per cent U P 1961	98	2	
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	98	2	
3 per cent Punjab 1948	98	14	
3 per cent Bombay 1956	100	12	
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	12	
3 per cent Madras 1962-63	100	4	
3 per cent U P 1952	100	6	
3 per cent C P 1962	100	6	
3 per cent N W P 1963	99	10	
3 per cent U P 1961-66	100	0	
4 per cent Bombay Municipality D.	111	0	
5 per cent Bom Mumi 1959	114	8	
6 per cent Bom Mum 1964	114	8	
3 1/4 per cent Municipality 6 K. P T.	114	0	

INDIAN ART SILK YARN
BOMBAY, January 24.

150 D. January	3	10	6
150 February	3	5	6
120 D. Ready	3	5	6
150 D. Ready	3	10	6

Atomic Research To Aid Agriculture

HOBART, Jan. 23 (Reuter): Atomic research in Canada may produce better wheat crops in Australia, Prof. G. M. Schrum, Physics Professor at the British Columbia University told the Australian and New Zealand Science Congress in Hobart. Experiments were being carried out with phosphate fertiliser containing radioactive phosphorus, he said.

Prof. D. B. Copland, former Australian Prices Commissioner, said that Australian economy was working at only 70 per cent capacity despite full employment. Unless Australian dollar policy changed, he said, Australia would have to import some food, should the population reach ten millions and agricultural products remain at pre-war level.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Jan. 24.

MILLS
Apollo 2-14 2-13-6 2-14
Bharat 31
B. Dyeing 962-8 66-14 66-4 69-6 67-8 68-12
Bradbury Pref 310
C. India 241 41-8 40 40-8
Colaba 151 50
Elphinstone Pref 117-8
Finlay 265 67
Gokak 266-8 67-8 67
Hindoostan 4225
I. U. Defd 1-8-9 1-9-3
Ord 11-2 11-1-6 11-2-6
Indore 172-8 71-4
Khatau 207-8
Kohinoor 277 79 77-8 78
Laxmi 600
Madhusudan 190
Meyer 112-8 15
Minerva 120-10 21-4
Model 178-2 78-12
Morarji 473-8
New Great 157
Podar 145
Phoenix 215 20
Sholapur 3500
Simplex 177 75-8 77 76-12
Swadeshi 276-8 77 75-8 76-8
Swan 309-8
Tata Mills 51 48
STEAMER
Scindia 20-13 20-11-6 20-11
BANKS
Baroda 139
Central 89/4 88
Central A New 88/8
Imperial Old 1780 75 (Ex Div)
Imperial New 437/8 36/4 (Ex div)
India 192
Union 7/8 7/10
U. Commercial 58 59
ELECTRIC
Ahmedabad 115 10 16/4
Andhra Valley 1412/8 15
Andhra Pref 1247/8
Hydro 154 8
Power 1502/8
INSURANCE
New India 55 56
STEEL
B. Steel 20/13 20/15 20/12
I. Iron 23/1 23/4 23/3
Tata Defd. 1637/8 38/12 36/4 40 37/8 40
Tata Ord. 293 94 93 93/8 93/4
Tata 1st Pref. 175 80
Tata IInd Pref. 137 38
MISCELLANEOUS
Alcock 281/4
A.C.C. Old 153/12 53/8 53/12
A.C.C. New 143/8 44
Belapur 225 25/8 24 8 25
B. B. Old 308/12 10 9/8 10
B B. New 112 8
B B Petrol 1/4/9
Dharamsey Chem. 34/8
I. Bleaching 151/12 51 52
P. Const. 138 39
Tata Chem 12/12
Tata Pref 133/2
Shivrajpur 28 28 8
Tata Oil 57 60/8 58/12 59
Wimco 190
SPECIAL
Belapur Coupon 60 Indore Coupon 83/8, 84 Muhamodi Steam 96

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Jan. 24.

The local cotton market was quiet today with somewhat increased long liquidation. It is said that in view of strong statistical position, shorts find themselves caught and a move is being made to remove the penalty clause for February contract as the tender period is coming near.

At the opening May delivery was quoted today at Rs. 619 and declined at Rs. 618/4 on scattered long liquidation.

The market was quiet and closed at 4-30 p.m. as under.

I.C.C. Feb.	620	0	0
I.C.C. May	617	14	0
I.C.C. July	617	4	0
I.C.C. Sept.	617	0	0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES
BOMBAY, Jan. 22.

	High	Low	Close
May	620	619/4	619/4
July	619	618/8	618/8
Sept.	618/8	618	618

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian cotton May contract is 862 points below New York May at Exchange rate 331.

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Receipts Into Bombay

Growth.	Total receipts for week ending 17th Jan. 1949.
Wardha/Hinganghat/Nagpur	699
Oomra long staple	2,504
Oomra good staple	3,636
Oomra fair staple	4,708
Khandesh super.or	1,603
Khandesh ordinary	216
Total Oomras	13,316
Dholleras/Mathia	940
Broach/Surat	2,171
Compta/Dharwar	734
Westerns/Northerns	479
Rajputana/East Punjab	5,851
Coconada Red	.....
Tinny/Camoodia	100
Pakistan	14,913
American	1,302
Sudan	.....
Egyptians	19,705
East Africans	.....
Other Sorts	.....
Total	59,511

Supply and distribbution as at 13th January 1949. Bales.

Adjusted visible and invisible Bombay supply 31 Aug. 1948	965,497
Receipts by Rail & Sea from 1st Sept. 1948 to 13th Jan. 1949	401,270
Receipts by Road do.	2,00/
Total Supply	1,368,767
EXPORTS :—	
Europe	60,719
China	9,201
Japan	721
U. S. A.	7,351
Other Foreign Countries	2,244
Coast Ports	91,051
Total Exports	171,287
Afloat	Not
Despatched by Rail into interior	187,703
Estimated local Mill consumption from 1st September 1948 to 13th January 1949	491,587
Total Distribution	850,077
Stocks with Exporters, Mills and Merchants as on 13th January 1949	518,190
Against last week	497,291
Increase	+ 20,899

Stocks with Bombay mills on 31-8-48 were 396,335 bales.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Jan. 24.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/8 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/8 29/32 up to 6 Mon.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D 1/8 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D 1/8 15/16 upto 6 Months.

London banks Buying T. T. 1/8 1/32 to 9th Month.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/8 1/16 10th-12th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/8 1/16 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/8 3/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/8 1/8 7th-9th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/8 1/8 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/8 5/32 to 5th-6th Months.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/8 3/16 7th-9th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/8 5/32 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/8 3/16 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/8 7/32 7th-9th Month.

New York & Montreal B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 330.

Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs. 328 3/4

Montreal Rs 328 1/2.

Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs. 329 Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 L/C.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7860

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 8060.

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D Fl. 79

Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D Fcs. 1305.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Gldn 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 44.

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs 157.

Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 165 1/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs 52 57-53-43. London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia. 97 1 4-3/4, London Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10 68-70; London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl 40; London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4; London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19 32-36; London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/3 1/16-1/2 15/16; London/Iran Cross Rate Rl 128/130; London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 99.80-100 20; London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 8.09-8.14; London/Montreal Cross Rate dol 4 02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London New York Cross Rate dol 4.02 3/4-4 03 1/4; London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20 02; London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 1061—1063; London/Prague Cross Rate K 201-202; London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16; London Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14 47-50; London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 17.34-36; London/Syria Cross Rate 890-5

London Discts. 3 Mos. 9/16 p.c.; London Discts. 6 Mos 5/8 p.c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c.; Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money: Call 1/2 p.c.; 3 Mos. 3/4 p.c.; 6 Mos. 1 p.c.; 12 Mos. 1-1/2 p.c.

Tone: Easy.

GROUNDNUT HAND DECORTICATOR

Prize To Be Awarded

A prize of Rs. 2,000 will be awarded by the Indian Oilseeds Committee to any person or body who designs the best model of groundnut hand decorticator and demonstrates its working to the satisfaction of the Indian Oilseeds Committee or a competent body, to be appointed by it. Entries accompanied with diagram showing details of the machine should be submitted to the Secretary, Indian Oilseeds Committee, Ministry of Agriculture, New Delhi, so as to reach him not later than October 31 1949. Competitors should be prepared to demonstrate the working of the machine at such place and time as directed by the Committee.

The groundnut hand decorticator should fulfil the following conditions:

The hand decorticator should, as far as possible, be made of material easily available in the villages. It should preferably be made of wood and should have as little iron part as possible.

The construction should be simple enough so that repairs and spare parts can be provided in the villages by the village carpenter or the village blacksmith.

The grates or sieves used in the machine should be adjustable to enable proper decortication of groundnut pods of different varieties and sizes.

The turn-over and cost of decortication should compare favourably to those of power decorticators.

The proportion of split and broken kernels, 'nooks' and unshelled pods in the decorticated produce should be as little as possible.

The cost of the hand decorticator should be reasonable and should not exceed Rs. 100.

Russia Buying American Cotton

Trading early in the week was largely routine but prices later advanced owing to increased activity in the export field. Developments in the export market tended to be in the background due to the somewhat disappointing domestic cotton consumption in December and uncertainties in connection with price support legislation. Highlights of the week included the re-entry of China into the market for 100,000 bales and Japan for 48,000. Britain was reported to be buying on either its new E.C.A. credits or old renegotiated contract, while France was also said to have confirmed some additional orders for cotton against the large E.C.A. credit issued in the last quarter of 1948. Russia was said to be buying moderately through private channels, occasionally. According to a Washington report the E.C.A. may have to finance approximately one million bales more of cotton exports next season, because surplus supplies are no longer available in foreign countries such as Brazil and India. In the South basis for better grades continued to advance with buyers reported to be readily paying premiums as high as nine dollars per bale for loan equities.

Shipping News

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, January 24.

S. S. DEVANHA

From Sydney: 285 cases antiphlogitine, 112 cases red skein wool, 132 bags stearic acid, 42 cases ethyl chloside, 40 ctns full creamed powdered milk.

From Adelaide: 48 cases spanners, 2,350 cases condensed milk.

From Melbourne: 237 bales scoured wool, 98 casks white mutton tallow, 1,163 cases condensed milk, 220 cases macaroni, 75 cases staghelli, 100 cases vermicelli, 519 cases ice-cream mixture, 581 cases tinned cheese, 1,441 cases cheese, 350 cases creamed wheat, 160 bags pearl barley, 100 cheese spread.

From Newcastle: 850 bundles drill steel, 30 mags tubular poles, 38 drums fittings.

From Davenport: 3,821 cases ovaltine.

From Frementle: 415 cases honey, 46 crates centrifugal pumps, 70 cases macaroni, 60 cases vermicelli.

S. S. VINI

From Norfolk: 263 bags cornel wood shuttle blocks.

From Philadelphia: 51 boxes cleaning machine and dyer, 100 pieces galvanized iron pipes, 446 bundles threaders and couplers, 41 ctns laboratory glassware, 1,725 drums petroleum lubricating oil, 100 drums diesel fuel oil, 80 drums illuminant oil,, 500 drums lubricating oil.

From Baltimore: 94 lift tinplates.

From New York: 128 drums diesel fuel, 248 cases battery making materials, 558 coils steel stripe, 52 cases tin plate waste, 35 cases bolts and nuts,, 755 drums lubricating oil, 76 cases agricultural machinery, 250 drums white petroleum mineral oil, 53 cases graphite electrodes, 100 bdls. projector carbon, 217 boxes jeeps and accessories, 100 cases standard typewriters, 253 bundles galvanized pipes 800 cases typewriters, 48 ctns radio parts, 801 bundles band iron, 366 drums petroleum lubricating oil, 160 pails cellulose lacquer thinners, 90 cases cellulose finishers, 183 cases bolts and nuts, 560 bags soda ash, 66 cases machinery, 76 skids tinplate waste, 75 ctns children's books, 98 cases motor truck chassis, 80 boxes Woodstocks typewriters, 80 reels galvanized steel strand, 7,910 ctns skimmed milk powder.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT:

S. S. HEIMVARD

To Rotterdam: 2,454 bags groundnuts—Rallis India Ltd. 100 bales cotton waste—C. Jairam & Co. 125 bales cotton waste—M. Narottamdas & Co.

To Gothemburg: 85 bales cotton waste—L. D. Vora.

To Genoa: 51 drums castor oil—A. Oomarbhay.

To Marselles: 70 bags sandal wood S. Nowrojee & Co.

To Antwerp: 300 bundles cotton waste—Rallis India Ltd. 55 bales cotton waste—Barot Bros. & Co.

S. S. ALAVI

To Port Sudan: 55 cases aiumil minium ware—Jeewanlal (1925) Ltd

To Jeddah: 16 cases aluminium ware Jeewanlal (1929) Ltd. 35 bales cotton piecegoods—A. Kadar. 5 cases castor oil—M. M. Chandbhai.

S. S. JALA AZAD

To Liverpool: 313 drums magnesium chloride The Pioneer Magnesium Works Ltd.

To London: 19 bales cotton rugs and 77 bales hosiery cuttings—The Overseas Cotton Waste Co.

S. S. DWARKA

To Kuwait: 100 chests tea—A. A. Bassam.

To Bahrein: 33 bales cotton piecegoods—R. M. D. C. Ltd.

BY AIR

To Karachi: 85 parcels art silk piecegoods—Miscellaneous Shippers.

S. S. HOEGH SILVERSTAR

To Sydney: 25 bales cotton waste—Bhagat & Sons.

S S. HOEGH MERCHANT.

To Los Angelies: 220 bales jute rugs—M. Chanduai & Co.

S. S. RAMORA

To Karachi: 322 drums paints—Bombay Paint & Allied Products Ltd.

S. S. GAMARIA

To London: 500 bags soapstone powder—Shaw Wallace & Co. Ltd.

To PortSaid: 25 bales cotton waste—C. Bhaichand & Co.

S. S. CITY OF ST. ALBANS

To Liverpool: 36 bales woollen hosiery cuttings—C. Sarabhai & Co.

S. S. VIRGINIA MAY

To Karachi: 22 cases glass ampaules and test tube—The New Eastern Merchandise.

S. S. EXAMINER

To Aden: 6 bales cotton waste—Pandya & Co.

S. S. TAURINIA

To Genoa: 21 bales cotton waste—Volkart Bros.

To Honkong: 100 cases cotton waste—Volkart Bros.

S. S. VARSOVA

To Karachi: 21 cases cotton hosiery —R. Maruti Prasad.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

BOMBAY, January 24.

ARRIVALS

S. S. KING ALFRED from Galves with wheat on January 24.

S. S. VIRGINIA MAY from Karachi with general cargo on January 23.

S. S. ARGUSGLEN from Montreal with wheat on January 23.

S. S. FIDELFOS from Alexandria with cotton on January 24.

S. S REPTON from Abadan with furnace oil on January 23.

S. S. BRAZIL from Bahrein with fuel and diesel oil on January 24.

DEPARTURES

S. S. CITY OF ST. ALBANS for Liverpool with general cargo on January 24.

S. S. RIZWANI for Aden with general cargo on January 22.

S. S. HEATHER for Cochin with general cargo on January 23.

GRACE PERIOD FOR IMPORTS FROM SWITZERLAND

As already announced, open general licence No. XII for import from Switzerland has been cancelled for shipments to be made after January 31, 1949. However, it has been decided that the usual grace period of a fortnight should be allowed. Accordingly, shipments of articles covered by open general licence XII from Switzerland made on or before February 15, 1949 will be allowed clearance without any licence.

FIRM CONDITIONS PREVAIL ON MADRAS STOCK EXCHANGE

MADRAS, Jan. 24 (API): Firm conditions prevailed in the local market with further gains in textile sections especially Coimbatore Pioneers which improved from 109 to 116. Those that attracted attention were Lakhsmis Maduras Rangavilas etc. Plaintings were steady whilst bank shares were slightly easier.

Miscellaneous section was featureless. Following are today's quotations:—

PLANTINGS: Chembras 4/11 Cochin Malabar 4/9 Devashola 18/2 Highland produce 23 Midland 5/6 Ouchterlony 5/8 Pullangode 1/3 Thirumbadi 2/6/8 T R and T Co 6/8 Vaikundam 2/2 Waterfalls 2/7.

TEXTILES: Bang Woollen 240/- Buchingham 165/- Do Pref. 191 Cambodia 9/1/6 Coimbatore CM 107 Do Pioneer 116/- Lakshmi 64 Madura 44 Mettur 312/- Radhakrishana 134/8 Ranga Vilas 44/8 Trav Rayons 4/13 Do Pref 4/13 Trichinopoly 11/8 Vasanta 102/-.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 65/- Do B 6/5 F A C T 5/3 India Cement 14/2 Mettur Chem 8/5 Do Pref 10/8 Mysore Chem Ferts 7/2 Paper 11/8 Spencer 12.

BANKS: Travancore 19/8.

SECURITIES: Three per cent 1986 Govt of India Loans 98/13/6 Three per cent 1970/75 Govt of India Loans 100/- Three per cent Govt of Travancore 1952/54 102/6 Three per cent 1960 Govt of Madras Loans 100/14.

WORLD BANK MISSION ARRIVES IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, Jan. 24 (API).—The International Bank for reconstruction and development mission arrived in New Delhi from Bombay this morning. The leader of the mission, Mr. A. S. G. Hoar, Assistant Loan Director of the Bank, and other members, Mr. William Gilmartin and Mr. Antonia Basch, were received by the airport by Mr. B. K. Nehru, Joint-Secretary of the Finance Ministry. Another member, Mr. M. F. Ryan, is expected shortly.

The mission is visiting India to obtain first hand information on the general economic and financial situation in the country. This is in connection with India's possible formal application for assistance from the bank for railway and agricultural development purposes.

The mission is expected to stay in the country for about six weeks and in addition to holding discussion with officials of the Central and Provincial Government it will tour the country.

FULL TRANSPORT FACILITIES FOR STEEL AND TEXTILE INDUSTRIES

C. B. T. Standing Committee Approves Movement Programme

NEW DELHI, Jan. 21.

Representatives of the Iron and Steel Industry and of the Textile Commissioner and senior officers of the Transport, Railways and I. and S Ministries of the Government of India attended a special meeting of the Standing Committee of the Central Board of Transport held yesterday in New Delhi to finalise movement programmes relating to steel and textiles for the first quarter of 1949.

The meeting—the second of its kind to be held during the last ine month—is in pursuance of Government's decision that 100 per cent transport provision should be made for the three basic industries, namely, cement, steel and textiles. It will be recalled that at its meeting last month, the Standing Committee approved the cement movement programme for the first quarter of 1949.

Mr. Y. N. Sukthankar, I.C.S., Secretary, Ministry of Transport, who presided over the morning session, inaugurated the proceedings.

Taking up the iron and steel industry first, the Committee examined the optimum transport requirements for each of the producing units and, after a full and frank exchange of views, fixed wagon quotes not only for the inward movement of raw materials, but also for the clearance of finished products and accumulated stocks. It was also decided that 10-day progress reports should be submitted to the Standing Committee to enable the latter to watch the fulfilment of the approved programme.

TEXTILE INDUSTRY

Reassembling in the aftern

STRICTER CONTROL OF ELECTRICITY SUPPLY

Emergency Measures To Meet Power Shortage

In view of the interconnected system of the Tata Hydro-Electric Companies facing a critical shortage in capacity to meet the additional demands for electric service, which are being made at an unprecedented rate, the Government of Bombay has decided to strengthen the existing controls over the supply of electricity and also regulate it in the areas that are being served by that system, namely, Bombay City, Bandra, Thana, Kalyan, Bhiwandi, Panvel, Lonavla and Poona, until such time as the capacity of the generating plant has been sufficiently increased.

Since the beginning of the last World War, there has been an increase of more than 75 per cent. in the generation of electricity by the Tata's system, and already the present demands are being supplied from the generating capacity that has less than adequate reserves against interruptions and other emergencies. In these circumstances, the Government found it necessary to regulate the supply of electricity in the areas supplied by that system, in order to avoid the possibility of a serious power shortage and ensure that the available capacity is conserved for essential purposes.

NO NEW CONNECTIONS

New lighting and fan connections not exceeding 1,000 watts per tenement and connections for domestic refrigeration will be sanctioned as heretoforce. No new connections for electric cooking, water heating or appliances will be granted. No new applications will be granted for sign or display lighting. In the case of applications already sanctioned but connections not given they are presumed to be cancelled.

No new applications for power connections will be sanctioned, except for absolutely essential purposes, such as domestic water pumping during restricted hours, etc.

The electricity demands and energy consumption of all large commercial and industrial consumers with connected loads of 50 KW or more will be restricted so as not to exceed in any month the highest demand and or monthly energy consumption established during the previous 12 months.

A temporary supply of electricity for wedding celebrations will be permitted to the maximum of 25 kw for three days only. Supply for circus and theatrical performances and religious ceremonies will also be permitted to the extent of 25 kw for a reasonable period.

CAUTION TO PUBLIC

The Government expects co-operation of all the consumers in its efforts to conserve electricity by avoiding waste and eliminating unnecessary day-time uses. The maintenance of electric service is vital to the public welfare. In the present tight situation, everyone can help. Millowners and workers are co-operating to spread the power load evenly throughout the week. Homes and businesses can add their share by watching the use of electricity and avoiding waste. Every unit of electricity saved is a help.

No new undertakings requiring the use of electricity from the system of the Tatas should be planned without ascertaining beforehand from the proper authorities whether and when electric power will be available for them.

MAKE SAURASHTRA SELF-SUFFICIENT

Sardar's Appeal At Rajkot Meeting

RAJKOT, January 24 (API): Addressing a public meeting here this evening the Deputy Prime Minister of India, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel made an impassioned appeal to the people to co-operate with the Government in making Saurashtra self-sufficient in food and cloth

NO MORE NAWAB

Referring to the Nawab of Junagadh's accession to Pakistan, Sardar Patel said having committed the greatest folly of his life the Nawab will not be able to return back to Kathiawar. The States of Mavadar and Mangrol also acceeded to Pakistan thinking that the Nawab of Junagadh will return from Pakistan and become Nawab of Kathiawar. Now I may tell you that they may become Nawabs of Pakistan but not return here for there are no Nawabs in India".

SOMNATH TRUST

Referring to the Somnath Trust Sardar Patel appealed for contributions and said they had created some 25 lakhs but they required one crore.

"Let me assure you that the work would not suffer for want of money but the people of Saurashtra must contribute their might".

Concluding Sardar Patel asked the people to cease thinking in terms of Jamnagar, Rjakot and so on but think only in terms of Saurashtra as one and only one.

UNPROVOKED ATTACK IN INDONESIA

Iraq's Appeal To Security Council

LAKE SUCCESS, Jan 24 (Reuter): Iraq asked the United Nations today to investigate fully "the unprovoked resort to force" in Indonesia, and to ensure that the responsibility for it "be clearly laid on those on whom that responsibility rests".

In a letter to Mr. Trygve Lie, United Nations Secretary-General, Mr. Abdul Illah Hafidh, Iraq Minister for Foreign Affairs declared: "The sudden Dutch attack on Indonesian Republican forces and Republican territory has come as a grave shock to all liberty loving people in Asia.

AID TO KEY INDUSTRIES IN MADRAS

Bill To Set Up Finance Corporation Passed

MADRAS, Jan. 24, (A.P.I.): The Bill to establish an Industrial Finance Corporation to aid the existing industries as well as those to be started in the Province was passed by the Madras Assembly this evening.

The Government will take shares to the extent of 51 per cent of the capital to be invested in the Corporation while the remaining 49 per cent will be allotted to financial institutions like banks and insurance companies.

Industries with paid up capital of Rupees thirty lakhs and above will be eligible for aid from the Corporation.

Mr. H. Sitaram Reddi, Industries Minister, said in the course of the debate that the Bill would enable the Government to directly promote the key industries started by private and public industrial concerns.

MADRAS TRANSPORT SYSTEM AT STAND-STILL

Sequel To Union Workers' Arrests

MADRAS, January 24. (U.P.I.): Messrs. M. Sitharam Naidu, R. Ranganathan and Sankaran, office-bearers of the Government Transport Workers Union and three drivers were arrested this afternoon under the Madras Maintenance of Public Order Act in connection with the organising of the one-day strike of the Government Transport Workers in the City on January 20 last.

As the news of the arrest spread, the whole transport system in the City same to a stand-still suddenly in the evening, the drivers and conductors having stopped work.

GUERILLAS ACTIVE IN INDONESIA

BATAVIA, Jan. 24, (Reuter): Restoration of normal conditions is slower in East Java than elsewhere in Indonesia with guerillas operating there in large numbers, the Netherlands Army authorities stated today in an official survey of the Indonesian military situation.

Guerilla activity consisted largely of mine-laying and firing on motor cars.

DREES REPORTS TO CABINET

THE HAGUE, Jan. 24, (Reuter): Netherlands' Prime Minister, Willem Drees held a long Cabinet meeting today, the first since his return on Saturday from his fortnight's visit to Indonesia.

Jonkheer Michiels Van Verduynen, Netherlands Ambassador in London, who returned with the Premier from Batavia, took part in today's discussions, and was expected to be returning to London at the end of this week.

Further Cabinet meetings on Indonesia were expected in the next two days.

Latest Commercial

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.

Previous Closing	32.73
Today's Opening	32.74
Difference	+1
Today's Closing	32.86
Difference	+13

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, Jan. 24.

	Rs. as.
Silver Bullion Ready	182 0
Gold Ready	115 8
Sovereign	74 8

EXPECTATION:

Cotton Jarila May Rs. 617-8.

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.

Anaconda Copper Mining 34-1/4.
General Motors 60.
United States Steel Common 72-1/2.
Ditto Preference unquoted.

Irregular Tone On London Stock Exchange

LONDON, January 24 (Reuter): Palestine peace talks produced firmness in oil shares today. Palestine electric issues were also a firm market on buying prompted by hopes of early settlement of middle east situation.

Other sections remained steady and practically featureless in small trading.

British Government securities met with some demand for short dated stocks which were fractionally higher on the day.

Buying of building and cement issues provided a bright spot among industrial groups which were otherwise without major alteration in prices.

Brazilian rails were supported by speculartive buying but best levels in Leopoldina and Great Western Brazil issues were not always held.

Small losses in Chinese bonds were almost the only in the foreign bonds section.

With completion of this business however, market began to draft lower and closed irregular on the day.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Quiet But Steady Tone

CALCUTTA, Jan. 24 (API): The market ruled quiet but steady and only a limited business was put through.

Following are today's final transactions upto 2-30 p.m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent Govt. paper 98/15 S Lot Three per cent loan 1986 99/-, Three per cent loan 1949/52 100/9 S Lot, Three per cent loan 1951/54 101/13 S Lot, Three per cent loan 1953/55 101 7, Three per cent loan 1966/68 100/- S Lot, Three per cent loan 1970/75 100/-, Four per cent loan 1960/70 110/10.

BANKS: Hindustran Mercantile Bank 21/- S lot Imperial Bank (Conty) 433/- Small Odd Lot.

COTTONS: Cawnpore Textiles 10/8 Elgin mills 17/-.

COALS: Amalgammated 23/6 small odd lot Katras Jherria 32/8 Talcher 3/15.

JUTES: Auckland 123/- S lot Howrah 27/5 small odd lot Naihati 117/- S lot Union 206/-.

MININGS: Indian Copper 2/5 Pavoy Tin annas thirteen.

MISCELLANEOUS: Assam Bengal Cement 5/12 Reliance Firebricks 20/- Sone Valley Cement 6/6 B. I. Electric Cons 10/14 Ct Jessop and Co 17/- Steel Corp 20/12 Textile Machinery 7/- Bic 8/2 Jardine henderson 162/- British Burma Petrol 1/4 Mysore Paper 11/8 Ct Shree Gopal Paper 10/10 (ex-div.) India Steamship 8/15.

TEAS: Bormahjan 12/- Sappoi 24/- Tezpore 22/8.

SAURASHTRA MARKET QUOTATIONS

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, Jan. 24.

Rajkot Silver Maha 181/6. Rajkot Sugar Maha 89/4, Rajkot Aranda January 133/13, Ghoraji Silver Maha 181/6, Dhoraji Aranda January 133/13, Jamnagar Silver Posh 181/2, Jamnagar Aranda January 133/9, Wadhwan Cotton Jeth 28/3/6, Wadhwan Sugar Posh 16/1.

HAPUR MARKET RATES

(From Our Correspondent)

HAPUR, Jan. 24.

Wheat 25/4 to 28/-, Gram 14/8, Barley 15/-, Bejhar 13/12, Maize 15/12, Bajra 16/2, Jawar 14/-, Gawar 12/-, Matar 13/-, Jeth 10/2, Arhar 13/8, Jeth 11/2, Urd 18/8, Moong 22/-, Maoor 15/- to 16/-, Gur New 10/12, Shakkar 11/8, Crystal 32/-, Khandsari 18/- to 24/-, Fagan future 10/9, opened 10/8/6, Baisak 10/14-6, Arrivals 3,000 mds.

Sarson 24/-, Taraseed 19/- to 21/-, Oil 65/-, Oilcake 7/10, Cottonseed 14/8, Groundnut 16/-, Oats 10/8.

Jardana Ready 116/-, Chet 101/-, April 114/-.

Silver Forward 176/2, Gold 114/12, Urd Maha 18/5, Sarson Jeth 20/4/6.

JEWIS SHIP TO EVACUATE IMMIGRANTS FROM CYPRUS

FAMAGUSTA, January 24. (Reuter): The 3,000-ton Jewish ship "Galila" entered Famagusta Harbour today and began embarking for Israel 1,400 of the Jewish immigrants still held in camps in Cyprus.

The Jews were released under the British decision to allow interned immigrants of military age to leave for Palestine.

The "Galila", considered the best of Israel's refugee ships, will ply between Famgusta and Haifa until the last of the 11,000 still held in the camps are moved.

Thames Tugmen's Strike

LONDON, January 24 (Reuter): The newly-refitted cruise liner queen of Bermuda and four ships are among craft held up in the Thames by the strike of 300 deep river Tugmen.

'NO RIGHT TO HOLD EMPTY CONTINENT'

Queensland Premier Denounces 'White Australia' Policy

SYDNEY, Jan. 24. (Reuter): Mr. Edward Halon, Premier of Queensland, who returned from the Empire Parliamentary Conference today, commenting on Pandit Nehru's statement on the "White Australia policy", said:

"What Pandit Nehru says is true. It is an economic problem. I have said a dozen times that we are not entitled to hold this country unless we develop it. We are not entitled to hold an empty Continent".

BURMA REBELS AMBUSH TRAIN FOR ARMS

RANGOON, January 24 (Reuter): Three passengers were killed when insurgents ambushed a train in the Sagaing district west of Mandalay, Rangoon Military Headquarters announced today.

Insurgents looted arms after overpowering the police escorting the train, the Communique added.

It also reported that three Karen insurgents were killed when Government troops dispersed rebel bands in the Irrawadi Delta.

Karen insurgents burnt a village in the same area.

Victims Of Banihal Air Crash

SHRINAGAR, Jan. 25 (UPI): The bodies of the victims of the recent plane crash near Banihal were brought here yesterday and the last rites performed. The bodies were received by the Deputy Prime Minister of Kashmir, Mr. Ghulam Mohammad Bakshi, Maulana Mohd. Sayeed, General Secretary, Jammu and Kashmir National Conference and other high officials of the State and taken out in a procession participated by thousands of people and national militiamen.

The body of Capt. Mohd. Ismail of National militia, who fell into the enemy hands of 11th July last year and was repatriated recently under the exchange prisoners, was buried with full military horours.

Kashmir Cease-Fire Military Arrangements

NEW DELHI, Jan. 24 (UPI): The precise military arrangements relating to the Kashmir cease-fire as mutually agreed to by both the Commander-in-Chief of India and Pakistan have been submitted to the respective Governments for ratification and they will soon be implemented with local adjustment to avoid possible incidents.

Thus declared General K. M. Kariappa, Commander-In-Chief of the Indian armed forces, while addressing his first press conference since the assumption of office, his afternoon.

He, however, emphasised that local adjustments must not be taken to mean that there would be a loss of territory—even an inch—to India.

Vincent Massey Scholarship

Applications are now invited for the Vincent Massey Scholarship for 1948-49 and 1949-50.

This Scholarship has been made possible by the generosity of Mr. Vincent Massey of Canada as a token of good-will towards India and Pakistan. The Scholarship is of the value of 2,000 dol (inclusive of all expenses) and is tenable for one year at the University of Toronto for post-graduate work (ordinarily Master's degree). In addition to the value of the Scholarship, the University of Toronto has agreed to remit the regular tuition fees in the case of this Scholarship. This concession will not apply to laboratory fees for sciences.

The Scholarship is to be awarded by the President of the Council of Y.M.C.A.'s of India, Pakistan, Burma and Ceylon on the recommendation of a Committee of Selection.

The Scholarship is open to all men candidates belonging to India and Pakistan without any reference to religion, caste or creed.

The applicants should be holders of a first class M.A., M.Sc., or an Honours degree.

Applicants holding Medical and Theological degrees are also eligible.

Women candidates are not eligible for the Scholarship.

The applications for the Scholarship should reach T. D. Santwan, Hon Secretary V.M.S. 5, Russel Strset Calcutta 16 not later than the 15th March, 1949 on the prescribed form in triplicate, which can be had for four annas from the Secretary. The copies of the testimonials most be submitted on papers specially provided with the applications.

Prayag Mahila Vidyapitha

It is understood that the University of Saugor, C.P. has recognised the Vidyavinediai Examination with Advanced English Course as equivalent to the High School Examination for the purpose of admission to the Intermediate Examination.

It has also recognised the Saraswati Examination of the Prayag Mahila Vidyapith for the purpose of permitting girls to appear at it B.A. Examination in English only. This recognition will remove the difficulty of Hindi speaking C.P. girls who have passed the examination of the Prayag Mahila Vidyapith and wish to join the Sauger University or appear at its Examination.

'AN AMBASSADOR OF GOODWILL AMONG COMMUNITIES

Tributes To Brelvi At Citizens Meeting

BOMBAY, Monday.

"The most unique tribute the Muslims of India can pay to Syed Abdullah Brelvi is not only to strengthen their loyalty to the Motherland but contribute in an ever-increasing measure to the greater glory of India," said Sheikh Abdullah, Prime Minister of Kashmir, addressing a meeting at Kesar Baug tonight to condole the passing away of the late Mr. S. A. Brelvi.

Sheikh Abdullah told the predominantly Muslim audience that Mr. Brelvi ceaselessly strove to bridge the gulf between Hindus and Muslims and the emerging secular state of India was a monument to his journalistic and political campaign towards that end.

"If you truly and sincerely love Mr. Brelvi, then mere grief alone over his death will not record the measure of your esteem for him. You should follow the ideals which inspired him, cherish the dreams that moved him and go forward to complete the task of communal unity which was the guiding passion of that outstanding Indian", he said.

'AN EMINENT PEACE-MAKER'

Mr. S. K. Patil, who presided, described Mr. Brelvi as "an eminent peace-maker who was a veritable ambassador of goodwill between the communities" and said that if India was a secular state now, the fact was a tribute to Mr. Brelvi's zealous campaign to unite divergent forces and banish the hatreds and rivalries between them.

There were few persons, Mr. Patil said, whose devotion to the Congress and to Mahatma Gandhi exceeded that of Mr. Brelvi. Gentle in his nature, breathing a magical charm that captivated everyone and radiating irrepressible sympathy, Mr. Brelvi harboured no ill-will against anyone and alike in the fields of journalism and politics, in both of which he rose to pre-eminece, he mdae not a single enemy. His utterly non-communal approach to problems was as spontaneous as his goodness.

"For thirty years "The Bombay Chronicle" and Syed Abdullah Brelvi were inseperable and he made his paper into a great and powerful weapon in the cause of Indian freedom and communal amity," Mr. Patil declared. He kept up the standards of journalism very high and while he wrote effectively and strongly in favour of his view-points, he never descended to rancour or dealt an unkind blow even at his political opponents. Instead, gently and with his characteristic persuasion he sought to convert them.

Mr. Vaikunt L. Mehta, Bombay's Finance Minister, said the void created by Mr. Brelvi's death would never be filled. To him he was more than a brother and Mr. Brelvi's great ideals and principles made a deep impression on him and held many object lessons for him, as they did in the case of all those who came in touch with the veteran editor.

Some persons made the jibe, Mr. Mehta said, that Mr. Brelvi had become "Hinduised" but he was a true Muslim as he knew and followed the fundamentals of Islam — love, democracy and toleration. He never believed in inequality and his broad and unlimited love for his fellow-men flowed widely, silencing his critics and winning him new friends.

"Just as he followed true Islam zealously, so he imbibed eagerly all the teachings and principles of Mahatma Gandhi. His contact with Gandhiji helped the great qualities in him — his modesty and his love for his fellow-men—to blossom into compelling forces that drew men to him nearer. He looked at life with a broad vision and acted in that light," Mr. Mehta said.

Sheikh Abdullah, whose surprise appearence at the meeting was greeted with loud cheers by the gathering, prefaced his 30-minute address with a recitation from the Qoran. He said he felt privileged to join in the homage that was being universally paid to Mr. Brelvi. If Mr. Brelvi's life taught anything, it was that every ounce of effort was to be put forth to make India the secular state of their dreams.

THE POLE STAR OF HIS LIFE

Sheikh Abdullah said that Kashmir, his homeland and focus of India's and the world's attention at present, had never been engulfed by those communal rivalries and animosities which had plagued India with such regrettable results. While watching the now-forgotten communal warfare in India, the Kashmiris never allowed it to touch them and kept aloof from the raging flames. To the Muslim of Kashmir, who formed the bulk of the state's population, the true meaning of Islam was contained in love and brotherhood. Love begot love and hatred intensfied hatred. The people of India had tried to conquer hate by hate and failed miserably. Therefore it was their duty to follow and practice the path of true religion — Love — building star of Mr. Brelvi's life.

Kashmiri's, Sheikh Abdullah said, had rightly understood the significance of Mahatma Gandhi's message of communal unity long before the rest of India imbibed it. India's saivation lay in pursuing that ideal unwaveringly. They had to keep their minds unsullied by petty hatreds and narrow-minded differences — a thing which the late Mr. Brelvi did even in the thick of communal disturbances when men, women and children were being put to the sword to the cries of fanatic slogans.

To the Muslims of India he would say this. Their present silence either meant that they were indifferent to the fate of Kashmir or they had become so disillusioned and disheartened that they were unable to formulate a definite policy and plan their future with firmness and decision. Perhaps, the second inference was correct. He appealed to them to play their rightful part in shaping the country's affairs and emulate the example of Mr. Brelvi by not only strengthening their community but contributing to the greater glory of the Motherland.

Dr. M. U. Mascarenhas, Mayor, said that Mr. Brelvi was an Indian first and an Indian last and not even the remotest communal considerations entered into his actions or thoughts.

Mr. Joachim Alva, Sheriff, Mr. Haji Hasanally P. Ibrahim, Mr. Mohamed Taher, Gayani Man Singh and Mr. Hakim Hyder Beg joined in the tributes to Mr. Brelvi.

American Honour For Nikhilananda

NEW YORK, Jan. 24. (U. P. I.): Swami Nikhilananda of Sri Ramakrishna Mission, leader of the Ramakrishna-Vivekananda Centre of New York, has been made a member of the American Philosophical Association.

U.S. AID TO CHINA

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24 (Reuter).—The future of American aid to China will be discussed soon, perhaps this week, by Mr. Paul Hoffman, Marshall Plan Administrator, and Mr. Dean Acheson, New Secretary of State.

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT OF MEWAR

JODHPUR, (By Mail).—Dr. M. S. Patel, M.Sc., P.H.D., Consulting Industrial Chemist, Chemical Engineer and Economic Geologist, who had recently been appointed as Industrial Adviser to Jodhpur Government, arrived here yesterday from Bombay. He met the Finance—Minister Shree Dwarkadas Purohit who is in charge of Commerce and Industry Dept. of the Jodhpur Government and discussed with him the future plans for the Industrial development of Marwar. Dr. Patel is going to see the Javai river project where he will meet Shree Jainarayan Vyas, Prime Minister of Jodhpur, and discuss with him the plans for developing industries in Marwar.

The Jawai river project is a combined irrigation and Hydro-electric development located in the Aravalli hills in south each of Jodhpur State, and is the first of its kind in Rajputana. The project is designed to give perennial irrigation to some 80,000 acres of land, which is dry and barren at present; and about 5000 K.W. of Hydro-electric power will be produced in two power stations. The total cost of the project is estimated at over Rs. 2 crores, and it is hoped that the first irrigation flow would be given next year.

"Gandhi Sagar Colony"

INDORE, Jan. 22 (API): Mr. Liladhar Joshi, Premier, Madhya Bharat Government, accompanied by Messrs. Radhelal Vyas, Yeshvantsingh Kushwaha and Misrilal Gangwal, Minster, visited the site of the Chambal Hydro-Electric project near Neemuch today. The site is named after Mahatma Gandhi as "Gandhi Sagar Colony".

Laying the foundation stone on the site, Mr. Joshi expressed the hope that this project would go a long way to develop the neighbouring areas agriculturally and otherwise.

The proposed dam will service two high power transmitting lines with a capacity of 7,200 kilowatts and is expected to irrigate about four lakhs acres.

Later the Premier and party left for Mandleswar.

Historical Research Society For Orissa

CUTTACK, Jan. 23 (API): The Government of Orissa have constituted "the Kalinga Historical Research Society, Orissa" for the development of Provincial Museum, exploration of ancient monuments, manuscripts and coins in the province, historical research and the compilation of a comprehensive history of Orissa. The Society will promote historical studies relating to Orissa in particular and India in general with a view to facilitate the compilation of a comprehensive history of Orissa. The Provincial Museum, Orissa National Archives and the Library will be attached to the newly formed Society.

17 BASIC EDUCATION TRAINING SCHOOLS FOR MADRAS

MADRAS, Jan. 24 (API).—The Madras Government have decided to open 17 basic education training schools in the province next year. This was revealed by Mr. T. S. Avinashilingam Chettiar, Education Minister, at question time in the Madras Assembly today.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 24. (U.P.A.): The three-day Scandinavian defence conference ended today after failing to work out a common policy toward the proposed North Atlantic defence treaty.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 24. (A. P. I.): The next session of the All-India Ordnance Employees Conference will be held at Ichapur, West Bengal, on February 12, 13 and 14 under the Presidentship of Pandit Hariharnath Shastri, announces the Secretary of the Reception Committee, Dr Maitreyi Base, in a statement today.

Security Demands On Two R. S. S. Weeklies

NAGPUR, Jan. 24, (A.P.I.): The Provincial Government have demanded security deposits of Rs. 1,000 each from two weekly newspapers of the R.S.S. organisation at Nagpur, namely the Yug Dharma (Hindi), and the Rashtra Shakti (Marathi) under the Press Emergency Powers Act.

The Editor of the 'Yug Dharma' is at present in jail as detenu under the Public Safety Act.

BOMBAY FODDER FOR GUJARAT

BOMBAY, Monday.—Eight wagons of fodder are being sent every day by the Government of Bombay to the famine-striken areas of Gujarat to relieve the fodder scarcity there. The biggest consignment of sixty-wagons load of fodder will be despatched on February 1.

Already five engines for boring wells have been sent to the Surat District.

INDUSTRIES' COUNCIL'S TASK

NEW DELHI Jan. 24 (API): The two-day session of the Conference of the Central Advisory Council of Industries commenced today under the Presidentship of Dr. Shayama Prasad Mookherjee, Minister for Industry and supply who is also Chairman of the Council.

The Council, which is holding its first meeting today since its constitution in September last, consists of the representatives of the Central, Provincial and State Governments of Commerce, Industry and Labour, and non-officials, totalling about 60.

The functions of the Council are to advise Government generally on industrial policy, review periodically production in the major industries of the country and suggest measures to secure the best use of the existing capacity, advise Government on allocation of raw materials in scarce supply and on the import of capital equipment and raw materials needed by industry. The Council will also deal with specific proolems which the Government might place before it from time to time.

Recognition Of Israel Before British Cabinet

LONDON, January 24. (Reuter): Timing of the British recognition of the State of Israel is believed to have been discussed by the Cabinet today.

Mr. Bevin gave his colleagues the latest report on the situation in the Middle East.

LASKY REPORT

The report of the Lasky Tribunal which investigated allegations of curruption in Government quarters, is to be discussed by the Cabinet soon. It is expected to be published this week.

Four British S. E. Asia Governors Confer

SINGAPORE, Jan. 24 (Reuter).—Sir Henry Gurney, British High Commissioner for the Federation of Malaya, and the Governors of Singapore, Hongkong, Sarawak and North Borneo, today, discussed defence of their territories at a meeting of the British Defence Co-ordination Committee.

This ended the present series of talks, an official communique said.

Mr Malcolm MacDonald, British Commissioner-General in South-East Asia, conferred from Friday to Sunday with the High Commissioner and the four Governors on "questions of common concern to the various territories with special reference to ways and means for closer co-operation between them wherever this is practicable."

Sir Franklin Gimson represented Singapore, Sir Alexander Grantham, Hongkong, Sir Charles Arden Clarke, Sarawak and Sir Edward Twining, North Borneo.

FRANCE RECOGNISES ISRAEL

PARIS, January 24 (Reuter): The French Government today decided to give de facto recognition to Israel.

Selected young men between the ages of 18 to 28, are today being offered openings in the Air Force, with a choice of over two dozen useful ground jobs in which to specialise. All R.I.A.F. trades are open to Matriculates, and some of these trades such as that of Flight Mechanic (Engines), impart technical training costing Rs. 3,000/— or more per year in civil life.

Good pay is supplemented by free food, free clothing, free accommodation, free medical attention, generous leave, pension benefits, and a healthy, active, enjoyable life. And above all, no airman need remain an airman for ever, if he has proved qualities of initiative and leadership. A generous percentage of Commissions is offered every year to deserving airmen.

RIAF Armourers under training

If you have a son with the right qualifications, get full particulars of these R.I.A.F. careers for him at once.

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The Bombay Chronicle

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Increase Production First: Ownership Immaterial

NEHRU CALLS FOR TRUCE IN CAPITAL-LABOUR CONTROVERSY

Conceivable Gains From Strikes Are Small, He Says

NEW DELHI, Jan. 24. (API)— The Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, addressing the first session of the Central Advisory Council of Industries today, appealed to both Capital and Labour to direct their energies to produce more. In whatever direction they approached the problem the only test was what was good for the Indian masses and everything else was secondary.

This did not mean, he said, that they should level down everybody to the present level of Indian masses. The object was to raise that level, he said.

The Prime Minister deplored the present approach of both capital and labour. Their present temper appeared to be more psychological than anything else. He did not like the temper of the country as a whole, the temper of the industrialists and the temper of the labour.

They were free to say that they did not like the temper of the Government as a whole (laughter). This state of affairs was not peculiar to the country but was an international problem. Somehow the mind of the country was not directed towards solving that problem but directed in a narrow groove to gain advantage here or there for a particular group.

It was said that capital was sullen and nervous. The word nationalisation was thrown about and they did not know what was going to happen.

As for labour, although it suffered hardship and deserved great sympathy, there was little doubt that there was a temper in labour today which he considered highly injurious to the country as a whole.

Continuing Pandit Nehru said that "temper" of labour today did not look far ahead and did not appear to be even interested in increasing its working efficiency and production and thought that this was the best time to gain advantage. He was not concerned with the merits of the question for the moment but the temper of labour.

There were strikes. Strikes were often a justifiable weapon so long as the social order was not changed. Strikes would continue to be there so long as an alternative was not there. They could not isolate business either from labour or from industry and view it was something apart from the conditions prevailing in the country.

It was patent that any major industrial upheaval in this country would do a lot of injury not only to the party but to the particular groups and especially the working classes.

He did not know what the distant future would bring about changes in this country by a sudden and complete upset or by some other process. Each person, Pandit Nehru said, must be clear about it in his own mind.

"NO CLEAN SLATE"

Some people thought that a sudden and complete upset might have some advantage because that would enable them to begin on a clean slate. But he thought there was no "clean slate" ever in life. Even after a complete upset they would not have a clean slate but a very smudgy slate.

The course of a "sudden and complete upset" had to be discarded because it was inconsistant with any intelligent approach, the Prime Minister said. "The other course left open to us is that of a certain continuity along with as rapid an improvement and change as possible, keeping that continuity going. Opinions may differ as to what is to be done and how.

But once the fundamental factor of continuity and change on the basis of continuity is accepted the difference of opinion is not vital".

NATIONALISATION

On the question of Nationalisation and the apprehensions of capital, Pt. Nehru said he had no sympathy for people who were nervous and afraid. Having been accustomed to take risks all his life he liked a man who took risks. In the world today, no nervous and timid individual was likely to win anywhere. It was the man or the woman with some spirit of enterprise who would succeed.

NO GUARANTEES IN CHANGING CONDITIONS

The Prime Minister said that he would like the people on the top to consider the changing social order all over the world when even "the high priest of the existing order', the president of the United States had used en in a language which no other president of the United States had use. No Government could guarantee the future in a changing dynamic world. It could lay down certain policies to which it could adhere with all its strength, but when they talked about guarantees it showed that they did not appreciate the changing conditions in the world today and in India which was undergoing rapid transformation.

INCREASE OF PRODUCTION

Referring to the question of nationalisation Pandit Nehru said that ultimately nationalisation was not going to be governed by any policy laid down by this Government so much as by external factors. It also depended on their financial capacity and technical personnel. It was the declared policy of the Government to direct their energy to certain basic industries and increasing their productivity. Government's resources were meant to increase production and not just apply them to a transfer of ownership.

As far as he could see, Pandit Nehru said, any kind of full nationalisation could not take place effectively for a period of a number of years except in respect of certain industries which Government had mentioned. This was a big enough job. However, a certain measure of Government control and co-ordination was inevitable, whether it was private or nationalised industry.

In the present context, the Prime Minister said, it did no good to any group to think too much in terms of its present interest. The fact remained that unless they tried to pull together to get over this psychological obstacle they would not get moving.

CLASH OF IDEOLOGIES

Pandit Nehru did not want Capital or Labour to give up their own particular ideology. He was against extinguishing any ideology. Out of the conflict of ideologies something new emerged. He was only asking them, Capital and Labour, to think in larger terms of India with the background of the world as a whole and secondly to realise that in the present context any kind of action based on narrower consideration was certain to do injury, not only to the larger cause but to that particular cause which one represented.

The only group that might reasonably object to his arguments was the one which wanted to break up the present structure completely and start afresh. But if they did not belong to that group and believed in continuity, then it was inevitable that they must avoid at almost all cost, industrial strife and evolve and effective method for settling industrial disputes.

SMALL GAINS BY STRIKES

In any event, Pandit Nehru said, the conceivable gains from strikes were small. The harm done by strikes was so great that any sensible gain was completely outbalanced. He appealed to both Capital and Labour not to remain passive spectators of the changing scene but apply their minds to the problems. Government would welcome their advice.

T.R.V. Sastri's Plea For R.S.S. Detenus

MADRAS, Jan. 23 (API).—Mr. T. R. Venkatrama Sastri, in a statement on the decision of Mr. Golwalker to withdraw the R.S.S. Satyagraha unconditionally says: "Now that Mr. Golwalker has directed the unconditional withdrawal of the R.S.S. Satyagraha and Mr. Mahabir has conveyed the direction to his followers, I expect that the Satyagraha demonstrations will stop. As soon as they cease, the young men, now under detention, should be released."

I do not understand the Bombay Government's direction appearing in the papers today that the students under detention will be permitted to apply for the examinations from the jails and would be released on parole at the time of their examinations. Why their detention should continue after the Satyagraha is withdrawn, it is difficult to see.

Mr. Golwalker himself should be released so as to allow him to have consultations with his friends and advisers in the matter of framing and publishing a new constitution for his Sangha.

PREMIER TAKES OVER REVENUE PORTFOLIO

Venkata Rao's Resignation Sequel

MADRAS January 24 (API). Mr. Kala Venketa Rao's resignation of Revenue Ministership of Madras, consequent on his appointment as General Secretary of the Congress, has been accepted by the Governor from today, January 24, announced Mr. B. Gopal Reddy, Leader of the House, in the Madras Assembly this afternoon. Mr. Reddy said that the Revenue Portfolio, held by Mr. Venkata Rao', would be taken over by the Premier for the present.

Mr. Reddy also read out in the Assembly a letter written by the Premier Mr. O. P. Ramaswamy Reddiar to Mr. Kala Venkata Rao appreciating the services rendered by the latter as Revenue Minister of the Province during the last 22 months.

Narasimhawadi Temple Open To Harijans

KOLHAPUR, Jan. 23 (API).—The well-known Dattatraya temple of Narasimhawadi, 30 miles from Kolhapur, noted for its historic importance throughout Maharashtra, was thrown open to Harijans today.

About 200 Harijans led by Mr. Dadasaheb Shirke, President of the Scheduled Castes Federation of Kolhapur entered the temple this morning. Special prayers were offered by priests to mark the occasion.

Capt. V. Nanjappa, Administrator of Kolhapur was present on the occasion.

Unseemly Behaviour At Religious Ceremony

NEW YORK, Jan. 24 (Reuter).—Blows, boos and bottle-throwing ended the annual religious ceremony of "diving for the cross" in the Hudson River here.

The ceremony, commemorating Christ's baptism, was held by the Greek Orthodox Church yesterday. It is a contest between divers to rescue a ribbon—bedecked Cross thrown into the river by the Archbishop.

Seventeen-year-old Eleftherioe Lambros retrieved the Cross, but Constantino Kottakos, 40, eight times winner in the contest snatched it from him and posed for photographs, according to spectators. The crowd became indignant, and fighting broke out.

Order was finally restored and Lambros proclaimed the winner. He received a special blessing from Archbishop Arseniossaltas.

Wilson Telescope For S. Africa

PASADENA (California), Jan. 23 (UPA).—The Mount Wilson Observatory 10-inch refractor telescope will be shipped to South Africa to complete a 30-year research for certain types of stars in the Milky Way, the California Institute of Technology announced today.

All of the Milky Way that can be photographed from Mount Wilson was already surveyed and the telescope is being sent to Africa to view the remaining one-fourth.

U. K. HIGH COMMISSIONER ENTERTAINED

Sir Archibald Nye with Mrs. and Mr. G. V. Kitson.

Lord Newall chatting to Mrs. Kitson, wife of the Deputy High Commissioner.

A RECEPTION WAS HELD AT THE RESIDENCE OF MR. G. V. KITSON, DEPUTY HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR THE UNITED KINGDOM, IN HONOUR OF SIR ARCHIBALD NYE, HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR THE UNITED KINGDOM AND LORD NEWALL, AIR MARSHALL OF THE ROYAL AIR FORCE, AND EX-GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF NEW ZEALAND. LORD NEWALL SAILS ON THE 24TH JANUARY ON THE "S.S. LORD GLANELLY". LORD NEWALL AND SIR ARCHIBALD NYE ARE THE GUESTS OF MR. AND MRS. G. V. KITSON.

Premier Kher, Sir Duggan and Lady Cowasji Jehangir.

RADIO AID FOR "FLYING SQUADS"

Fresh Recruits To London Police

LONDON, Jan. 24 (Reuter).—Scotland Yard, London's Police Headquarters, is fitting all its motor-cycles and cars with two-way radios to help its famous "Flying Squads" in their campaign against modern criminals.

With nearly 1,000 motor-cars and cycles now in operation, the London police increased their mechanisation by 30 per cent in 1948 and plans call for further acceleration in communications to keep pace with post-war methods.

To match this, police chiefs seek to raise the present manpower from about 15,500 to a minimum required force of some 20,000 which was the establishment before the war.

Scotland Yard are now making more use of their radio-equipped "Flying Squad" cars and since the war, a younger and energetic style of man has been recruited.

London police, with 4,000 post-war recruits, now have an average age lower than ever before in its history. But Scotland Yard's chiefs maintain that with more men available for ordinary patrol duties in residential and commercial districts, they could prevent a large number of crimes which have to be followed up.

REBELS SEIZE ARMY HQS. AT HAIJU

SEOUL (Korea) Jan 24 (Reuter) Anti-Communist rebels have seized and occupied the headquarters of the north Korean pleople's army at Haiju close to the 38th parallel dividing north Korea from the American occupied South Korean Republic, South Korean Prime Minister, Lee Buk, said today.

18 arsenals had been destroyed and it was reported that shooting could be heard on the South Korean side of the 38th parallel, he said.

Seoul observers here said the expected arrival of the United Nations Commission in Seoul this weekend was significant, as the Commission's main objective is to help unify Korea under President Syngman Rhee's South Korean Government.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 22 (API).—The West Bengal Governor Dr. K. N. Katju, paid a one-day visit yesterday to a number of villages in Hooghly District. Addressing the villagers, the Governor stressed that India lived in villages. The city was no picture of India or of Bengal.

NO STATE MONOPOLY OF INDUSTRIES

Private Enterprise Free & Welcome

DR. MOOKERJEE CLARIFIES GOVERNMENT'S POLICY STATEMENT

NEW DELHI, Jan. 24, (A.P.I.):- Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookerjee, Minister for Industries and Supplies, addressing the first meeting of the Central Advisory Council on industries today, referred the question of the nationalisation of industries said:

"The policy of the Government is specific that existing undertaking will not only remain with private enterprise for at least 10 years, but that they will be assisted to increase their efficiency and expand their production. The question of their acquisition by the state will be a matter of review at the end of their period of 10 years in the light of circumstances then prevailing. Even as regards future undertakings in this field it will be open to state to unite the co-operation of private enterprise, wherever it is found that by so doing industrial development will be accelerated.

Dr. Mookerjee said that Government policy as regards the rest of the industrial field which was a very wide one was equally clear. "No monopoly by the state is intended and private enterprise is free and welcome to play its due role in this sphere. The state may of course, find it necessary to undertake the establishment of new industries which are important from the national stand-point nor where private enterprise is slow to come into the field. State enterprise of this charter should not create any prejudice or hostility in the minds of anyone interested in the progressive development of the country.' In this connection he referred to U.S.A. which country was wedded to private enterprise and said the necessity for state intervention in industry under certain circumstances was recognised.

As regards the role of foreign capital in India, Dr. Mookerjee said that the Prime Minister proposed to make a statement on this matter before the Parliament during its ensuing session. He added that the subject was discussed at the last industries conference, and had already been dealt with the Government statement of policy.

Earlier, Dr. Mookherjee said that the intervention of the Government in constituting the Central Advisory Council for industries was to enable the Government to secure the advice and assistance of representatives of the major industries of the country who could speak with knowledge and authority of the industries they represented. The decisions and recommendations of such a body, he added, would naturally carry great weight not only with Government but with industry and labour as well. He, however, hoped that in the near future similar advisory councils would be set up in the provinces also.

Dr. Mookherjee said that special Committees under Director-General, Industry and Supply, had been provisionally constituted to deal with important industries so that problems peculiar to them, both in respect of their immediate and future needs, could be surveyed and co-ordinated from time to time. The reports of these Committees would be considered in the present session, specially to examine how to step up production.

DROP IN PRODUCTION

After referring to the condition which led Government to convene the Industries Conference in December 1947, namely continued tendency of production to fall and the unsatisfactory relationship between Capital and Labour, the Minister for Industries and Supply said: "Despite a deterioration in the economic field which has to some extent been arrested only during the last quarter, the year 1948 may be said to have closed with some recovery in industrial production" While industrial production, he added, had gone down in 1947 to about five per cent below the pre-war level, in 1948 India's industrial production was about fifteen per cent above the pre-war level, though it was still lower than the peak reached in 1943-44.

WARNING TO INDUSTRIALISTS

Though the increases had been significant in many of the smaller industries of the country, Dr. Mookherjee warned industrialists against complacency at what had been achieved in 1948 and advised them to proceed with greater vigour and caution in order to reach the target and secure a lasting betterment of economic conditions in the country.

POSITION OF RAW MATERIAL

Referring to the position of raw material in 1948 the Minister said that a perceptible improvement had taken place in this direction, particularly of imported raw materials. "The open general licence now covers a wider field than heretofore. Government's action in this respect has raised objections in certain quarters. It is the intention of the Government, however, after some experience to re-examine the matter keeping in view the legitimate interests of Indian producers.

The question of securing the raw materials of industry from overseas countries is constantly receiving the attention of Government. In respect of two of these, jute and cotton, we have cause for anxiety, specially arising out of the possible attitude that may be adopted by Pakistan". He hoped that the growing realisation of the economic inter-dependence of India and Pakistan would enable the fulfilment of the Inter-Dominion agreement in respect of these two commodities.

NEW INDUSTRIES

Dr. Mookherjee told the Council that Government had taken preliminary steps for setting up or investigating into the possibility of the establishment of a number of important industries. The scheme included the establishment of new steel works for increasing the indigenous steel production by one million tons, the desirability of constructing one or more ship-building yards, the manufacture of synthetic coil from coal, of heavy electrical equipment, of dry core paper-insulated telephone cables, of diesel engines, of tractors, of penicillin, paludrine and sulphar drugs and of explosives. How far private enterprise might desire to be associated with some of these undertakings was a matter on which the Minister welcomed the advice of the council.

RECLAMATION OF WASTE LANDS

For increasing agricultural production, Dr. Mookherjee said that the Ministry of Agriculture had a number of schemes, the most important of which was the reclamation of cultivable waste land through mechanised cultivation. An area of over 150,000 acres had already been brought under cultivation.

The Ministry of Works, Mines and Power had under construction or investigation of a number of large river valley development schemes which were multipurpose projects of great magnitude involving extensive generation of hydro-electric power and irrigation on a vast scale.

The Minister thought that these schemes and others which, were to be sponsored by private enterprise would, when executed contribute in a large measure towards the raising of the standard of living of the people.

INDUSTRIAL POLICY STATEMENT

Referring to the statement of the Industrial Policy which Government announced in April last, Dr. Mookherjee said that Government were considering the lines on which legislation should be undertaken to implement this policy. "While I recognise meticulous interference by Government may well hamper industrial progress and must be avoided, it will, I feel, be agreed that in order to implement a progressive national policy, Government must take the power to regulate and develop these industries which are of all-India importance and are covered by statement of policy".

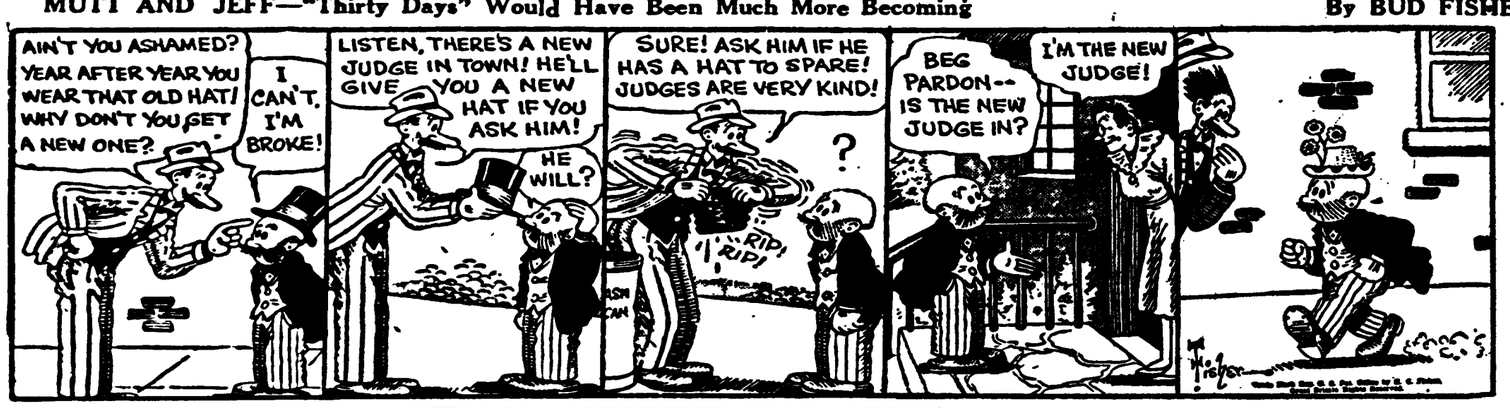
The recent decision taken by the Government of India especially in the Ministries of Finance and Labour, are calculated to create a new confidence in the minds of all concerned, so that by co-operative effort we may dispel the existing atmosphere of hesitancy and distrust.

Kher Opens Maharashtra Printers' Exhibition

POONA, Jan. 23 (UPI).—"The power of the printed word is tremendous and the people who wield that power have a correspondingly high responsibility thrust on them", observed Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, uttering a word of caution to the press while inaugurating the Maharashtra Printers' Exhibition at Gokhale Hall, Poona, this morning.

Mr. Kher said: "There is no doubt that most human achievements have been possible mainly as a consequence of the printed book. Not merely the growth of civilisation but its maintenance even today depends mainly on the printed word."

MUTT AND JEFF—"Thirty Days" Would Have Been Much More Becoming — By BUD FISHER


AIN'T YOU ASHAMED? YEAR AFTER YEAR YOU WEAR THAT OLD HAT! WHY DON'T YOU GET A NEW ONE?
I CAN'T, I'M BROKE!
LISTEN, THERE'S A NEW JUDGE IN TOWN! HE'LL GIVE YOU A NEW HAT IF YOU ASK HIM!
HE WILL?
SURE! ASK HIM IF HE HAS A HAT TO SPARE! JUDGES ARE VERY KIND!
?
RIP!
RIP!
BEG PARDON-- IS THE NEW JUDGE IN?
I'M THE NEW JUDGE!

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